NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXIV. No. 23814. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS

Nazis Continue Attacks on Crete Despite Huge Losses

London, May 23.

BOTH parachutists and air-borne troops are continuing to land in Crete, according to latest reports reaching London. Up to dusk on Thursday no sea-borne landing had been made, it is learned. The Germans, however, still control the Maleme aerodrome. There is no doubt that enemy casualties are severe.

There is no lull in the heavy fighting. The German attack has been directed against the island's most populated area between Heraklion and Canea, the capital.

The main body of air-borne troops have been landed at Maleme where, as Mr. Winston Churchill stated yesterday, they captured the aerodrome. Maleme is about 10 miles southwest of Canea.

Fighting has been taking place under conditions as far removed from those of traditional warfare as can be imagined. Military circles point out that in the early stage of the atack lines of communication and supply were practically non-existent. Staff headquarters were in the front lines and artillery units have been taking as much part in the fighting as infantry.

The battle scene has been grim and stained, with the air full of planes and parachutists. As fast as the planes land they take off again for another trip. The support of the islanders is playing an important part in the battle, their local knowledge making them invaluable as guides.

Hostilities are of the dog fighting type. Whenever the Germans have dropped from the air they have obtained a foodthold for the time being, but the only foothold of any importance which they have been able to maintain is at Maleme aerodrome.

Authoritative opinion is that it is quite possible for the British troops to hold out in Crete, moreover, where British troops have been able to dig themselves in, are considered entirely different from those in earlier campaigns in other European countries where dive-bombing was used with disastrous effect on retreating troops.

Observers at Cairo are not dissatisfied with the present situation. It is believed the Germans did not accomplish at the outset what they expected to do and this is considered to be borne out by the silence of German High Command communiques.

German tacts usually follow the method of giving a very strong punch at the outset and then following up with considerable pressure. The British and Greeks took up the first punch and are now dealing with successive blows.

The question is how long the Germans will continue steadily flinging men into the island. Already large numbers have been killed accidentally in crashing planes or by falling into trees.

The British commanders in Crete have decided to withdraw British fighter aircraft from Crete in view of the poorness and small number of aerodromes there. This was revealed by an official of the British Air Ministry during an interview yesterday.

He said to do otherwise would have been a waste of the air forces involved. It was impossible to develop a satisfactory fighter defence from the few comparatively ill-equipped aerodromes if these are subjected to

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 ✻)

R.A.F. Activity In Mediterranean

Cairo, May 23.

Heavy and successful attacks were made by the Royal Air Force on German-occupied aerodromes in Greece during the night of Tuesday-Wednesday, says a communique issued by the R.A.F. headquarters in the Middle East last night.

"At Eleusis, bombs were seen to burst among aircraft on the ground and a fire was started. At Menidi, results were not observed. At Malaoi, several large explosions were observed. At Tepelia, two fires were started.

"In Libya, R.A.F. fighter aircraft and the South African Air Force successfully attacked motor-transport convoys in the Capuzzo area. Many lorries were destroyed and others damaged. Other aircraft bombed a camp and gun positions in the same area. During the previous night, targets near Barce were bombed."

The communique also states that in Abyssinia, aircraft of the Free French flight yesterday bombed and machine-gunned enemy troops on a road near Chelga.—Reuter.

Australia Helping to Utmost in War

Bombay, May 23.

In the building up of big forces from all parts of the Empire in the Eastern group, and proceeding in their provision and supply, the Eastern Group Supply Council is playing a big art, said Sir Bertram Stevens, Australian representative on the Council, addressing the Simla Branch of the Rotary Club.

He said: "We are determined that our men will have adequate equipment, and every country that can supply, or expand capacity, is being called on to do its utmost. I am able to reveal that in Australia the Government is in close and continuous conference with manufacturers on the supply question concerning the Eastern group, and the Commonwealth government will not hesitate to restrict civil consumption, even drastically.

"Our aim is to produce equipment, ship equipment and get it into the hands of our men without delay or bother. Whatever we are called on to do, we will do it.

"We know we are fighting in the Middle East for our lives and liberties, and the maintenance of our Middle East positions is an integral part of Australia's defence. Our effort will be as great as and as fierce, to prevent the enemy reaching India's frontiers, as if we were fighting for our own soil".—Reuter.

Germany Loses Most Famous U-Boat Ace

Berlin, May 23.

The German U-boat fleet suffered its heaviest blow in the war thus far in the loss of Commander Gunther Prien Germany's "Hero of Scapa Flow," which was announced in today's High Command communique.

His loss follows close on the heels of the loss of two other of Germany's leading U-boat commander, Kretschmer and Schpke. The High Command admitted their loss a few weeks ago. The High Command announced that the submarine commanded by Commander Prien had failed to return from its last operation against British shipping and therefore must be considered as lost.—United Press.

Discontent Spreads In Syria

Haifa, May 23.

Revulsion against both the Syrian administration and Vichy are being shown on the part of large sections of the forces in Syria and the civilian population, according to travellers reaching here.

Neither the High Commissioner, General Dentz, nor General Fougère, who is the general officer commanding the troops in Syria, are held in high esteem by the army, a large part of which is said to be openly pro-De Gaulle.—Reuter.

Advance in Abyssinia Continuing

London, May 23.

In Abyssinia, Gelute, 25 miles northwest of Sciasciamanna, has been captured by the British after heavy fighting and an enemy counter-attack with tanks was repulsed. The British took over 800 prisoners.

Farther west the British have established a bridgehead over the river Billate which has considerable importance for the advance. Farther south the British entered Uarage, 30 miles south of Dalle, and Hula, 22 miles southeast of Dalle.

In the Tobruk area in Libya the Germans are digging in intensively and straightening their defences on the western perimeter. Reports from Sollum state that the British destroyed a small enemy post on Tuesday night while on Wednesday morning they engaged an enemy column and destroyed some tanks.

In Somaliland the Garadfui lighthouse has been captured intact. South of Dalle the enemy forces are estimated at 5,000.—Reuter.

Nazis Harassed

Cairo, May 23.

German troops around Fort Capusso are being continually harassed by British light fast-moving forces which dart across the frontier, destroying transports and encampments.

Italians Trapped

Two enemy divisions are trapped between British Empire forces in Abyssinia, and several thousand enemy prisoners have been taken, according to a communique issued here last night.

"In the Gondar area, units of the Sudan Defence Force are closely engaged with the enemy in the vicinity of Chelga. So far, more than 300 Italian prisoners have been captured in the battle of the lakes. Operations are proceeding satisfactorily against two enemy divisions which have now been trapped between our force advancing from the north and from the south.

Main Positions Attacked

"West of Sciasciamanna, our troops successfully attacked the main enemy positions. An Italian counter-attack with tanks was repulsed and considerable damage was inflicted by our artillery on the retreating enemy. In this action, the enemy left over 100 dead on the field of battle and our captures include 600 prisoners, ten guns and five medium tanks. Our casualties were slight.

"Farther to the south, our advance guards overwhelmed a complete rearguard, consisting of a brigade headquarters and three colonial battalions. Captures in this area so far amount to over 4,400 prisoners, a large proportion of whom are Italians, together with 32 guns and 14 tanks.

"Libya: Nothing to report at Tobruk. In the Sollum area during the night of May 20/21, advanced elements of our mechanized troops destroyed an enemy post on a hill, knocking out three German tanks. Our patrols in this area are continuing their victorious aggressive activities.—Reuter.

America May Sweep Atlantic for Britain

Washington, May 23.

Mr. Melvin Maas, member of the House Naval Affairs Committee, last night asserted that the Navy's request for additional vice-admirals presages extensive use of "task forces" to sweep the Atlantic for British shipping.

The Minnesota Republican said that "convoys have proved a failure in this war. Effective protection of arms shipments to Britain require major naval action, such as the use of task forces.

"It is probable that this programme will require a transfer of naval strength from the Pacific to the Atlantic. It is highly likely that the protection of American merchant shipping to the Red Sea will require naval sea and air strength."

He stressed that this was his personal analysis of the situation and was not based on any official information.—United Press.

Menzies Confident of Battle of Atlantic

Wellington, May 23.

Mr. R. G. Menzies, Australian Prime Minister, who arrived here on his return journey from Britain and the United States, spoke optimistically of the battle of the Atlantic, though he did not under-estimate its difficulties.

American patrols, he said, were of first-rate importance.

Mr. Menzies expressed the belief that improved air-raid precautions would reduce night air-raids to a point when they would become unprofitable. He warmly praised the fortitude of the British people.

Speaking of Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, Mr. Menzies remarked that he was not tired in any way and was even more vigorous than before the war.—Reuter

British Forces Believed Only 20 Miles From Baghdad

Cairo, May 23.

IN Iraq, operations in the neighbourhood of Fallujah, 40 miles west of Baghdad, are progressing. According to unofficial reports British troops are within 20 miles of the Iraq capital—Reuter.

London, May 23.

Iraqi rebels outside Faillujah on Wednesday night attacked the town with infantry and light tanks, according to information reaching London. They drove back the British outposts and penetrated the town. After heavy bombing attacks by British planes and counter-attacks by British troops the enemy were forced back and the British reoccupied their positions, besides capturing some tanks. British aircraft are bombing the retreating enemy.

Floods between the Euphrates and Tigris are hampering movements, since attacks have been made by German aircraft on the Habbaniyah aerodrome and slight damage caused. In the Basrah area the situation is quiet and a number of British civilians have returned to duty.—Reuter.

Nazis in Mosul

London, May 23.

The Germans have quietly installed themselves in the Mosul oil field after flights across Syria, it was learned here yesterday.

Presence of the Nazis was revealed in an R.A.F. communique on Saturday announcing that the R.A.F. had bombed German aircraft on the Mosul aerodrome.

Subsequent communiques mentioned further bombing and on Monday the "London Times" stated that the Germans "have beaten us in the race to Mosul."

An unknown number of squadrons of Heinkel bombers and Messerschmitt-110 fighters, in addition to a very small number of air-borne troops and technicians, was believed installed at Mosul.

The British column driving from the Mediterranean covered 600 miles in five days to reach Fallujah and captured intact the bridge across the Euphrates, opening the route to Baghdad and Mosul.

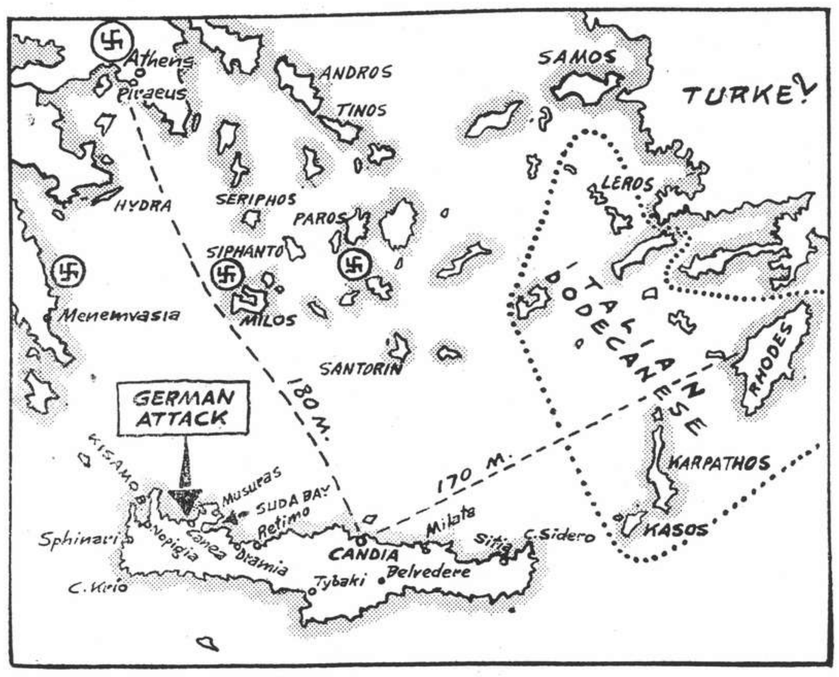
Nothing was known regarding the strength of this column but it obviously was stronger than the German air-borne forces at Mosul and as a result the latter eventually will be faced with annihilation unless reinforcements can be rushed across Syria.

The Germans, however, appeared to be in a position to destroy some of the oil fields even if they were unable to hold them.—United Press

Nazis Advising French

London, May 23.

German staff officers are in Syria advising and assisting the French military authorities, according to the Ankara radio.—Reuter



Nazis Suffer Heavy Losses in Crete

While Hitler is rushing reinforcements to Crete in a desperate effort to capture the island, Allied defenders are taking heavy toll of the air-borne and parachute troops already there. Heraklion (Candia) and Canea, the capital, are reported to be the chief battle areas, although Nazi units are endeavouring to establish footholds on other parts of Crete.

Vicious Attack on Local Newspaperman by Fascists

RESENTMENT among Italian Fascist circles here over recent press editorials which they characterized as derogatory to the King of Italy flared into open violence yesterday afternoon when four Italians, including a Fascist leader, lured Mr. George Leonoff, City Editor of the "China Press" to a vacant plot of land near the Italian Centre where they assaulted him after accusing him of writing the articles. That the assailants were bent on taking the law into their own hands was evidenced by the fact that they refused to accept the explanation of their victim that he was not responsible for the appearance of the articles and did not write them.

At 3.30 p.m. Mr. Leonoff received a call from the secretary of the Fascist party, who wanted to talk to him about the "Daily News", an Italian paper. The receiver of the message enquired where they could meet. The caller suggested the New Royal Hotel. The rendezvous being an inconvenient place for Mr. Leonoff as it was rather far from town, Mr. Leonoff suggested that they should meet somewhere downtown. They finally agreed to meet at 5 p.m. at the Palace Hotel Bar.

At the time and place appointed Mr. Leonoff met the caller, who remarked that he was terribly sorry, but that he had made a previous engagement and could not discuss things with the newsman then. It was suggested that they should meet again at 6-30 p.m. at the New Royal

1 to which Mr. Leonoff agreed to go. When he kept the appointment he accompanied the Italian, at the latter's request to a vacant plot of land across the street within sight of the Italian Centre where he agreed to go with his companion.

A Bottle of Castor Oil

After they had proceeded a little distance three other Italians appeared on the scene. The first Italian according to Mr. Leonoff, then expressed regret at having to treat him in that way, and suggested that he would have to be punished for insulting the King of Italy in a newspaper editorial. The scribe replied that he did not know what the Italian was talking about when the Italian told him about a recent editorial in the press. Mr. Leonoff explained that as city editor, he was in no way concerned with the writing of editorials.

"Someone told me you did it" was the prompt rejoinder. According to Mr. Leonoff the Italian repeated that he should be punished for his indiscretion and he replied that this should be an easy matter since he was outnumbered by four to one.

In a statement which Mr. Leonoff subsequently made to the Police, another member of the quartette then took out from his pocket a bottle of castor oil and suggested that he should gulp it all down which he refused following which the Italian attempted to exert force to make him swallow the contents of the bottle with the result that it was spilled over his clothes and hair. Mr. Leonoff went on to state that the Italians without further explanation proceeded to pummel him, one of them even picking up a brick to knock him on the head, but was restrained by one of his companions.

Mr. Leonoff told the "North China Daily News" last night that his assailants attacked him with clenched fists and said that when it was all over that he remarked to them that they were very brave. Leaving the scene of the assault he went to the Bubbling Well Police station where he made a report of the entire incident.

British Intercept Big French Tanker Near New Orleans

London, May 23.

British Atlantic patrols have intercepted the French tanker Scheherezade, it was officially announced today.

The British authorities had granted the tanker a navicert some time ago, it was stated here.

The interception was seen in London as British reaction against Vichy for collaborating with Germany.

The French tanker is 549 feet in length and has a great carrying capacity. It sailed from New Orleans on May 12 after loading 10,000 tons of gasoline, 6,000 tons of kerosene and 3,000 tons of oil. The tanker is one of the biggest vessels of its type in the world.—United Press.

Statement Issued

London, May 23.

It was because of the imminence of a definite break in relations between Britain and Vichy and irrefutable proof that supplies are now reaching Germany through unoccupied France and French possessions that the British Government seized the large French oil tanker Scheherazade, it was stated by the Ministry of Economic Warfare today.

It pointed out that Britain by intercepting the liner has not only acquired 15,000 tons of oil but will have at her disposal one of the finest and fastest oil tankers in the world.—Reuter.

Hankow Club Invaded By Six Japanese

Hankow, May 23.

Japanese military authorities are at present searching Hankow for six Japanese civilians who entered the Hankow Club on Wednesday evening. Posing as detectives of the gendarmerie, they held up servants of the club at pistol point and took away a mysterious package from behind the bar.

Questioned at a press conference regarding the illegal entry into British property, a Japanese militatry spokesman stated that all departments of the Japanese services had no knowledge of the identity of the perpetrators, and that at present strenuous efforts were being made to effect their arrest.—Reuter.

Labour Govt. Demanded

Melbourne, May 23.

A direct demand for formation of a Labour Government was made by the Labour leader, Mr. John Curtin, in a final address today to electors in the important bye-election at Boothby.—Reuter.

Loyal Message Sent By Local Societies

The following cable has been despatched to H. M. the King at Buckingham Palace on the occasion of Empire Day at the instance of the Royal Society of St. George, St. Andrew's Society, St. Patrick's Society, St. David's Society, the Canadian Club and the Australian and New Zealand Society:—

His Majesty the King, Buckingham Palace, London.

British and Dominion national societies in Shanghai assure Your Majesty of their loyalty and confidence in victory."

U.S. Ships to Sail Seven Seas States Pres. Roosevelt

Washington, May 23.

President Roosevelt yesterday predicted that "more and faster ships will be built" in the United States, and "they will carry through the open waters of the seven seas implements of war which will help to destroy the menace to free peoples everywhere."

In a letter to Rear-Admiral Emory S. Land, Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission, the President said: "I am glad of the opportunity to send a maritime message to the American people.

Shipping Vital

"Today, as never before in our history, our merchant marine is vital for our national welfare. I do not mean vital merely in the conventional sense that it makes an important contribution, but in a stronger sense that it is a crucially decisive factor in our struggle for existence as a free people.

"If we are going to keep away from our shores the forces that have convulsed the Old World and now menace the New, the job will be done in a large measure by the ships and sailors of the merchant marine and by the working men who build ships and supply them. If they fail, the whole effort fails.

Effort Will Not Fail

"All earnest, hard-working Americans, who spend the best part of their lives providing for the security and happiness of those they love, know that that precious security and happiness depend exactly on the success of that effort.

"I know that the effort will not fail; that more and faster ships will be built and manned by trained American seamen, and that they will carry through the open waters of the seven seas implements of war which will help to destroy the menace to free peoples everywhere."

The letter was read at ceremonies at Washington Navy Yard in connection with the observance of Maritime Day—the 122nd anniversary of the departure of the S.S. Savannah for the first successful trans-Atlantic voyage by steam.—Reuter.

£100,000,000 for Weapons

London, May 23.

Contributions during London's war weapons week reached the figure of £100,000,000 this afternoon.—Reuter.

N.E.I to Conscript Natives

Batavia, May 23.

As a result of the recent, steadily increased and repeatedly expressed, desire of the Netherlands East Indies community to be allowed actually to take part in the defence of the Nether lands East Indies, another measure of historical importance was introduced to the People's Council today; namely measures regarding compulsory military service for the native population.

Originally the government expressed the opinion that the Netherlands East Indies needs of military personnel could be sufficiently met with by voluntary enlistment, but international and political circumstances and requirements of modern warfare led to the conviction that a considerable extension in defence was necessary.

Although the new measure is limited in nature and the formation of an army of millions of men is not intended, it will result in a much stronger coast protection and an extensive guarding of the rear areas.

The new militia will be equipped in accordance with the requirements of modern war.—Reuter.

Germans Believe Hitler's Defeat is Only a Matter of Time; U.S. Feared

New York, May 23.

The average German working man believes that Hitler's defeat is only a matter of time. His moral is cracking under R.A.F. bombings and he fears that the United States will spell his doom—this picture of Germany today was drawn by Mr. Albert Kirschbaum, a German refugee who has arrived from Lisbon.

Mr. Kirschbaum left Hamburg on March 19, after seeing R.A.F. bombs wreck one huge shipyard and damage one of Germany's largest battleship. He reported that dock and shipyard workers were working 10 to 12 hours daily, and were paid overtime, but that the government made them return 40 per cent of their earnings for taxes or party dues.

Prices in Germany were up by 30 per cent. and there was a food shortage.

Most German people felt that the end was near and that it would come shortly after the United States entered the war, he concluded.—Reuter.

Eden Issues Strong Warning to Vichy

London, May 23.

AT question-time in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anthony Eden, gave the people of France a stern warning of the serious consequences likely to follow if the Vichy Government permits action detrimental to British conduct of the war.

Mr. Eden recalled the announcement of the agreement between Vichy and Germany, which was described in Vichy as opening a new phase in Franco-German collaboration whereby, no doubt, the action of the Vichy Government in allowing Syrian aerodromes to be used by German aircraft is an example.

"President Roosevelt has stated clearly his view of this new sinister development in the Vichy policy, and the United States Government has already taken preventive action regarding French shipping in United States ports.

Uneasy Explanations

"In confused and uneasy explanations put out in Vichy it is suggested that the policy of collaboration with Germany is to be political and economic only, and it has been stated that the Vichy Government have no intention of attacking Great Britain, still less the United States.

"These explanations cannot conceal that the Vichy Government has embarked upon a course which must place the resources and territories of France and her Empire increasingly at the disposal of a Power which is the enemy not only of France's former ally but of France herself.

"The British Government is sure that the French people will regard this policy as incompatible with the honour of France. Nor will they believe that the future of France and her Empire will be better served by surrendering them to Hitler's so-called new order than by resolutely maintaining and defending their independence until their victorious allies shall complete their liberation.

Must Take Account

"The British Government must, however, take account of the acts of the Vichy Government. If the Vichy Government, in pursuance of their declared policy of collaboration with the enemy, take an action or permit an action detrimental to our conduct of war or designed to assist the enemy's war effort, we shall, naturally, hold ourselves free to attack the enemy wherever he may be found, and we shall no longer feel bound to draw any distinction between occupied and unoccupied territories in the execution of our military plans.—(Cheers).

"Last August, we assured General de Gaulle (leader of the Free French movement) of our determination, when victory is won, to secure full restoration of the independence and greatness of France. It rests with the French people to determine whether to play their part in assisting those who have continued to fight for the liberation of France, or whether France will henceforward serve in the ranks of Germany's satellites" (Cheers).

Mr. Geoffrey LeMesurier Mander, Opposition Liberal member for East

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4 ✻)

Stimson Asks Repeal Of Neutrality Act

Washington, May 23.

Colonel Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War, yesterday vigorously condemned the Neutrality Act and urged its immediate repeal. The Secretary of War asserted the act was a violation "of our most sacred and important tradition of foreign policy,—freedom of the seas." He emphasized that repeal should be carried out early in connection with the problem of delivering goods to Britain, and declared that "other offices of the Government (Congress) must decide" on any repeal of the act. He said, "I always prophesied it would bring us trouble. The system is abhorrent to our principles of not yielding to our fears."—United Press.

France Will Not Declare War on Britain—Darlan

London, May 23.

France will not declare war on Great Britain, Admiral François Darlan, Vichy Foreign Minister and Vice-Premier, declared today.

Germany could manage alone against any possible coalition against her, he added.

"The German Chancellor has not asked me to deliver the fleet," declared Admiral Darlan in a broadcast to the French people through all French stations. "Everyone knows and the British better than anyone else that I will hand it to nobody."

He said he went to see Herr Hitler with Marshal Philippe Petain's approval and on Herr Hitler's invitation. The conversations had been approved by Marshal Petain and the Vichy Government.

Did Not Ask Territory

"The Marshal, having done me the honour of choosing me to second him in his hard task, I have come to give you details that you are impatiently waiting," he added. "The German Chancellor did not ask for Colonial Territory, nor did he ask me to declare war on Britain. Why should he ask this? Germany who started the war by herself considers herself capable of finishing it alone against any possible coalition.

"During the conversations there was never any question of abandoning French Sovereignty. France decides her present and future. She will have in the European organization the position she has prepared. France has suffered the greatest defeat in her history. Three-fifths of her home territory has been occupied and there are a million and a half prisoners."

When Admiral Darlan arrived at Vichy last night he said that the first batch of refugees who fled from the Paris region last year are to be allowed to return home next week, according to the Free French agency.

Reports from the French frontier tell of Admiral Darlan's unpopularity and of violent demonstrations in Brittany.

Admiral Darlan's broadcast follows Mr. Anthony Eden's stern warning yesterday that the British Government's policy and military action must depend on the acts of the Vichy Government.—Reuter.

Quiet Night Passed In Britain

London, May 23.

There were no Nazi air raiders over Britain last night and London had its fourth quiet night running. An Air Ministry communique issued this morning stated there was nothing to report.

A British plane crashed in County Dublin yesterday afternoon, stated an announcement made in Dublin. The three members of the crew have been interned.

A few single aircraft flew over Britain yesterday. One of them dropped bombs on a Sussex village, damaging several cottages and causing a small number of casualties.

Bombs were dropped elsewhere, but did little damage, and no casualties were reported. One enemy fighter was shot down by British fighters during yesterday morning, said an Air Ministry communique.—Reuter.

Communists Start Operations Against Japan in Shansi

Chungking, May 23.

DECLARING that the Communists will never cooperate with Wang Ching-wei, Mr. Chow En-lai, prominent Communist leader who represents the Communist Party in Chungking, stated the Chinese Communist army had already started operations against the Japanese in South Shansi in order to cooperate with Central Government forces. He asserted this in a letter published in this morning's "Ta Kung Pao" replying to an appeal made by the Chinese paper on May 21 that Communist troops should move immediately in support of Central Government forces in the south Shansi battle.

Mr. Chow En-lai explained that since last year in accordance with an order of the High Command Communist forces had withdrawn to the Chang river line in order to avoid friction with Central Forces. At present there are no Communist troops in the Chungtiao mountains.

While admitting the importance of the Chungtiao mountains, the Communist leader pointed out that other mountain ranges were equally important—Kwantsengshan in the north dominates an area outside the Great Wall. Wutaishan in the north-east connects Hopei and Chahar. Taisungshan in the east connects the Hopei plains, Luiliangshan guards the area west of the Yellow river, while Taiyoshan controls the Fen river valley

Doubt Removed

Commenting on Mr. Chow En-lai's letter the "Ta Kung Pao" expressed gratification over the Communists' determination to uphold national unity and resist the Japanese, adding, "What has been worrying the Chinese public is the fact that there has been friction between the Communists and the Government and, with the conclusion of the Soviet-Japanese neutrality pact, it has been asked whether future Communist policy will be affected by the pact.

"The active cooperation of the Communist troops with the Central forces will remove this doubt."

The Communists Party organ, the "Sin Hua Jih Pao," this morning featured a report that Communist units had started operations on May 12 against the Japanese in Shansi and Hopei, attacking communication lines in order to support the Central forces in the Chungtiao mountains.

The Communist units were said to be particularly active along the highway between Sinhsien and Chinyang.

Meanwhile Chinese despatches reported that the Japanese occupying the crossings on the north bank of the Yellow river in south Shansi were daily shelling the Chinese positions on the south bank of the Yellow river.—Reuter.

Hitler Taking Desperate Chances to Capture Crete

(By Reuter's Special Correspondent)

Cairo, May 23.

THE battle of Crete presents an amazing sight, like a fantasy of H. G. Wells, with the sky around Suda Bay full of strange aircraft, drunkenly swaying parachutes, and enemy 'planes filled with troops, crashlanding in the restricted area. The wreckage of crashed Nazi aeroplanes is quickly cleared away by German ground staffs making way for a continual flow of air traffic, while other troop-carriers remain on the ground, with their engines running, only long enough to disembark troops before taking off again for Greece to load up another cargo of troops.

Operations continue all night with the sky lit up by parachute flares tracer-shells and the Navy's searchlights picking up parachutists floating to earth, many of them dead by the time they touch the ground because they form excellent targets for the British ground forces.

Exciting man-hunts among ravines and woods are in progress all over eastern Crete between Nazi parachutists and Cretan bands led by "captains of the hills" chiefly armed with foot-long knives and pistols.

Hitler Staking All

In the confusion of one of the hardest fought battles of the war, it is impossible to estimate casualties to date, say military circles. Such things as lines of communication and supply, and rear or forward positions do not for the most part exist. Staff headquarters themselves are in the front line, and ancillary units participate equally with the infantry in actual fighting.

It has become a question of every man for himself, since parachutists started dropping like confetti from the clear skies, sometimes in the middle of the Imperial positions, and every man has been warned that he must be prepared suddenly to find a Nazi at his elbow, and deal promptly with him.

It is becoming evident that Hitler is staking his utmost resources and all the ingenuity of his much advertised theories of military invasion from the air in this attempt to capture Crete, which is now one of the Allies' most important military and naval bases in the Eastern Mediterranean.

Situation in Hand

The general opinion is that it will constitute a severe defeat, morally and materially, for Hitler if he fails in his objective. One part of the scheme, simultaneous invasion by sea with the use of small fast boats filled with troops, has for the moment been thwarted by the Royal Navy and although the full force of the Luftwaffe's dive-bombers, troop carriers and fighters is being employed, the R.A.F. and the defences have already shot down a number of dive-bombers.

In the meantime, Imperial troops, aided by Greeks and hillsmen, have succeeded in keeping the situation well in hand despite the suddenness and novelty of the attack. Enemy casualties have undoubtedly been high, as many Germans were killed even before they were able to get a smell of the battle.

The main body of the airborne troops landed at Maleme, which at the time possessed a serviceable aerodrome for troop carriers, and which was well suited for launching an attack against the naval base in Suda Bay, the approaches to which from the north and east are shielded by high hills.

Enemy aircraft were almost able to reach their objective in this area before being spotted by the majority of the ground defences because the knife-edge range of mountains forms an immediate background to Suda Bay. The Germans are operating a 24-hour ferry service between Greece and Crete, which the R.A.F. is doing its best to upset by bombing enemy air bases in Greece.

Outcome Vital

The outcome of the battle for Crete is of the greatest importance to both sides. As far as it is possible to judge from the news to hand, the battle is going in favour of the Imperial troops and the first of the German air-borne troops have been heavily punished, most of them being killed, and the rest captured.

The Germans are, however, reinforcing this first detachment strongly and rapidly from the air, which they can do owing to the proximity of the Greek mainland to Crete, which enables them to mass a powerful air force and troops against the defence. The Germans are supporting these flights of air-borne troops by others crossing the narrow sea in small boats of all kinds, bringing artillery and tanks.

These are likely to appear at night as they can make the crossing in the dark, but the Germans must first establish some force close to the beaches or harbours in order to cover their disembarkation. By the use of air power, they hope to drive our navy from the neighbourhood of Crete in order to effect the crossing in boats. They are not likely to succeed in this however.

It seems as if the enemy was making two main attacks in this preliminary stage of the battle, one near Candia and the other some 70 miles to the west round Suda Bay and Canea. In addition, many comparatively small parties are probably being dropped all over the country with the object of creating alarm and confusion, and attacking communications.

Not Numerous

These are not very numerous in Crete, however, and that fact is likely to react more in favour of the defenders than that of the Germans, for it can be readily understood that small hostile bodies isolated in lonely hills and not able to get together will be more of a nuisance than a serious menace.

Nevertheless, the air attack, the first to be attempted on this grand scale, presents great difficulties for the defence, because it obliges it to disperse its troops over a wide area, which may leave a vital spot insufficiently guarded, where fresh hostile troops may suddenly appear by sea and air.

This kind of battle demands a great deal of thought, preparation and co-operation, with all its own scattered forces as well as with the sister services on the sea and in the air. It demands a still greater quality, the power of inspiring great energy and resolution in all the subordinate leaders, who will have to act promptly and independently.

Fortunately in General Freyburg, the Imperial forces possess a leader of this type, and the troops under him, also, both Greek and British, have given proof on other fields of these qualities. As a military study, this Cretan battle will be followed with tremendous interest.—Reuter.

Splendid Work of B'nai B'rith Hospital

The B'nai B'rith Polyclinic and Hospital, founded by the Shanghai Lodge in 1933, has been rendering medical assistance and, where needed, helpful advice, to Shanghai's local poor without any discrimination whatsoever, for eight years. The hospital itself possesses a very unostentatious entrance on Rue Bourgeat but inside there is silent, intense activity as doctors and nurses seek to alleviate pain and restore good health to the sick and the weak. The dental room, the surgical room where minor operations are performed, and the pharmaceutical and electro-therapy departments are equal to those of any first-class hospital, although on a smaller scale. One speciality and a boon to those, whose religion will not permit them to partake of any ordinary food, is the Kosher diet which is prepared by a Jewish cook.

Dr. I. M. Steinemann, who is the medical superintendent, has devoted his time and knowledge to the hospital for the last seven years and his continued enthusiasm and co-operation has contributed in no small way, to the steady progress and smooth running of this institution. There is a staff of qualified specialists including Dr. A. Korosi, eye, nose and throat; Dr. A. M. Peisahoff, skin; Dr. A. Mandel, nervous and mental; Dr. A. Axelrad, skin and venereal; Dr. T. Kunfi, midwifery and gynecology; Dr. L. Karpel, lung diseases; and Dr. M. Madorsky, internal diseases.

15,635 Out-patient Visits

During the year 1940, 15,635 visits were made by out-patients to the Polyclinic, an increase of 637 visits over the previous year, 35 per cent. of these visits were by non-Jewish patients. Visits to the dental clinic showed an increase over the previous year of 140, the total for 1940 being 3,460. In the hospital there was also a substantial increase, 268 patients were taken care of, making a total of 4,778 days, which is 767 days more than the year before. The hospital beds were practically never empty. Not only in the past year, but in each year since the polyclinic has been opened, there has been decided increase in the number of patients treated.

The Rev. M. Brown, who is very modest indeed regarding his share in the founding and maintaining of this institution, gives endless time and energy to collecting donations and endowments, a none too pleasant task, for each year more patients come asking for free treatment, and at the present time the increased costs of living, especially in food and medicines, add greatly to the bills which have to be met each month.

Help Needed

"It is the aim of the management committee to encourage a movement for more beds to be endowed, it would relieve them of a tremendous liability," the Rev. Brown said to a "North China Daily News" reporter yesterday. "Some of our patients pay what they can afford but over 60 per cent. are given treatment free of charge." This institution which turns away no man, woman or child in need of medical care, whether European or Asiatic, is well deserving of financial support. Any donation, however small, would be gratefully received. It is the hope of the committee to move into larger premises in order that they may enlarge on the good work they are already doing, as soon as they are in possession of sufficient funds.

Raschid Ali's Acts Condemned in India

Delhi, May 23.

Nawab Chattari, a prominent Muslim leader and former Premier of the United Provinces, yesterday added his voice to the condemnation by Muslims of the action of Rashid Ali, the Iraqi rebel leader.

"The Axis, having failed to break through India's first line of defence in Egypt, is now trying to find every means of succeeding in its designs," he declared. "Thanks to the treachery and disloyalty of Rashid Ali, German planes and war materials are pouring to Iraq through Syria."

Chattari said Rashid Ali not only betrayed the interests of his King and country but dragged the Arabian peninsula and practically the whole Muslim world into the war. His action had created difficulties for Egypt and isolated Turkey.

It was the duty of the Government of India not only to defend the interests of the boy King of Iraq, and Turkey and Egypt, in accordance with treaty obligations, but also to use all resources to defend India in the battlefield of Iraq, Chattari added.

Meanwhile, a meeting of tribal leaders in Baluchistan has condemned Rashid Ali's hostile action and characterized his activities as anti-Islamic.—Reuter.

Medical Supplies Arrive

Chungking, May 22.

Twelve hundred tons of medical supplies, donated by the American Red Cross, arrived in Kunming today via the Burma Road.—Havas Telemondial.

Fire Breaks Out in Russian School

The roof of a large three storeyed foreign styled dwelling occupied by a Russian school, House 31, Lane 121 Studley Avenue in the Wayside District was badly damaged by a fire of unknown origin which broke out at a late hour last night.

Turkish Deputy Urges Action

Istanbul, May 23.

"If France does not intend to oppose German aggression and if it is understood that the British forces in the Middle East are unable to check alone an invasion of Syria, Turkey must unhesitatingly penetrate into Syria with a view to taking fullest security measures," writes the Turkish Deputy, M. Yaltchin, in the newspaper "Yenisabah."—Reuter.

Japan-N.E.I. Talks In Important Stage Says Koh Ishii

Tokyo, May 23.

The Japan-Netherlands East Indies negotiations have reached "an important stage," Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Information Board, told foreign correspondents at today's press conference, adding that the recent attitude showed by the Japanese press was reasonable because they were becoming impatient. The spokesman, however, stressed that the newspapers' outbursts "cannot be said" to reflect the Japanese Government's attitude.

Asked whether or not the spokesman had any ideas regarding the "Kokumin" speculation that some Powers in the background were influencing the Netherlands East Indies' attitude, Mr. Ishii asserted, "Yes, but I cannot say."

He disclosed that an agreement on some points had been reached, and added that the main difficulty in the negotiations was the attitude taken by the Netherlands East Indies.

Asked when Dr. Kumataro Honda would be returning to Nanking, the spokesman said that the Ambassador was "not in a hurry" and added that Dr. Honda's main mission to Tokyo had been completed as Government leaders had practically agreed with his proposals.

The spokesman stated that he was not informed of the topic discussed when the War Minister, Lieut-Gen. Hideki Tojo, and the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka were received in audience by the Emperor yesterday, when questioned whether or not they had reported on the China policy.

The report that General Nobuyuki Abe, former Ambassador to the Nanking Government, was leaving for China was "not confirmed," Mr. Ishii said, adding that he was not informed of General Abe's meeting with the Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye.—Domei.

★Nazis Suffer Heavy Losses

(Continued from page 1)

high-scale enemy air attack, the official declared. Offensive air operations by British bombers based in Egypt are, however, being carried out against aerodromes from which the enemy is making attacks.

Just before the House of Commons adjourned yesterday afternoon, the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, gave a "very provisional account" of the battle of Crete. He told the House that fighting continued with intensity, and that although the situation was in hand, the Germans had gained some local successes at heavy cost. The Germans were using large numbers of air-borne and parachutist troops and these were being increased daily, he revealed.

The position at Heraklion, said Mr. Churchill, is that British troops still hold the aerodrome although the Germans are now in what is called occupation of the town, which probably means they are ensconced in certain buildings in the town.

Attack on Airfield Fails

"In the Retimo district, there is no report of particular fighting though an attempt by the enemy to attack the aerodrome early yesterday morning (Tuesday) was successfully held.

"In the Canea-Suda Bay sector, heavy enemy attacks in the early morning yesterday were followed during the day by further parachute landings south-west of Canea which were heavily engaged by artillery and machine-guns.

"At Malemi aerodrome, it appears that the enemy are now in occupation of the aerodrome and of the area to the west of Keres, but the aerodrome is still under fire. In this sector, the coastal line still remains in our hands.

"Fighting continues deepening in intensity and will certainly continue for some time.

"Last night (Tuesday), the enemy began to try sea-borne landings, but a convoy making for Crete was intercepted by our naval forces and two transports and caiques (Greek boats) which probably contained troops intended for landing operations were sunk. An enemy destroyer escorting the convoy was also sunk.

Bigger Efforts

"During today (Wednesday), very much larger attempts have been made by the enemy to carry an army into Crete. A convoy was seen this morning.

"The convoy turned away towards islands of the archipelago and was being attacked by our destroyers and light forces.

"I have not received any further information as regards what happened, except that there was a great deal of fighting during the day, enemy aircraft attacking our ships and we attacking a convoy. I have no definite information about the results, but I feel they can hardly be other than satisfactory in view of the naval forces at our disposal in the Mediterranean generally."

At this point, a member interposed suggesting that Mr. Churchill should convey to the forces in Crete a message expressing appreciation and confidence in them.

Mr. Churchill replied: "I certainly will."

He continued:

"It is a strange, grim battle, one in which our side has no air support, because they have no aerodromes—not because they have no aeroplanes—while the other side has very little or no artillery or tanks, and neither side has any means of retreat. It is a desperate and grim battle, and I certainly will send wishes and encouragement to the men who are fighting what is undoubtedly a most important battle which will affect the whole course of the campaign in the Mediterranean."—Reuter.

Chinese Received "Annihilating Blows" in Fighting at Chuki

A SNAKE and a pheasant were brought into the statement of Col. Akiyama, army spokesman, at yesterday's press conference here, to illustrate the nature of the recent fighting in the Chuki area. The Japanese forces had allowed the Central troops to wrap themselves around the invaders in a crescent shape, like a snake encircling the body of a pheasant. Waiting for the right moment, the pheasant spread its wings and destroyed the snake, said Col. Akiyama.

Gen. Koo, commander of the south war zone, had concentrated thirteen division around Chuki, said the army spokesman, of which nine received annihilating blows. The Japanese were waiting with interest to see whether Gen. Chiang Kai-shek would punish Gen. Koo. Col. Akiyama hoped that Gen. Koo would not be punished severely because he had shown a positive attitude in resisting the Japanese. Gen. Koo's forces had retreated about 100 kilometres south of Chuki in an unusual rout, said the army spokesman.

The Shansi operations were practicalll over and the entire area north of the Yellow River was in Japanese hands, said Col. Akiyama.

Asked about the large Communist forces still in Shansi, Col. Akiyama said that they had remained aloof during the heaving fighting and the Japanese forces did not attack those who did not take a hostile attitude. He added that there had never been a frontial clash between Japanese and Chinese Communist forces. Although still in the rear of the Japanese forces, like little islands, Communist units were not considered a menace. None, however, had come over to the Japanese side, said the spokesman.

Honan-Shansi Fighting

North China, May 22.

Blasting the Chinese forces near Siahsien, in Shansi Province, and destroying a large quantity of military supplies on the road leading to Loyang, Japanese Army bombers yesterday effectively aided land units in mopping-up operations on the Shansi-Honan front.

At Tunghutsun, southwest of Siahsien, Japanese air units swooped down on 5,000 Chungking troops and simultaneously with the advance of Japanese land forces, aided in crushing them decisively yesterday morning. Then turning to a point eight kilometres southeast of Siahsien, air units added bombs to the withering fire by the artillery and succeeded in routing 3,000 Chinese troops. Despite a heavy screen of anti-aircraft fire, the Japanese bombers escaped unscathed.

In the afternoon, the same units winged their way over the road connecting Yanghutsun and Loyang, via Mienchih, in Honan Province, and demolished Chinese military supplies piled up along the road.—Domei.

Severe Raids

Central China, May 23.

Repeating their long-distance hinterland raids made on May 21, Japanese naval bombers yesterday afternoon raided Chungking air bases in Chinganchuan and Chengtu in Szechuan Province, and Lanchow in Kansu Province, the Press Section of the Japanese Central China Seas Fleet announced this morning.

While military objectives in Lanchow and Chengtu were being blasted, other Japanese units bombed Liangshan and Wanhsien, in Szechuen Province, and Paoki, the western terminal of the Lunghai railway, in Shansi Province, where military establishments were reported to have been severely damaged.

Other reports added that at least 13 Chinese planes were shot down during raids on Chengtu and Lanchow.—Domei.

★Eden Warns Vichy

(Continued from page 1)

Wolverhampton, asked whether it was proposed to continue the system whereby food ships were permitted to cross the Atlantic and pass the British blockade for the benefit of Vichy France.

Mr. Eden replied: "I have laid down the principles which will govern our action. Mr. Mander will not expect me to describe details of the action."

There is good reason to believe that surplus French equipment is being supplied to the Iraqi rebels. Beyond this fact and the affirmation that the French authorities in Syria had placed their aerodromes at the Germans' disposal, the Lord Privy Seal, Mr. C. R. Attlee, told the House that the British Government lacked exact details as to the full extent of Vichy's assistance to the Germans in Syria.

Evidence of Support

Evidence has come to hand of the support which the Vichy Government has been giving Germany, writes Reuters' Lobby Correspondent. So far as military help is concerned, the most recent example has been the permission for use of the River Rhone to pass out German E. boats into the Mediterranean.

Regarding help to Germany by French industry, it is known that this help has been on a very considerable scale and, in some respects, even more efficient than when French industry worked for France. Evidence has been received that they have been repairing German tanks and submarines. The French motor-car industry, which used to turn out aeroplane engines and ammunition, has since April 5 been cellaborating in formal agreement with the enemy.

The Renault, Citroen and Peugeot companies are involved in an agreement which, it is believed, has merely regularized what had already been taking place, for at least two of these firms had been producing aircraft parts, motor-boats, tank parts and ammunition for the Germans.

Working for Germans

It is recalled that the Secretary of French National Economy, M. Bouthillier, at the opening of the Paris fair stated that one-quarter of the French mechanical and electrical industries was working for the Germans. In addition to this help, it is known that a considerable portion of all cargoes that go into Marseilles reach the Germans. In a recent period of six weeks, it has become known, the French handed over to the Germans 10,000 tons of aluminium, 8,000 tons of magnesium, 38,000 tons of bauxite, 30,000 tons of wool and 60,000 tons of fruit.—Reuter.

FUNERALS

Mr. F. X. dos Remedios

In the presence of relatives and many friends, funeral services for the late Mr. Francisco Xavier dos Remedios were held yesterday. A Requiem Mass was celebrated at St. Joseph's Church on Rue Montauban in the morning, followed by interment at Pahsienjao Cemetery, where the last rites of the Roman Catholic Faith were read by Father Laurando. The late Mr. Remedios is survived by his wife, a son, three daughters, several grand-children and a sister. A beautiful cross of flowers from his wife "Clarita" was lowered into the grave with the casket that was carried by Messrs:—R. Pereira, A. P. Simoes, C. P. Simoes and A. J. Marques. Those sending donations to charity as requested will be announced later. Among those sending floral tributes were:—

Clarita; Esther and children; Cissy and Valerie; Charlie, Marie and Louie; Carlito, Sonny and Louie; Frank, Nina, Charlie and Lollie; Marie-Louise and Joe; Emelia and family; Thelma and Victor Noronha; Annie Silver; Mr. and Mrs. Alb. P. Simoes; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Mr. Oscar Martins Oliveira

A Reyuiem Mass was held yesterday morning at the Church of Christ the King on Rue Bourgeat for the late Mr. Oscar Martins Oliveira, aged 59 years, with the Reverend Father John F. Magner officiating, followed by burial at the Bubbling Well Cemetery in the evening where Father Magner conducted the last rites. A beautiful cross of white carnations and lilies from Dolly, Fanny and Willie was lowered into the grave with the casket. The pall-bearers were Messrs:—J. F. Silva, B. Marques, J. P. Simoes, C. P. Simoes, G. Gomes and F. Xavier. The late Mr. Oliveira was born in Shanghai and his loss will be felt by a host of friends and relatives. Those sending donations to charity will be announced later. The grave was surrounded by beautiful floral offerings from:—

Dolly, Fanny and Willie; Carl; Gertrude, Marie and Lawrie; Yang Yuh Ngoo; R. Canavarro and family; Hsu Siu Chow; Mr. and Mrs. King Zdong Ming; Mr. J. P. Simoes; Mr. and Mrs. Soo Yong Fah; Messrs. Sung Chong Yung; Mr. and Mrs. John G. K. Tsong; Mr. and Mrs. Yang Tse Feng; Yang Zung Woo; Y. P. Yu; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Canadian Tanker Seized By Germans

Ottawa, May 23.

Forty officers and members of the crew of the Canadian tanker Canadolite have been seized and interned by the Germans, it was officially announced here last night. No announcement was made regarding the tanker's fate.—United Press.

U.S. Motor Workers Win Election

Detroit, May 23.

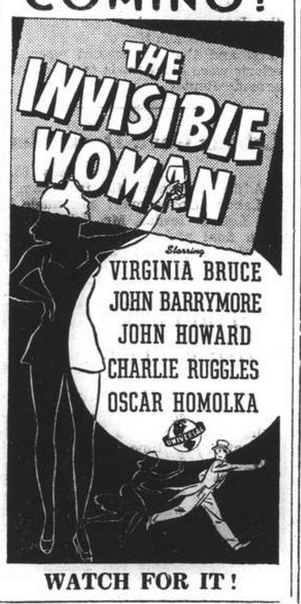
The United Automobile Workers of America yesterday won the largest collective bargaining election that the National Labour Relations Board has ever conducted together with the right to represent all employees in the two great Ford Motor Co. plants.

Complete but unofficial returns from the River Rouge plant, largest single industrial unit in the world, gave the U.A.W., a Congress of Industrial Organization affiliate, 51,886 votes. The American Federation of Labour's Federal Unions collected 20,345 votes while 1,958 workers voted in favour of having no union.

The Lincoln plant gave the U.A.W. 2,008 votes, the A.F. of L. 537 votes while 146 voted against union representation. The pattern makers at the River Rouge plant, who were placed under a separate classification, voted in favour of the U.A.W. which received 169 votes. The A.F. of L. received 90 votes and eight voted against union representation.

As a result of the election, the U.A.W. will be the sole bargaining agent for Ford workers—the first time in history that a non-company union has been permitted to act on behalf of Ford workers. The Ford company agreed to the election after strikes, marked by some bloodshed, had closed its great plants which were engaged in national defence work.—United Presss.

COMING!



WATCH FOR IT!

U.S. Not to Act At Martinique

Washington, May 23.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, has given an implied assurance to Martinique that there is no reason to fear any imminent United States action against it. He described as German or pro-German inspired reports published in German-occupied France that Martinique officials had received orders to prepare for an attack by the United States. Speaking at a press conference yesterday, Mr. Hull asserted that the situation in Martinique was unchanged despite increasing evidence of Franco-German collaboration in Europe.—Reuter.

THE CINEMA

"A Girl, a Guy and a Gob."

Coffee Cup .....George Murphy
Dot Duncan .....Lucille Ball
Stephen Herrick .....Edmond O'Brien
Abel Martin .....Henry Travers
Pet Shop Owner .....Franklin Pangborn
Pokey .....George Cleveland
Jawme .....Kathleen Howard
Cecilia Granger ..Marguerite Chapman
Pigeon .....Lloyd Corrigan

Mr. Harold Lloyd, for more than two decades one of the most popular comedian of the screen, scored another hit with "A Girl, a Guy and a Gob," which opened at the Grand Theatre, which he produced to give the world another proof of his versatility. The story is thin, but with humorous incidents following one another, this passes unnoticed. The picture is about a girl, who is crazy about a gob, who in his turn is mad about the Navy and who finally passes his girl to a more deserving and loving man. Cast as the sailor, Mr. George Murphy gives the funniest portrayal of a tar ever seen on the stage and shows that he is as adept at comedy as he is in melodramatic and musical shows. His fresh personality and the lines he is given make his performance the best in the film, although he is rivalled for the honours by Mr. Edmond O'Brien, the young actor who made an impressive American debut in "Hunchback of Notre Dame" about a year or so ago. Mr. O'Brien is given a role somewhat reminiscent of Harold Lloyd's characters, that of a shy man, who finally gets things his way. The girl is played by the popular Miss Lucille Ball and she adds another gem to her already impressive record. Her role, that of a girl in love with both the sailor and her boss, well handled and the actress makes a sympathetic heroine. Others to add to the general merriment are Messrs. Henry Travers and Franklin Pangborn, the latter making an ideal pet shop owner. The programme is made yet more entertaining by a fine cartoon, featuring Donald Duck. Both the main feature and the cartoon are recommended to all who love good, clean humour.—I.M.

"Christmas in July"

Jimmy MacDonald .....Dick Powell
Betty Casey .....Ellen Drew
Dr. Maxford .....Raymond Walburn
Mr. Baxter .....Ernest Truex
Bildocker .....William Demarest
Schindel .....Alexander Carr
Announcer .....Franklin Pangborn
Tom .....Michael Morris

The second picture written by the facile pen of Mr. Preston Sturges, who has been described as the latest "find" in Hollywood, and directed by him as well, "Christmas in July," opened at the Grand Theatre yesterday. It will be recalled that his "The Great McGinty," his first, took Shanghai by storm and ran beyond its scheduled booking. That was a virile film, having to do with beachcombers and American politics, a flashback, in the terminology of the studios. "Christmas in July," on the other hand has to do with the heart-throbs and pangs of a young American couple in a great American city—one might guess it as New York—in which Mr. Dick Powell and Miss Ellen Drew are the shy business people before whom a great vista opens. An apparent "rubber" cheque, which eventually turns out to be genuine, reward for the winning slogan in a coffee contest, forms the basis for the plot, which involves the sorrows and happiness of a large number of people. The picture has the same vital touches as did Mr. Sturges' first, but they are on a more refined scale, which teem with human interest. The principals fill their roles sympathetically, but the stronger players—by reason of their having to balance the human interest element—are Messrs. Raymond Walburn, Ernest Truex and William Demarest. Comedy and pathos are presented with due regard to proportion and, although the picture begins slowly, action progresses in tempo as demanded.

Pop-Eye brings what seems to be a son and heir into the comedy short preceding the feature. The youngster indulges in spinach as well.—F.L.T.

British Move Against Japanese Vessels

Los Angeles, May 23.

The British Consulate today listed even Japanese whalers and tankers as being on the "ships' blacklist" as the British authorities obviously clamped down on all vessels suspected of aiding the Axis.

Britain was reported to be evolving reprisals against the Japanese tankers and whalers suspected of supplying fuel to German sea raiders in the south Pacific and the Indian Ocean.

Shipping quarters pointed out that the Byrd Antarctic expedition had reported evidence of German raiders in areas where Japanese whalers normally operate.

Some of the blacklisted vessels are among the largest freighters and tankers in the world.

The official British announcement was placed in the "Los Angeles Commercial News." It said, "Charterers and shippers are advised in their own interests that, by reason of contravention of British regulations, the British Government will impose all the disabilities in their power on the trading of the undermentioned vessels."—United Press.

Petrol to Be Stored In Australia

Sydney, May 23.

About 200,000 petrol drums each containing 44 gallons must be placed in safe, strategic points inland immediately, Mr. McBride, Minister of Munitions, declared today. There were vital requirements of petrol reserve for defence of Australia. He appealed to distributors for return of empty drums owing to the impossibility of obtaining sufficient spare steel for manufacture of new drums.—Reuter.

Japanese Report Denied

Chungking, May 22.

Well-informed quarters here today denied the Japanese rumours claiming that Mr. Chang Kia Ngao, the Minister of Communications, had resigned his office.—Havas Telemondial.

American Honoured In Japan

Tokyo, May 23.

The Third Order of the Sacred Treasure was conferred upon Dr. Charles Shriver Reifsnider, former President of Saint Paul's (Rikkyo) University and Bishop of the Japan Episcopalian Church, by the Emperor today. Mrs. Reifsnider returned recently to the United States.—Domei.

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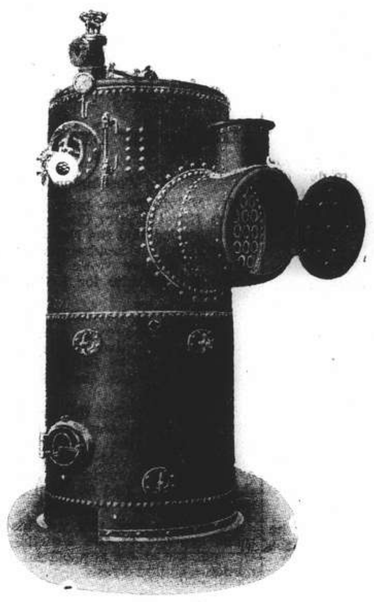

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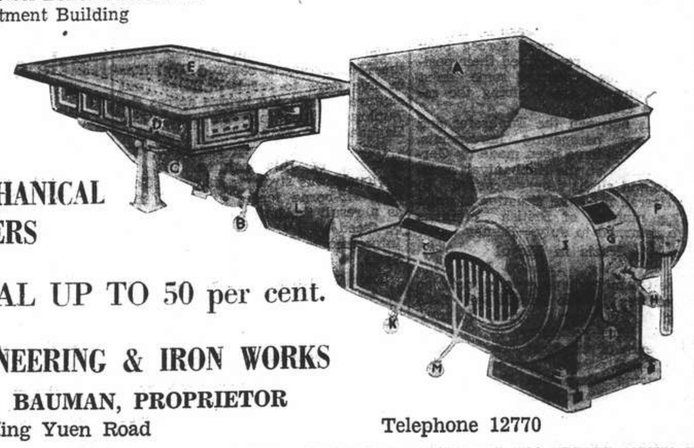

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Britain Prepared for Long And Bitter Struggle

THE preparedness of Britain for a long and bitter struggle in the near and middle East and the heavy toll being taken of Axis aircraft and supply and ammunition ships were emphasized by Mr. A. Morley in his weekly summary of the news, broadcast over Station XCDN last night. Among the most significant developments of the week was the move towards stronger action by the United States, he showed. While deploring the events in France, he said that General Weygand is quickly nearing the time when he must reveal his attitude towards the surrender to the Nazis now being encouraged by Admiral Darlan. Mr. Morley's talk follows:—

Hitler, the thought he was going to win the war last September without going outside the continent of Europe, now finds himself engaged in three continents, with the vast military resources of the greatest country of a fourth continent being mobilized against him. He had to cross the Mediterranean into Africa to rescue the Italians, and now he has stepped over into Asia in order to exploit the Arabian world and to attack the British position in the Middle East. He has ventured on a long and unknown road, jumping from one continent to another. The only reason for such an enormous extension of his military operations is the frustration he has suffered in the West. If he could win the Battle of Britain and the Battle of the Atlantic he would have no need to go excursioning into Africa or the south-western fringes of Asia, and it is only because he knows that he cannot now win in the West that he takes these secondary lines.

Attack on Suez Canal

This past week has seen the further development of what is a multi-pronged attack in the direction of the Suez Canal. The campaigns in Iraq and Libya, and the attack on Crete are all part of a drive on Suez, which is no doubt regarded in Axis circles as being the most important British holding from a military point of view next to the island fortress of Britain itself. We see that into this struggle Hitler is prepared to throw every weapon at his command. He will stop at nothing.

In Iraq, which is the strategic centre of the great Arabian peninsula, he has not only used rebel elements but is attempting to inflame religious passion. We are presented with the blood of fourteen nations on his hands. But if there is plenty of Muslim material for Nazi provocateurs to work on—such as Syrian Arabs who have been restless under French control, and Palestinian Arabs who have opposed Zionism—there is a far greater weight of the Moslem world on Britain's side. Iraq itself owes its independence to Britain's victory in the last war; British ties with the Arab kingdoms farther south in the great sandy peninsula are close and cordial, while the Moslem States of India are actively aiding Britain. Thousands of loyal Moslem troops are serving in British armies and have displayed traditional heroism and bravery.

I don't think Hitler has the smallest chance of succeeding in his Holy War scheme, but that he has turned the screw on Vichy is apparent by what has been happening in Syria, where aerodromes have been used by German planes and where no French opposition has been offered to the overland flight of Nazi machines to Iraq. Britain has been forced to take strong action. Syrian aerodromes have been bombed, British consulates have been closed and officials withdrawn, while the defection and escape of many French officers, troops and airmen show that Vichy's action does not enjoy unanimous approval.

World Shocked

It has been a profound shock to world opinion that the French have allowed territory under their control to be used by the Germans for the making of war on British forces, and I fear that we are only at the beginning of a further serious deterioration in Anglo-French relations. Since France capitulated and put herself more or less at the mercy of Hitler, Britain has only asked that France shall not connive with the Nazis against Britain, but the evidence is now irrefutable that Admiral Darlan and his fellow puppets at Vichy have thrown in their lot with Germany and that in addition to economic and political collaboration there is to be no effective hindrance put in the way of German use of French controlled territories for military purposes.

Mr. Anthony Eden has given a grave warning to Vichy and reactions in America have been no whit less strong than in Britain. It is felt that the politicians of Vichy have sacrificed French honour and the future of their country for their own immediate personal ends. It remains to be seen just how far Vichy will go and what are the final reactions of the French people. Vichy has opened Syria to Britain's enemy; will she allow Morocco and other parts of the French Empire to be similarly used? We have heard nothing from General Weygand, who now faces the showdown he always said he would not fear. We have always believed that Marshal Petain would never break his word not to allow French territory or the French fleet to be used against France's former ally, but he has succumbed to the wiles of those around him. It is not against his person but against the policy he has now endorsed that attacks are directed. If Petain has said "yes" to Darlan, will Weygand say "no"? I think the answer to that question cannot be long delayed.

Not Unprepared

But, if Britain faces the threat of a big Axis drive against Egypt, the Suez, and her general position in the Middle East, she is by no means unprepared and by no means ill-equipped. Some people complain that we don't hear much about what dispositions Britain is making, but General Wavell is obviously not going to advertise for the benefit of the enemy. On the Egyptian border, Tobruk still defies Axis attacks and inflicts its periodical toll on those who venture too near; while Sollum and Capruzzo have been costly points for the attackers at the end of long lines of communication.

A new and dramatic German move has now been made by powerful air attacks on Crete and the landing of thousands of parachute troops. While the first batches were mostly killed or taken prisoner by the Greek and British forces there have been further large landings, and doubtless more will follow. Mr. Churchill has disclosed that the battle for Crete is a grim one, likely to grow both in scope and intensity, and it is abundantly apparent that the Nazis are prepared to make heavy sacrifices in an attempt to gain possession and control of this very important strategically-placed island. The battle is in progress as I speak; we must await its outcome. More Australian troops have been sent to Cyprus, and it can be taken for granted that Britain will never lightly give up any of the island fortresses in the Eastern Mediterranean where she already holds overwhelming naval superiority. One must expect, however, that Axis naval activity will increase now that Germany controls Greek ports to which she can send boats in sections for assembly and launching.

Bitter Campaign Begins

We are undoubtedly entering upon a long and bitter campaign throughout all the Near and Middle East regions. From Abyssinia, where the Duke of Aosta has capitulated to British forces, and where other Italian armies are being captured, will be freed large numbers of campaign-hardened men; back into Egypt from Greece is now assembled those twice-toughened forces which eluded German capture; the Army of the Nile is being rapidly reinforced by fresh men and material from India, South Africa, and the Dominions; and, all in all, General Wavell has strong forces with which to meet his admittedly strong opposition. So when you see a great fuss and splash made of Axis moves and adventures in the Near and Middle East don't get the impression that it's all a one-sided show which might soon be over. We are taking heavy toll of enemy aircraft, and on the all-important enemy routes from Sicily to Tripoli and Benghazi we have sunk supply and ammunition ships which the enemy can ill afford to lose. Believe me when I say that the Axis attempt to drive the British out of the Mediterranean and its coastal regions is going to be a long and costly business for the enemy.

I have already mentioned in passing the surrender of the Duke of Aosta's forces in Ethiopia. All but "finish" can now be written to the campaign which has cost Italy the whole of its North-east African Empire. That is only a small part of the price she has paid for throwing her lot in with Hitler. True, he has "rewarded" her with the grant of Croatia, but one hears nothing now of the Italian cry for Nice, Savoy and Corsica, because the Nazis have bargained with Vichy at the expense of Italian aspirations. Hitler has got his grip not only on Sicily, but also on Tripolitania, Cyrenaica and Libya. Italy has lost a great deal of her navy and has sacrificed large armies in Libya and East Africa. It is not a very inspiring balance sheet; in fact it is such a poor one that Mussolini has wisely lapsed into something very near to silence.

Rudolf Hess

Perhaps I ought to say just a word or two about Rudolf Hess, because there are a lot of people in Shanghai who think that the British haven't exploited the full propaganda opportunity which his flight to Britain presented. I prefer to trust the judgment and the caution of Mr. Winston Churchill, who has so far made no full statement to the House of Commons. He has described the action of Hess as a sign of the "maggot in the Nazi apple—a maggot which will some day reach the surface". Can you doubt that there are other maggots in that over-sized piece of fruit? And in the face of official silence, have we out here the facts on which to pass judgment upon London's actions? All that we know at the moment is that Hess has the status of a prioner of war, that the Nazi régime has suffered such an obvious blow to its prestige that no whipped-up propaganda campaign is needed on that point, and that there is not the slightest hope—or danger—that Britain's grim resolve to fight and smash Nazidom will now or ever be affected by the actions either of escaped victims or the tricks of camouflaged emissaries. Churchill has the journalist's view on the value of publicity; if he chooses to bide his time, I am confident that he has perfectly good and sound reasons. Hess is a fish in his net; I think Churchill will know how best to market him.

And while the battles continue to rage in the Mediterranean, the Atlantic, and the Air—in the last-named of which we have had a busy and highly successful week—events are moving in the United States which promise to culminate in an epoch-making climax. Stronger grows the demand from all quarters that greater action be taken to ensure that Britain is left in no danger of a mortal wound and that it be assisted to finish off this war as quickly as possible. Whether the administration's response will be to provide naval convoys for store-laden ships to Britain or a proposal to repeal the Neutrality Act remains the secret of President Roosevelt, but it is a secret he cannot much longer keep in face of public demand. We have had further strong speeches by leading members of the Administration, the American newspapers coming to hand are full of articles and editorials asking for more positive action, and Mr. Roosevelt, who never acts ahead of majority opinion, will have made his much-awaited talk to the nation before another week has passed. Britain is regarded as being in the front line of American defence—the defence of liberty and freedom and democratic institutions. There is no escape in isolation; there is only a part to play in holding the line and defeating the common enemy. The playing of that part need never be doubted.

REVENUE stamp tax, which has hitherto been collected and used by the Yunnan Provincial Government for its own purposes, is now being sent to the national treasury under a special arrangement concluded between the Ministry of Finance and the Yunnan provincial authorities, states a report from Kunming to the "Sin Wan Pao."

Empire Day to Be Celebrated Today

Another Empire Day will dawn in Shanghai today under the shadow of one of the grimest conflicts in world history and the significance of the occasion will be brought home to Britons here as well as elsewhere, who will not let the day pass without the traditional observances accompanying the national event.

Flag Raising Ceremony

The celebrations will commence with the Empire Day Flag Raising Ceremony in the Consulate grounds at 8 a.m., when many Britons are expected to turn out to watch the ceremony. With the loss of the band of the 1st. Seaforth Highlanders occasioned by the departure from Shanghai of the regiment, the Shanghai Amateur Concert Band will play the National Anthem when Mr. A. H. George, the Consul-General will emerge from his residence and all present will come to attention. The flag will then be raised as he takes the salute.

Participants at the ceremony will include the Rovers, Scouts, Wolf Cubs, Rangers, Guides and Brownies, who will assemble at the Consulate grounds before the hour set for their inspection by the Consul-General. At 8 a.m. the parade will be called to the "Alert" and the flag will immediately be hoisted. This will be followed by the inspection and a short address by the Consul-General, after which the Scouts and Guides will march past him to the lawn on the south of the Superintending Consul's house, where breakfast will be provided through the kindness of the United Services Association and the Royal Empire Society.

X.C.D.N. Broadcast

From 6 a.m. onwards radio station "XCDN" will broadcast scout tunes and special announcements connected with the celebration of Empire Day here. Listeners are advised to tune in early for any possible change in the programme for the day which might be necessitated by inclement weather and which will be immediately announced over the station. Members of the Scout and Guide Councils will stand at the saluting point, but parents and other inspectors will keep to the path in the Consulate running parallel to Soochow Road.

On the occasion of Empire Day there will be the usual "at home" at the Shanghai Club today to members and their friends between 12.15 to 1.15 p.m. at which it is expected that there will be an attendance of more than 1,000 persons with at least 500 remaining for tiffin.

M.C.L. Fun Fair for Next Saturday

A treat is in store for young and old alike at the Annual Fun Fair of the Ministering Children's League, to be held on Saturday, May 31, at the Race Club, commencing at 2.30 p.m.

You are particularly requested to note that the Fair will be held in the pari mutuel rooms of the club, which means the entire ground floor, with lots of exits into the grounds on either side. Stalls will be spaced so that there will be ample room for both buyers and strollers. The Sports Section will have a large room with an exit to the grounds where children will find pony rides and outdoor games.

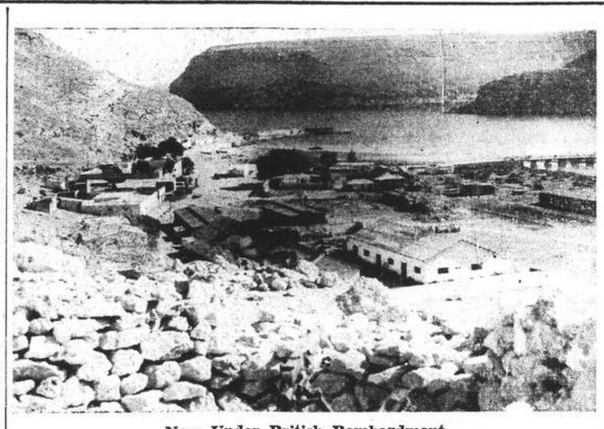
Stalls this year are both numerous and attractive. The Children's Stall will probably be the centre of attraction, as really beautiful articles will be on sale here. Attached to this section will be the "Dug Out," run by Master Ronald Huckstep, who is offering all his own handwork in the form of miniature soldiers, sailing boats, Hurricanes and Spitfires that can fly, and other toys.

Parcel Stall

The weather promises to be fair and warm, so there will be plenty of soft drinks, ice cream and tea to be had during the afternoon for a nominal sum. The Parcel Stall will look after your packages and anything else you may like to leave in the care of the pupils of the Public and Thos. Hanbury School for Boys who are running this stall.

The Tombola prizes are unusually attractive, and the Raffle prizes are also worthwhile. Householders will find all they require at the Sweet Stall, Jam Stall and also the Basket Stall where original designs in wicker furniture will be found this year. Delightful articles for tots up to two years of age will be found at the Baby's Stall.

The M.C.L. Fun Fair is to help the needy children, and is looked forward to eagerly by many organizations which depend on funds from the League to keep their institutions going throughout the year. So remember Saturday, May 31, and the place is the Race Club.



Now Under British Bombardment

This is the harbour of Bardia, which is now in Nazi and Fascist hands, after having been severely handled during the weeks in which the British were in possession. This is a view taken from one of the cliffs overlooking the harbour, from which British artillery made use of the harbour impossible for the enemy.

Ad. W.A. Glassford At R.A.F.A. Tiffin

The guest of honour at the R.A.F.A. tiffin in the Dome yesterday was Rear-Admiral W. A. Glassford, who gave a graphic and inspiring address on "We, Together, Can Win." He concluded his talk with a quotation from a book, written by an American woman, the theme of which concerned an American woman residing in England, married to a British officer, who was killed on November 9, 1918, two days before the Armistice. "In a world where England is dead, I do not wish to live."

Mr. V. J. B. Holland, President of the Association, presided and other guests of honour included Col. S. L. Howard, new O.C. Fourth Marines, Lieut.-Col. Collier and Lieut. Chenault, flag-lieutenant to Admiral Glassford.

Among the guests, the attendance numbering nearly 90, were Messrs. R. J. Whitehead and B. Beesley, who are joining up next week, and were acclaimed on the toast of Mr. A. D. Fraser, chairman.

Concluding the meeting, Mr. Holland announced that Admiral Glassford, during the lunch, had accepted the honorary membership of the Association. Cheers and applause greeted the statement.

Police Called Out to Quell Disturbance

The Municipal Police were called out yesterday morning to quell a disturbance created by 100 painters at the home of the chairman of the painters' union at House 4, Lane 951 Chengtu Road.

The painters called at the address at 7.15 a.m. and after seeing the union official demanded an increase of $1 on their wages and became insistent when their demand was refused. The painters who were employed in various paint shops in the Settlement did not disperse until the Sinza police station had been informed and a party of policemen had been despatched to the scene of the trouble. The painters left hurriedly when they saw the police coming.

In connection with the painters' deadlock with their employers, which had been going on for some time, a labour official recently announced that 80 per cent. of them had been dismissed due to the depression. The employers, he explained, had to dispense with their services rather than keep them working on low wages necessitated by bad business. The men, however, announced in the Chinese papers that they refused to consider themselves dismissd and insisted on a high cost of living allowance being paid by their employers in addition to their wages.

Local Doctor Was on Bombed Hospital Ship

The "North-China Daily News" learns that the surgical specialist on board the hospital ship Aba, which the Nazis attempted to bomb in the Mediterranean, is Major A. D. Wall, who was a partner in the "M" firm of doctors in Shanghai until the end of 1939.

Gunman Shot in Clash With the Police

The growing bravado of armed criminals in the Settlement was demonstrated in two cases yesterday when several gunmen came to close grips with police officers whose weapons they sought to steal. A lone gunman in the first case attempted to snatch a pistol from a Chinese police watchman on duty at Lane 1034 Gordon Road. In a struggle which ensued the watchman drew his gun and fired once at his assailant who was wounded on the right knee and was arrested.

In the second case which occurred yesterday morning a Chinese constable was held up by three men armed with pistols on Bubbling Well Road near Avenue Haig. After intimidating the officer, the trio stole his service pistol and one magazine containing six rounds of ammunition and escaped.

Decree Nisi Granted By H. M. Court

A decree nisi was granted by Judge P. Grant Jones in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday to Mr. M. Smolleff represented by Mr. K. E. Newman in an undefended action for a dissolution of his marriage to Mrs. N. Smolleff.

Belgian Effort in War Praised

Messages of encouragement and sympathy were exchanged between Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, and M. H. Pierlot, the Belgian Prime Minister, on May 10, the anniversary of the German invasion of Belgium. In his message to M. Pierlot, Mr. Churchill said:—

"On the anniversary of the day when, in violation of the most solemn undertakings, the German Government without cause or provocation launched their armed forces against the territory of Belgium, I wish to acknowledge in the name of His Majesty's Government the effective help which the Belgian Government, the Belgian Empire and the Belgian armed forces and merchant marine have given to the Allied cause throughout the past year. We remember also your soldiers who resisted the invader in the battle in Belgium and who now in their homes oppose the will of the invader. The sympathy and admiration of His Majesty's Government and the British People go out in special measure to the Belgian People mow under the hateful Nazi tyranny, who by their courage and endurance daily contribute to the defence of freedom."

Confident of Victory

In his reply, M. Pierlot said:—

"I thank you most sincerely for the kind thought which prompted your message to me today. On this sad anniversary, I wish to reaffirm the unshakable resolution of the Belgian people to contribute their utmost to the victory of our common cause. In union with the Belgians who, in the occupied territory, are resisting German oppression, the Belgians in all free countries will continue to devote all their strength to the splendid war effort of Great Britain and the Empire. My countrymen are firmly convinced that, under your energetic and brilliant leadership, the world will witness the triumph of the force of freedom."

Hongkong Students Plan Wire to Roosevelt

Chinese student bodies in Hongkong have started a movement in the Colony to have 100,000 students endorse a telegram to be sent to President Roosevelt of the United States in connection with the China Week which ends today. A joint preparatory office has been organized for the purpose and the telegram has been drafted.

It is revealed by Chinese correspondents writing from Hongkong that the students will first thank the President in their telegram for the generosity shown by the American during the past week towards the Chinese. The telegram reaffirms that the Chinese will fight on the side of the democracies in order to safeguard world peace. The Chinese will continue the fight until the aims of the democracies have been fully carried out.

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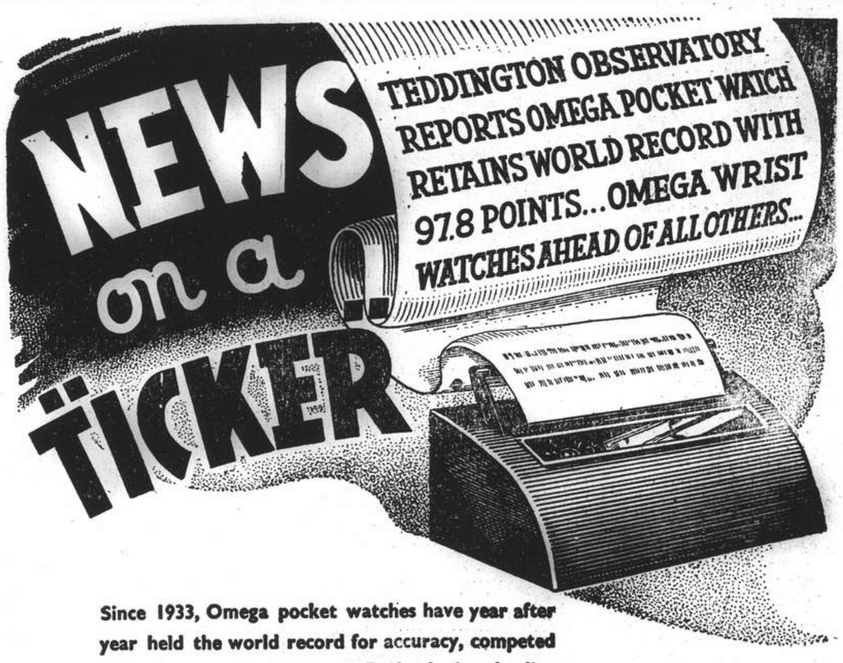

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Yankees Turn Back Tigers To Move Into Third Spot

New York, May 22.

JOE McCarthy's fast stepping Yankees moved up into third place in the American League today by turning back the Detroit Tigers 6 to 5, while the faltering Boston Red Sox were losing 4 to 1 to the St. Louis Browns.

The Yanks led throughout but at no stage of the game was their lead comfortable.

Credit for the victory went to rookie Stephen Peek who was starting his first major league game. Peek lasted until the eighth, when the Tigers started hitting him hard and McCarthy sent in Norman Branch to finish the game.

Two of the New York runs were the result of homers, with Tommy Henrich getting a circuit drive in the first inning and catcher Bill Dickey duplicating the feat in the eighth.

St. Louis rallied late in the game to defeat the Red Sox, collecting three scores in the eighth and their other counter in the ninth.

Bob Muncrief and John Kramer handled the mound assignment for the Browns and limited the Red Sox to five hits, including one run which was scored off Muncrief in the fifth. St. Louis collected 13 hits, most of them off Charlie Wagger who stayed on the mound until the ninth when he was relieved in favour of Les Fleming.

Indians Stay on Top

Cleveland's mighty Indians stayed well at the top of the league besting the seventh place Washington Senators 4 to 3. The Indians came from behind in the ninth to push over the necessary two runs.

With two outs against them the Peckinpaugh club opened their rally with Lou Bordreau driving out a double. Bordreau came home when Roy Weatherley followed with a single. Hal Trosky then connected with a long single to drive in the winning run. Al Smith, Joe Heving and Harry Eisentat saw mound duty for the Indians while Sydney Hudson went the full route for the Tigers.

Chisox Hang on to Second

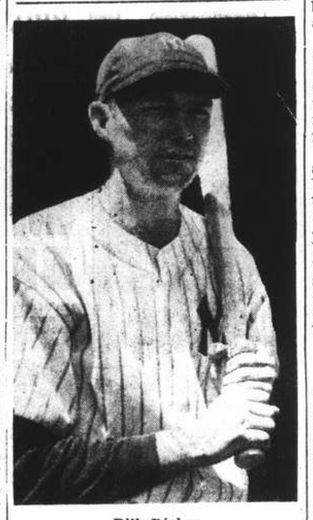
The Chicago White Sox held on to second place as they took the measure of the Philadelphia Athletic by a 4 to 1 count.

Johnny Rigney was in fine from and limited the Athletics to six hits. He also received perfect support from his mates.

The Chicago club broke into the scoring column in the third frame by pushing over a lone run. The Athletics came back in the fifth to knot the score. In the sixth the White Sox added two more to their total and then pushed over one more for good measure in the ninth.

Cards Make it Two Straight

The St. Louis Cardinals made it two straight over the Brooklyn Dodgers by pilling up an early lead and coasting to a 7 to 6 victory. Brooklyn made a desperate effort to overcome the big lead and stay in the running for the senior league leadership but their ninth inning rally fell one run short of tying the score.



Bill Dickey
Yankee Catcher.

Lon Warneke started on the mount for Cards but gave way late in the game in favour of Hubert Lanier. Brooklyn used Hugh Casey, Vito Tamulis and Brown in an effort to quiet the Cards' big bats. Don Padgett led the batting attack for the winners by clouting out a homer with two mates aboard. Infielder Johnny Mize also came through with a circuit drive.

The Dodgers collected three runs in the final frame as Lewis Biggs, Joe Medwick and Harry LaVagetto accounted for doubles and Herman came through with a single.

World Champions Come Through

Behind the steady hurling of Paul Derringer the Cincinnati Reds came through with a 6 to 4 win over the New York Giants. The Reds collected six runs in the first three innings and were never threatened. The Giants bunched two scores in the fourth and followed with single runs in the sixth and seventh frames. Both clubs played airtight ball and the Reds collected nine hits off two Giant hurlers, while Derringer limited his opponents to seven safeties.

Rain forced the postponement of the other two senior league games.

Box Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	4	0
Philadelphia	1	6	1
Batteries: Rigney and Tresh; Beckman, Dean and Hayes.			
St. Louis	4	13	0
Boston	1	9	2
Batteries: Muncrief, Kramer and Ferrell; Wagner, Fleming and Peacock.			
Detroit	5	11	1
New York	6	12	2
Batteries: Newsom, McKain and Sullivan; Peek, Branch and Dickey.			
Cleveland	4	10	0
Washington	3	6	3
Batteries: Smith, Heving, Eisenstat Deseautels and Hemsley; Hudson and Evans.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Brooklyn	6	13	1
St. Louis	7	11	0
Batteries: Casey, Tamulis, Brown and Owen; Warneke, Lanier and Mancuso.			
New York	4	7	0
Cincinnati	6	9	0
Batteries: McGee, Bowman and Danning; Derringer and Lombardi.			

Bees and Pirates postponed because of wet grounds.

Phillies and Cubs postponed because of rain

Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	25	12	.676
Chicago	19	12	.613
New York	19	17	528
Boston	15	15	.500
Detroit	16	17	.485
Philadelphia	14	19	.424
Washington	14	21	.400
St. Louis	11	20	.355

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis	22	9	.710
Brooklyn	22	12	.647
New York	17	14	.548
Chicago	14	15	.483
Pittsburgh	12	15	.444
Cincinnati	14	13	.432
Boston	12	19	.337
Philadelphia	10	21	.323

—United Press

Super Gymkhana This Afternoon

By "THE CHASER"

A happy carnival atmosphere will prevail this afternoon at the Race Course when one of the largest gymkhanas seen in many years will be held to commemorate the occasion of Empire Day. Commencing at 3.30 p.m. the public will be entertained by several interesting events which are certain to give the spectators their money's worth of thrills and laughs.

Though beset by inclement weather during the week which prevented the holding of the preliminary heats, all arrangement have now been completed.

It has been a long time since a gymkhana of this nature has been planned and those who interested themselves in equestrian activities on that occasion will remember the magnificent time that was had by both competitors and spectators.

Comprehensive Programme

A comprehensive programme of ten events has been drawn up, of a varied nature, ranging from the spectacular to the comic, and in view of this the spectators' interest should not lag for a moment during the running off of the entire schedule.

Three jumping events will act as "curtain-raisers" and no gymkhana is actually complete without these events. Large entries have been received in all three competitions and we should therefore see some sparkling and faultless jumping. There are several well-known show-jumping ponies among those entered

The tent-pegging event has drawn six teams. The Light Horse have entered two aggregations, the "A" and "B", and the American Troop has done likewise. Two strongly favoured teams are the Punjabi team, the Tigers and the Lions.

The Comic Relief

Some comic relief will be seen with the holding of the Rickshaw Race, Balloon Battle and a couple of other highly amusing turns.

The younger generation of equestrians have not been forgotten and two events this afternoon will feature the members of the Children's Pony Club; first in the Musical Ride and later in the Musical Chairs on horseback.

All indications point to the gymkhana being a highly successful one, but all spectators are reminded that for their personal comfort it is advisable that they bring cushions as all seats are of wood.

Gymkhana Heats Held Yesterday

The preliminary heats of the "Y" Class Jumping took place yesterday morning and the following five competitors were left in the finals and will have to jump it off this afternoon at the Race Course when the Gymkhana will commence at 3.30 p.m.

Mr. A. V. Striker on Petrushka with no faults. Mr. H. Maitland on Corona, Mr. H. Duncan Fraser on Pelikan. Mrs. E. Andrews on Idiot's Delight all with four faults & Mrs. E. Andrews on the Jacana with eight faults.

The heats for the "Z" Class jumping will take place on the Polo Ground this morning at 6.30 a.m.

In the heats for the Tent Pegging, the following three teams were left in the finals (1) Light Horse "A" (2) Punjabi Yellows (3) American Troop "A".

Boy Scouts and Girl Guides will be on the ground to show spectators to their seats while eighteen of Shanghai's Sweetest Young Maidens will be there to sell programmes. As most of the reserved seats have been booked up, the Committee have managed to get another couple of stands so that those who have not reserved their seats may get accommodation if they come early this applies particularly to the Blue Ticket stand, which seats cost $10 each. There is plenty of room for everyone however and it is hoped all Britons and others in Shanghai will put in an appearance and so help celebrate Empire Day.

The Children's Pony Club have arranged a colourful display, and headed by young Andrew Maitland their Sergeant Major and Jean Weight and Peter Colman the Column leaders, the twenty one members of this Club should have a show worth seeing.

All money received from the sale of seats and programmes will be donated to British War Funds and as all expenses have been guaranteed it is hoped these funds will benefit considerably. Tea and refreshments will be sold all over the ground and everything has been done to make the spectators as comfortable as possible but as all seats are rather on the hard side, it is advisable to take a cushion with you.

O'Reilly in Action. . . . .
. . . On this occasion he collected his first three wickets without the loss of a run . . .

Cricket's Greatest Bowler Accused of "Hitler" Tactics

WILLIAM J. O'Reilly, world's greatest cricket bowler, stands accused of frightening batsmen with "Hitler intimidation tactics."

The indictment is made in a letter O'Reilly has received from an Adelaide fan who watched him rout South Australia's team in the last big game of the season.

It should not be imagined from this that O'Reilly hurls the hard leather ball along with the blitzkrieg speed of Harold Larwood, one-time Nottingham terrorist, and makes a habit of trying to hit batsmen's legs or ribs. Because the velocity of his bowling is fairly gentle. It is classed as medium-slow.

The Adelaide complaint is based on a charge that O'Reilly placed an infielder (the equivalent of baseball's third baseman) within one yard of the batsmen. This is an over-statement of the case; the fielder was two yards away.

O'Reilly's demeanor is not that of a misdoer conscious of his guilt. He has not even bothered to point out that the two umpires had power to intervene if the close fielder was obstructing stroke-movements, but had no authority to stop the batsmen from attempting powerful hits to scare the intruder away to a safer distance. All the great bowler is doing about it is to add the letter to his collection of souvenirs.

Nicknamed "Tiger"

We don't know what Hitler's nickname in the Wilhelmstrasse is, but O'Reilly's is "Tiger," because of his unflagging determination and the way he "disguises fair nature with hard-favoured rage" in the manner King Henry V advised at Harfleur.

No one looks less like Der Fuhrer. The man who has brought down the British Empire's best batsmen is taller than 6 ft., has sandy hair, doesn't keep his top lip in partial ambush, and weighs 203 pounds.

But he relentlessly blockades batsmen into subjection, and bellows appeals to the umpire for justice when a leg, instead of a bat, is used to keep the ball from the stumps. Once, with affected innocence, he asked an unresponsive umpire: "Where's your dog?" The umpire said he owned no dog. "Well," said O'Reilly, "you're the first blind man I've seen without one."

As O'Reilly lopes rhythmically to the bowling crease-line, he swings his simian-length right arm like a pendulum, with the wrist crooked. He drags his fingers across the ball, as it leaves his hand, to give it one of the spins that keep the batsmen guessing.

Spins From Ground

Your correspondent recalls one American visitor's surprise at finding that, in cricket, the ball is thrown on the ground, not as a gesture of pique, but as an integral feature of the game. What the ball does as it bounces makes it much more difficult to hit than when it comes direct through the air.

In addition to making the ball swerve, pause, float, or dip in its flight, O'Reilly persuades it to turn to either side from the ground or go straight on, at unpredictable paces and heights—anywhere between hip and mid-shin. He is 35, but is likely to be still in the front rank when peace bring resumption of international cricket.

Now an Army physical instructor, Lieut. Don Bradman, world record scorer, batted only four times in big matches. Twice he was caught out first ball, an unprecedented calamity which caused a greater buzz in Australia than anything Mr. Matsuoka has said, to time of writing.

Outstanding batsman of the season is Sid Barnes, 23, self-possessed, quick-footed, and compactly-built. He scored 1,050 runs in 14 innings. In six innings, Barnes made 100 or more —a tally which usually takes him about 2¼ hours' batting.

Score-Box Excitement

To the uninitiated, cricket rivals chess for protracted dullness, but those who understand its ritual believe it is crammed with a wider variety of incident than any other sport.

Score-keepers at an O'Farrell Cup match became so excited that they forgot to pencil down a boundary hit which would have given Junee victory by one run over Wagga. Before the omission was discovered the players had left the ground. A replay has been suggested.

W.D.P.S. Pack Win Sixsmith Shield

At the Annual Athletic Competition of the Wolf Cubs, held at the Cathedral School playing field on Tuesday, the 9th (Western District Public School) Pack won the Sixsmith Shield with a total of 33 points, the 1st (Cathedral School) and the 5th (Jewish) Pack tieing for second place with 22½ points each, the French Pack being next with 15 points. Eight Packs competed. Mrs. W. C. Cassels presented the Trophy to the winning Pack. Asst. Commr. W. J. Silvey was in general charge of the Competition. The Rev. P. C. Matthews, Mr. B. R. Brown and Mr. Fraser acted as Judges. Mr. G. Beckerman was Scorer. Mr. R. G. Goodwin acted as Starter.

Following are details of the events:

Relay Race (under 10):—1, 9th Pack; 2, 5th Pack; 3, 3rd Pack.

Relay Race (under 12):—1, 1st Pack, 2, 9th Pack; 3, 2nd Pack.

75 yds. (under 10):—1, 9th Pack (Blenkinsop); 2, 1st Pack (Liley II); 3, 3rd Pack (Betines).

100 yds. (under 12):—1, French Pack (R. Porte); 2, tie between Bourne 1st Pack and Levoff, 5th Pack; 3, 2nd Pack (Gabb).

Sack Race (under 10):—1, 13th Pack (Cymbalista); 3, 5th Pack (R. Knoop); 3, 9th Pack (Simmons).

Sack Race (under 12):—1, 5th Pack (Jacob); 3, 3rd Pack (A. Madar); 3, 1st Pack (Arnold-Jones).

Throwing Cricket Ball:—1, 13th Pack; 2, 13th Pack; 3, 13th Pack.

Horse Race:—1, French Pack (P. Yeu); 2, 13th Pack (Rosenberg); 3, 1st Pack (Bourne I and II).

Three-legged Race (under 10):—1, 3rd Pack (Betines and Gibson); 2, 9th Pack (Blenkinsop and Martin); 3, 5th Pack (Moalem and Julius).

Three-legged (under 12):—1, 9th Pack (Neumann and Brown); 2, 5th Pack (Abraham and Sassoon); 3, 1st Pack (Bourne and Baeten).

Hungjao Golf Club

The Captain's Prize

An 18 Holes Bogey competition on handicap for a prize kindly presented by Mr. F. S. Gibbings, the Captain of the Club, will be held from Friday, May 30 (Dragon Boat Festival) to Sunday, June 1, inclusive. The entrance fee will be $2.00 per card and any number of cards may be taken out. Half of the entrance fees will go to a War Charity and the other half will provide a prize for the runner-up.

Soviet Swimming Stars Set New Records

Moscow, May 22.

One world record, one European record and six Soviet records were broken here this evening in the course of the Soviet swimming championships.

Mechkoff of Leningrad covered the 200 metres breast-stroke in the time of 2 minutes 23 1/10 seconds, breaking the world record set by the Soviet swimmer Bochenko by 6/10 of a second.

Ouchakoff covered the 200 metres free style in 2 minutes 11 2/10 seconds, breaking the European record set by the Swede Borne.

The Soviet feminine swimming star Alekhina covered the 400 metres backstroke in 5 minutes 56 7/10, setting another Soviet record.—Havas Telemondial.

Haguroyama Leading In Sumo Tournament

Tokyo, May 22.

Turnstiles at the spacious Kokugikan where the current summer sumo tournament is being held, clicked over 390,000 times during the 13 days up to yesterday with only two days remaining.

Haguroyama, 27-year-old wrestler, 5 feet 11 inches, and weighing 274 lbs., is leading with 12 wins and one defeat, while Grand Champion Futabayama, 292 lbs, Terukuni, 275 lbs. and Tamanoumi 224 lbs., following with two defeats and 11 victories. The West team, which included all the above-named, was leading the Easterners with 176 wins to their credit.—Domei.

Derby and Oaks to Be Run at Newmarket

London, May 23.

The announcement in London yesterday of acceptances for the New Derby and New Oaks Stakes, substitutes for the peace-time Derby and Oaks classics, confirms that the Derby will be run on Wednesday, June 18, with the Oaks on the following day. There are 26 acceptances for the Derby and 20 for the Oaks, both races being over a one-and-a-half miles course at Newmarket.—Reuter.

Today's Sports Schedule

Gymkhana

p.m.

3.30 Empire Day Mounted Gymkhana at Race Course

Cricket

1.45 D. W. Leach's XI v. A.C. Sinclair's XI on S.C.C. ground

1.45 President's XI v. Vice-President's XI on Recs ground

1.45 Police XI v. Parsee XI on Police ground

Dog Racing

5.30 Afternoon Meeting at the Canidrome

Hai Alai

8.00 Auditorium

Week-end Cricket Teams

S.R.C.

To be played on the S.R.C. Ground on Saturday, May 24 commencing at 1.45 p.m. sharp.

President's XI:—R. J. S. Brandt (Capt.), J. H. Anderson, N. Hart-Baker E. Kidby, F. R. Kermani, A. A. Kliene, J. Leriou, M. U. Mohideen, L. P. Quincey, C. J. Smith, A. Symons. Reserves: E. B. Brodd, R. N. Manley, T. Katemopoulus.

Vice-President's XI:—G. N. Manley (Capt.), T. Buckley, E. Caro, A. F Gomes, E. Grundt, D. F. Harris, H. P. Madar, P. Madar, L. Marcal, H. Meston, W. Quincey. Reserves: E. Tivoniuk, W. Halford, H. Karmaloff. Umpires: O. Strome and P. M. Charna. Scorers: E. C. Kew and M. Johnston.

Petrol Ration Being Watched in England

London, May 23.

The anti-sport element is using the waste of petrol as one of the chief planks in its arguments against wartime racing, football and other sports, calling attention to the large numbers of motor cars at sporting fixtures, notably at the War Cup final at Wembley recently.

It is now announced that inspectors will visit the car parks at horse racing greyhound racing, football, cricket and other entertainments, where it is announced they will check up on cars and other motor vehicles.

If it is found that the supplementary grant of petrol is being reduced, a decrease in the extra allowance will be made, or, if circumstances justify such a step, it may be taken away entirely.—Reuter.

BLOCKS FOR COLOUR PRINTING

There is nothing of greater importance in colour printing than the skilful and accurate preparation of blocks. So well is this understood by printers of experience that no block in any degree defective is used. Technical knowledge in the matter of colour printing is imperative. Let the North China Daily News Printing Department handle your colour work if you desire satisfaction.

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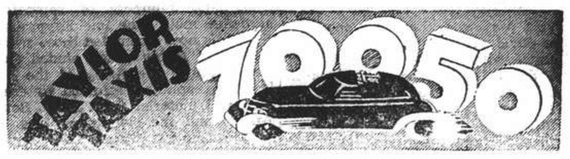

PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM)
Today

Hai-alai
8.00

and to-night
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A picture gay, sparkling, glamorously exciting . . . of adventurous intrigue and romance!

ZORINA
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in
I Was An Adventuress
with
RICHARD GREENE
ERICH VON STROHEIM
PETER LORRE
SIG RUMANN
FRITZ FELD
Directed by Gregory Ratoff
ALSO: LATEST MOVIETONE NEWS
20th Century Fox

GRAND TELEPHONE 32222
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The Big Comedy Hit of the Season!
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WITH
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TO-DAY 2.30 P.M.
(12 Races)
and
To-morrow—2.30 P.M.—CASH SWEEP
(12 Races)
(Rain or Shine)

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GRAND GALA NIGHT
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THE 4 PETITE ENTERTAINERS
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A Man Among Men!
A Picture In A Million!

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Donald CRISP • Flora ROBSON
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GEORGE MURPHY
LUCILLE BALL
EDMOND O'BRIEN
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Distributed by RKO RADIO Pictures
ADDED SPECIAL ATTRACTION:
"DONALD'S VACATION" WALT DISNEY'S COLOR CARTOON

Shanghai Stock Exchange Official Weekly Share Report with Opening Quotations, May 23, 1941

REPORT No. 20/1941 for week ending May 23 (Friday), compiled by the Shanghai Stock Exchange

Comparative Opening Cash Prices — Quotations in Chinese Dollars unless otherwise stated * H'kong $

This Friday Morning May 23, 1941				Last Friday Morning May 16, 1941				Business Recorded During Week Closing Thursday		Stocks	Authorised Capital (No. of Shares)	Issued Capital (No. of Shares)	Paid up Value (or Face Value)	Fin. Year ends	Last Dividends, etc.	Paid or due	Business Done Year 1940		Business Done Year 1941		Total No. of Shares Done for		Total Amount of Sales Reported	
Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Highest	Lowest								Highest	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Last Week	This Week	1940	23-5-41
										Banks, Finance Companies														
18.00	....	18.30	....	18.20	18.50	18.50	....	18.30	18.30	Central Properties, Ltd.	5,000,000	180,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg $3.50 a/c 1940)	28-2-41	25½ May	12 May	22 Jan	17.00 Feb	900	1,600	138,950	31,350
....	....	....	12	....	....	....	12	....	....	China Bond & Shares Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	200,000	120,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. 6% (Mkg. 12% a/c 1940)	10-3-41	12 Mar	12 Mar	....	....	....	....	500	....
1.04	....	1.00	....	....	1.04	1.00	....	1.12	1.08	China Finance Corp. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	400,000	400,000	T5	Dec.	Div. $0.07½ a/c 1940	15-3-41	3.60 Jan	65 May	1.60 Jan	0.90 Feb	6,000	10,100	1,511,910	160,600
....	....	1,312½	....	....	....	1,320.00	....	1,315.00	1,312½	Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	160,000	160,000	H $125	Dec.	Fin. £2-10-0 (Mkg. £5-0-0 Less I/T a/c 1940)	26-2-41	1,520 Apr	975 June	1,415 Feb	1,312½ May	....	35	560	155
23¾	24.00	24.00	....	23¾	24.00	24.00	....	24½	23¾	Inter. Invest. Trust Co. of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	525,000	T10	Mar.	Fin. $3.25 (Mkg. $5.00 a/c 1940-41)	12-5-41	39½ May	8.60 May	32 Jan	18.00 Feb	70,600	122,200	5,683,798	2,469,783
18.20	....	18.40	....	18.50	18.70	18.70	....	19.00	18.30	Shanghai Loan & Investment Co., Ltd.	700,000	350,000	T5	Dec.	Fin. $2.00 (Mkg. $4.00 a/c 1940)	7-2-41	41½ May	10.40 May	49½ Jan	15.40 Feb	56,550	16,215	3,037,502	1,518,851
5.75	....	5.75	....	5.70	5.75	5.70	....	5.85	5.70	Shanghai Securities, Ltd.	4,000,000	925,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $1.25 a/c 1941	Pending	8.50 May	3.00 May	8.00 Jan	4.75 Feb	20,850	37,100	4,426,063	3,322,800
....	....	21.00	....	....	....	21.00	....	....	....	Union Mobiliere	100,000	100,000	$20	Dec.	6 % a/c 1940	5-5-41	....	....	21.00 May	21.00 May	....	....	....	210
15.50	15.80	15.90	....	15.70	15.90	16.00	....	15.90	15.60	Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	517,500	T10	Mar.	Fin. $2.25 (Mkg. $3.25 a/c 1940-41)	12-5-41	24½ Apr	7.05 June	22 Jan	13.20 Feb	61,200	12,500	4,901,308	2,182,255
										Insurances														
29	....	....	....	29.00	....	....	....	....	....	American-Asiatic Underwriters (ord.)	75,000	75,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.40, a/c 1939	8-6-40	26 Sept	5 Jan	....	....	....	....	7,431	--
....	....	....	200	....	....	....	200	....	....	Asia Life Insurance Co.	100,000	40,000	*U.S. $5	Dec.	Div. 10% = G $0.50, 1938	11-9-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	90	....	....	....	90	....	....	Assurance Franco-Asiatique	70,000	70,000	F100	Dec.	Div. 5%, 1938	10-5-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
26.00	....	26.00	....	26.00	....	26.00	....	....	....	International Assurance Co., Ltd.	933,333	280,000	10/-	Dec.	Div. $0.30, 1933 (Nil 1939)	18-5-34	19.70 May	8.90 Jan	31½ Jan	19 Feb	14	....	1,024,876	23,841
....	....	407.00	....	....	....	425.00	....	407.00	405.00	Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.	200,000	135,000	£6	Dec.	Int. 12/6 a/c 1940	15-11-40	520 Apr	345 July	440.00 Apr	400.00 Jan	....	40	1,279	578
										Lands														
--	....	....	200	....	....	....	200	....	....	Anglo-French Land Invest. Co., Ltd.	25,000	19,335	T100	Feb.	Fin. $8.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	4-4-41	200 Jan	200 Jan	175 Mar	175 Mar	....	....	100	23
2.00	....	2.30	....	2.00	....	2.30	....	2.30	2.00	Cathay Land Co., Ltd.	500,000	480,374	T10	Dec.	Final 2% = $0.28 (Mkg. 6% 1933) (Nil 1939)	5-5-34	5.10 Feb	1.70 Nov	2.35 Feb	2 Jan	450	2,000	38,150	17,450
9.80	10.10	9.95	....	9.50	....	9.55	....	10.00	9.60	China Realty Co. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	1,250,000	890,000	$10	Dec.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1941	10-5-41	10.90 Jan	6.30 Oct	10.50 Jan	8.00 Feb	24,296	22,562	3,471,916	811,759
--	....	....	300	....	....	....	300	....	....	Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine	20,000	20,000	T100	Dec.	2nd Int. $15.00 (Mkg. $30.00 a/c 1940)	28-11-40	275 Feb	275 Feb	....	....	....	....	605	--
12½	....	12.00	....	....	....	12	....	....	....	Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd. "A"	} 500,000	39,800	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40	15.70 Feb	9 Jan	13.00 Feb	12 Mar	....	{	119,666	1,000
12½	....	12.00	....	....	....	12	....	....	....	do. "B"		155,018	T10	Sept	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	10-12-40								
9.00	....	....	....	9.00	....	....	....	....	....	San Sing Properties, Ltd.	2,000,000	805,007	$7	Mar.	Int. Div. $0.60 a/c 1939 (Final Nil) (Nil 1939-40)	23-12-38	10.00 Nov	7.50 Oct	6.00 Jan	6.00 Feb	....	....	45,500	5,000
12.90	....	13.00	....	12.70	12.90	12.90	....	13.30	12.90	Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	2,386,800	2,386,800	($7) T5	Dec.	Div. 6% a/c 1940	22-4-41	20¾ Feb	8.80 May	15.80 Jan	10.50 Feb	24,750	27,200	4,007,822	1,437,428
....	....	....	162	....	....	....	162	....	....	Tientsin Land Investment Co., Ltd.	120,000	64,281	$50	Dec.	Fin. 9% (Mkg. 19% a/c 1940)	21-2-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
										Docks, Wharves and Transport														
11.60	11.70	11.70	....	11.60	11.70	11.80	....	12.00	11.50	Asia Navigation Co., Ltd.	10,000,000	3,000,000	$10	Dec.	....	....	....	....	12.80 May	10.80 Apr	112,060	73,700	....	1,188,340
25½	25¾	26.00	....	25½	25½	25¾	....	27.00	25¼	Shanghai Dockyards, Ltd.	2,000,000	1,125,000	$10	Sept	Fin. $2.00 (Mkg. $3.00 a/c 1939-40)	16-12-40	75 May	19.10 June	38½ Jan	23¾ May	101,234	78,467	7,454,687	2,271,611
....	430.00	425.00	....	....	....	430.00	....	....	....	Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T100	Dec.	Fin. $33.00 (Mkg. $50.00 a/c 1940)	19-3-41	560 May	267 Jan	475 Feb	425.00 May	88	....	8,947	1,589
92.00	92½	92½	....	91.00	91½	92.00	....	94.00	92	Wheelock & Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	478,720	T10	Mar.	2nd Int. $5.00 (Mkg. $10.00 a/c 1940-41)	31-3-41	272 Apr	38 July	118½ Apr	78.00 Feb	104,900	73,608	2,960,262	2,144,708
										Utilities														
....	15.60	15.50	....	....	....	15½	....	16.00	15.30	China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. Div. $0.70 (Mkg. $1.26 a/c 1938) (Nil 1939)	20-4-39	37 May	15 June	22½ Jan	13.30 Feb	3,000	3,300	844,224	173,355
13.30	13.60	13.40	....	12.50	....	13.30	....	13.50	13.00	Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.	700,000	700,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.80 a/c 1940	4-4-41	37 May	12.30 Jan	21½ Jan	12.90 May	4,196	6,345	631,429	175,606
30.00	....	30.00	....	....	32	31½	....	31½	29¾	Shanghai Telephone Company Fed. Inc. U.S.A.	2,000,000	1,151,420	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.75 a/c 1940	15-1-41	55 May	23 Jan	43½ Jan	29½ May	3,700	2,550	1,634,952	150,096
....	....	40.00	....	....	....	40	....	....	....	S'hai Electric Construction Co., Ltd. "Reg."	} 700,000	670,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 2% a/c 1940 Coupon 58	29-4-41	54 Apr	41½ Oct	45 Jan	39.00 Feb	60	....	13,829	2,680
41¾	42.00	41¾	....	42.00	42½	42½	....	42.00	41¾	do. "Bear"							69½ May	40 June	51 Jan	41½ May	2,750	3,600	328,640	61,240
900.00	....	905.00	....	....	....	900	....	905.00	900.00	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. "A"	40,236	40,236	£20	Dec.	Fin. 26/- (Mkg. 31/2 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	1,250 May	797 Aug	905 May	750 Mar	63	107	1,160	889
....	....	39.00	....	....	....	34.00	....	40.00	39.00	do. "B"	} 359,280	{108,505	£1	Dec.	Fin. 10.8d (Mkg. 1/1.9 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	46 Feb	32½ Jan	40 May	30 Mar	50	1,071	1,980	2,512
....	....	40.00	....	....	....	40.00	....	40.00	39½	do. "C"		{250,000	£1	Dec.	Fin. 1/1.2 (Mkg. 1/3.6 a/c 1940)	27-3-41	50 Mar	32½ Jan	42 May	30 Mar	....	1,000	8,815	1,734
										Miscellaneous														
26.00	....	26.00	....	26.00	....	26.00	....	....	....	Auto Palace Co., Ltd.	150,000	118,500	$8	Dec.	Fin. $2.00 (Mkg. $6.00 a/c 1940)	19-3-41	24 Dec	16 Jan	26½ Mar	25 Feb	....	....	11,255	6,710
....	....	16.20	....	....	....	16.20	....	....	....	Bakerite Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A. "B"	50,000	49,703	$10	Dec.	Tax. Div. $2.50 on record 31/12/40	10-3-41	24 May	15.50 Oct	16.20 Feb	16.00 Apr	25	....	5,245	265
41.00	....	40.00	....	40.00	....	40.00	....	....	....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. (ord.)	200,000	140,000	T10	Dec.	Int. $2.50 a/c 1940	12-11-40	38 Apr	18 Jan	40 Mar	10 Mar	....	....	13,928	100
....	45.00	44¾	....	44½	44¾	44½	....	45.00	43¾	China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.	500,000	231,803	T10	Feb.	Div. $6.50 a/c 1940-41	16-5-41	81 May	30 May	61.00 Jan	41½ Feb	3,800	5,100	741,234	503,426
37.00	....	37.00	....	36.00	36¾	36¾	....	37.00	37.00	Chinese Eng. & Mining Co., Ltd. "Bearer"	2,000,000	1,960,000	£1	June	Div. 9d. a/c 1939-40	1-4-41	84 May	35½ Oct	57 Jan	36.00 May	900	400	158,146	44,700
....	....	....	4	....	....	....	4	....	....	Chosen Corporation, Ltd.	750,000	725,000	£1	June	Div. 1/-(Mkg. 1/9d. 1937) Less Tax (Nil 1939)	15-1-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	37.00	....	....	....	37.00	....	....	....	Culty Dairy Co. Ltd.	40,000	40,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $2.50 a/c 1940	8-4-41	44 May	35 Aug	37 Feb	35.00 May	20	....	5,432	260
....	....	....	15	....	....	....	15.00	....	....	Champ de Course: French	30,000	30,000	$20	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	15	....	....	....	15.00	....	....	non-French	....	....	....	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	15 Sept	15 Sept	....	....	....	....	30	....
6.45	6.55	6.50	....	6.50	....	6.70	....	6.75	6.40	Ewo Breweries, Ltd.	4,000,000	1,400,000	$5	Dec.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940	22-4-41	8.25 Dec	6.50 Nov	9.50 Jan	6.40 May	34,900	8,775	1,774,305	2,500,170
33.00	....	....	....	33	....	....	....	....	....	Hall & Holtz, Ltd.	28,000	26,342	$20	Feb.	Div. 5% = $1, 1934-35 (1938-39 Nil)	30-5-35	34 Aug	25 Feb	....	....	....	....	1,532	....
....	....	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	....	Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.	1,500,000	1,193,867	H $7.50	Dec.	Div. Hk. $0.25 a/c 1940	16-4-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	11	....	....	....	11	....	....	Kelly & Walsh Ltd.	75,000	45,000	$10	Feb.	In. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	19-2-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
28½	28¾	29.00	....	28¾	29.00	29½	....	29¾	28¾	Metal Industries of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	500,000	$5	Dec.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg $7.00 a/c 1940)	24-3-41	55 May	17.10 June	36½ Jan	24½ Apr	126,400	42,500	3,900,210	2,376,853
7.00	....	....	....	6	....	....	....	....	....	Millington, Ltd.	300,000	110,000	$4	Dec.	Fin. 5% = $0.60 (Mkg. $0.80 a/c 1940)	6-5-41	8.00 Mar	6.00 Sept	6.00 Mar	6.00 Mar	....	....	2,095	....
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	Moutrie & Co., Ltd.	10,000	9,970	$50	Mar.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	250
....	....	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	....	Office Appliance Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T8.50	Dec.	Div. $1.00 a/c 1939	26-6-40	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
5.05	5.15	5.05	....	5.00	5.10	5.10	....	....	5.05	Paper Industries Ltd.	5,000,000	1,320,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $0.25 a/c 1941	Pending	....	....	5.50 Mar	4.20 Apr	140,000	72,510	....	1,378,700
22¾	23.00	23.00	....	22¾	23.00	23¼	....	....	22¼	S'hai Exploration & Development Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	860,039	T2.50	Dec.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $2.40 a/c 1940)	21-4-41	34 May	8.60 Jan	30½ Apr	18.60 Apr	218,700	63,841	9,922,252	4,278,937
....	....	2.25	....	....	....	2.25	....	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Fittings Co., Ltd.	500,000	301,765	T1	Dec.	Div. 15% a/c 1940	1-5-41	435 Apr	1.90 Jan	2.50 April	2.25 Feb	....	....	20,478	5,265
....	....	12½	....	....	....	12¼	....	....	....	Union Brewery, Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.25, a/c 1933 (Nil 1939)	27-5-34	10.80 Apr	4.25 Mar	14.40 Jan	9.00 Jan	....	....	32,325	30,000
										Bonds and Preferences														
....	....	100	....	....	....	100	....	....	....	American-Asiatic Underwriters Cum. Pref. 8%	5,000	5,000	T100	Dec.	4% for ½ year ended 30 June 1940	29-6-40	120 Sept	85 Apr	100.00 May	100.00 May	....	....	262	107
....	....	....	120	....	....	....	120	....	....	do. Cum. Pref. 7%	7,500	7,500	T100	Dec.	3½ = $4.89 for ½ year ended 31-3-41	31-3-41	115 Aug	75 Feb	....	....	....	....	320	....
....	....	14	....	....	....	14	....	....	....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. 8% cum. pref	100,000	80,000	T10	Dec.	Div. 8% = $1.12 for 1939	30-4-40	15 July	15 July	13¾ May	13¾ May	....	....	950	75
....	....	....	3	....	....	....	3	....	....	Ch. Finance Corp. Fed. Inc. U.S.A. (Pref.) 8%	600,000	205,125	T5	Dec.	Quarterly Div. Tls. 0.10 = $0.14, 1938	30-12-33	2.00 Dec	2.00 Dec	....	....	....	....	150	....
....	180.00	180.00	....	....	180	180	....	....	....	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. 8% cum. pref	10,000	9,000	T100	Dec.	Div. Tls. 8 = $11.19, 1939	2-5-40	160 May	160 May	180.00 Feb	180.00 Feb	....	....	221	86
132.00	....	132.00	....	....	133.00	132½	....	132½	132.00	S'hai Power Co. Tls. 6 cum. Pref. stock	230,000	220,000	T100	Dec.	2nd qr. Div. Tls. 1.50(Mkg. Tls. 3.00 a/c 1941)	1-4-41	138½ Sept	120 May	134½ Jan	128 Feb	4,070	727	38,530	11,102
....	....	....	73	....	....	....	73	....	....	Shanghai Tug & Lighter Co., Ltd., 7% pref	10,000	10,000	T50	Dec.	Fin. 3½% (Mkg. 7% a/c 1940)	28-3-41	....	....	61½ Mar	59.00 Apr	....	....	....	39
....	....	13.70	....	....	....	13¾	....	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 7 % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.49 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40	15 May	13½ Apr	13.70 Mar	13.70 Mar	....	150	2,400	450
....	....	13.70	....	....	....	13.70	....	13.70	13.70	do. 6½ % cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3¼ = $0.45 for half year ended 30-6-40	27-9-40	14.20 Sept	13.50 Oct	13.70 May	13½ Feb	200	....	7,340	2,070
										Cottons														
34¾	35.00	34¾	....	35½	35¼	35¾	....	35½	34.00	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., Ordinary	2,000,000	1,687,500	T5	Dec.	Fin. $4.50 (Mkg. $6.00 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	82 May	27 July	53 Jan	34.00 May	82,975	36,453	6,433,028	3,119,601
....	....	7.60	....	....	....	7.55	....	7.65	7.40	New China Textile Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	1,440,600	$5	Dec.	Fin. $0.75 a/c 1940	28-3-41	9.80 Oct	6.10 Oct	10.30 Jan	5.40 May	7,100	9,200	2,565,275	1,619,036
....	....	265.00	....	....	....	....	252½	265.00	265.00	Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Co., Ltd.	240,000	240,000	$50	Apr.	Fin. $7.50 (Mkg. $15.00 a/c 1940-41)	Pending	244 May	154 Oct	265 May	185 Feb	....	50	7,859	6,127
4.95	....	5.05	....	4.90	5.10	5.10	....	5.20	5.05	Shanghai Worsted Mill, Ltd.	1,000,000	1,000,000	$5	Mar.	....	....	7.35 Dec	6.60 Dec	7.35 Jan	4.75 April	26,870	19,625	684,455	906,133
....	....	90.00	....	....	....	90.00	....	....	....	Tung Yih Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	400,000	255,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $7.50 & Bonus $7.50 a/c 1940	12-3-41	83½ Dec	80 Aug	105 Feb	90.00 Jan	....	....	170	556
....	....	70.00	....	....	....	70.00	....	....	....	Zoong Sing Cotton Mills, Ltd.	200,000	150,000	$10	June	Int. $15.00 a/c 1940	25-11-40	75 Aug	47 Jan	70.00 Jan	70.00 Jan	....	....	5,150	200
										Plantations														
....	....	52.00	....	....	....	52.00	....	....	....	Alma Estates, Ltd.	70,000	70,000	(Tls. 9)£1	Sept.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. $8.00 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	61 May	35 June	52 Mar	47¾ Mar	400	....	24,694	2,080
16.50	16.70	16.70	....	....	19.10	18.90	....	17.50	16.40	Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	350,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg. $3.00 a/c 1940)	Pending	34 Feb	8.80 July	25.00 Jan	15.70 Feb	14,300	4,600	661,660	301,820
35.00	35¾	35½	....	....	36½	36¼	....	38.00	33½	Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	500,000	496,000	10s	Dec.	Int. Div. $3.00 a/c 1940	23-7-40	61 May	18.20 June	49½ Jan	30¾ Feb	48,400	27,780	1,579,801	826,044
....	....	6.50	....	....	....	6.50	....	....	....	Ayer Tawah Rub. Plantation Co., Ltd.	500,000	335,499	T1	Sept.	Fin. $1.20 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	11.70 Feb	4.25 Aug	7.20 Jan	5.05 April			50,464	4,933
1.26	1.30	1.30	....	....	....	1.30	....	1.30	1.30	Batu Anam (Johore) Rub. Ests., Ltd.	960,000	960,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.30 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	2.90 Feb	81 May	1.70 Jan	1.20 Feb	10,000	10,000	1,240,646	130,450
....	....	....	6.70	....	....	....	6.70	....	....	Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	500,000	353,698	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	15 Feb	6.00 May	8.20 Jan	5.50 Feb	....	....	180,980	38,270
....	2.10	2.10	....	....	2.20	2.07½	....	2.10	2.10	Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	956,804	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	25-3-41	5.20 Feb	1.55 May	3.05 Jan	1.98 Apr	....	10,000	1,379,647	162,051
0.70	....	0.70	....	0.70	....	0.70	....	....	....	Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.	1,095,850	1,051,438	T0.10	June	Div. $0.05 a/c 1939-40	1-10-40	1.74 Jan	0.50 May	0.95 Jan	0.70 Feb	6,000	....	4,860,615	329,400
6.00	6.10	6.00	....	5.90	....	6.10	....	6.00	6.00	Consolidated Rub. Estates (1914), Ltd.	500,000	484,837	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.53 (Mkg. $1.23 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	14.50 Feb	1.95 May	8.20 Jan	5.90 Feb	500	5,000	506,585	45,660
....	....	8.75	....	8.75	....	8.75	....	....	....	Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	350,000	200,000	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.80 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	19.00 Feb	8.95 July	12 Jan	8.75 May	....	....	163,681	10,200
....	....	....	62.00	....	....	....	62	....	....	Gula-Kalumpong Rub. Ests., Ltd.	750,000	665,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 5% 1938 Less I/T (Coupon 35)	6-4-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	4.00	3.95	....	....	4.10	3.95	....	....	....	Java-Cons. Rub. & Coffee Ests., Ltd.	850,000	750,000	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.50 (Mkg. $0.75 a/c 1940)	14-5-41	7.70 Feb	2.15 June	4.70 Jan	3.90 Feb	11,000	....	935,271	135,450
....	....	15	....	....	....	15.00	....	....	....	Kapayang Rubber Estates Co., Ltd.	15,000	14,800	T10	Dec.	Final Div. $0.50 (Mkg. $1.50 a/c 1937) (Nil 1939)	21-3-38	40 May	18.00 July	15 Feb	15 Feb	....	....	3,300	816
....	....	4	....	....	....	4.20	....	4.00	4.00	Kota Bahroe Rub. Ests. (1921), Ltd.	500,000	461,804	T0.75	June	Int. $0.20 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	10.10 Feb	4.00 May	5.80 Jan	3.90 Feb	....	2,000	573,445	64,310
2.00	2.15	2.05	....	....	2.20	2.25	....	2.15	1.96	Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ltd.	2,200,000	2,200,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.15 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	Pending	4.70 Feb	1.30 June	3.45 Jan	1.96 May	46,500	16,000	1,340,580	733,200
24½	25.00	25.00	....	25¼	26.00	26.00	....	26½	25¼	Langkat	300,000	250,000	Gs.10	Oct.	Int. Guilders 0.14. Fin. Guilders 0.18 a/c 1939	14-5-40	47½ May	12.50 July	37 Jan	21¼ Feb	50,300	17,125	1,854,788	929,776
....	....	2.30	....	....	....	2.30	....	....	....	Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	T1	Apr.	Int. $0.15 a/c 1940-41	27-2-41	5.20 Feb	1.68 June	3.15 Jan	2.30 May	....	....	756,251	57,550
1.08	....	1.10	....	....	....	1.10	....	....	....	Permata Rubber Ests., Ltd.	350,000	317,219	$1	Oct.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.28 a/c 1939-40)	19-3-41	3 Feb	0.90 May	1.44 Jan	1.10 May	....	....	336,006	8,000
1.06	....	1.18	....	....	....	1.18	....	....	....	Repah Rubber & Tapioca Ests., Ltd.	1,350,000	1,250,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.12 (Mkg. $0.22 a/c 1940)	17-4-41	2.60 Feb	0.81 July	1.50 Jan	1.04 Feb	....	....	2,072,462	119,393
....	....	9.90	....	....	10.00	9.80	....	9.90	9.90	Rubber Trust, Ltd.	25,000,000	1,082,000	T1	Sept.	Fin. $1.00 (Mkg. $1.60 a/c 1939-40)	17-12-40	16.30 May	6.20 July	13.20 Jan	8.00 Feb	9,000	2,000	2,058,224	337,232
1.52	....	1.54	....	....	1.64	1.60	....	1.54	1.48	Samagaga Rubber Co., Ltd.	6,000,000	1,011,000	T0.10	Sept.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.35 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	3.55 May	1.28 June	2 Jan	1.36 Feb	2,000	1,500	1,003,635	141,100
1.08	....	1.12	....	1.06	....	1.12	....	....	....	Semambu Rubber Ests., Ltd.	900,000	900,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.10 (Mkg. $0.20 a/c 1940)	8-4-41	3.10 Feb	0.85 May	1.54 Jan	1.10 April	3,000	....	712,995	77,300
1.52	....	1.54	....	1.48	1.54	1.44	....	1.54	1.50	Senawang Rub. Ests. Co. (1921), Ltd.	1,140,000	1,140,000	T0.10	Jan.	Int. $0.10 a/c 1940-41	30-1-41	3.60 May	0.99 July	1.96 Jan	1.28 Feb	....	19,000	2,983,168	360,360
....	....	9.25	....	....	....	9.25	....	....	....	Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	300,000	T1	Sept.	Fin. $0.75 (Mkg. $1.20 a/c 1939-40)	21-1-41	18½ Feb	6.55 June	13.20 Jan	9.25 Apr	....	....	151,420	19,835
0.74	0.76	0.76	....	0.74	0.77	0.76	....	0.76	0.76	S'hai Kelantan Rub. Ests. (1925), Ltd.	1,400,000	1,400,000	T0.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.10 (Mkg. $0.13 a/c 1940)	25-4-41	1.78 Jan	0.62 June	1.02 Jan	0.70 Feb	7,000	3,000	5,702,787	359,000
....	....	44	....	....	....	44	....	....	....	S'hai Malay Rub. } ord.	30,000	30,000	T10	Dec.	} Fin. $6.00 (Mkg. $7.00 a/c 1940)	{ 14-5-41	55.00 Mar	35 Aug	50.00 Mar	50.00 Mar	....	....	6,173	1,000
....	....	70	....	....	....	....	68½	0.70	0.70	Ests., Ltd. } 8% cum. part. pref.	30,000	27,380	T10	Dec.			70 Aug	30 Jan	70.00 May	70.00 May	....	150	1,014	150
....	....	3.95	....	....	....	3.95	....	3.97½	3.90	S'hai Pahang Rubber Estate, Ltd.	300,000	235,900	T1	June	Int. $0.12 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	10.50 Feb	2.90 July	5.70 Jan	3.90 May	1,000	4,000	437,580	36,110
....	2.60	2.60	....	....	....	2.60	....	2.60	2.60	S'hai Seremban Rubber Estates, Ltd.	325,000	325,000	T1	Dec.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1939	17-5-40	4.95 Feb	1.52 July	2.90 Jan	2.52½ Feb	....	3,000	304,657	21,000
....	....	30	....	....	....	....	30.00	30.00	30.00	S'hai Sumatra Rubber Ests., Ltd.	120,000	76,956	T5	Oct.	Div. $4.00 a/c 1940	16-4-41	48 Mar	21.00 Aug	40 Jan	34 Mar	....	200	43,069	1,786
....	....	1.80	....	....	....	1.80	....	....	....	Sua Manggis Rubber Co., Ltd.	280,000	270,000	T1	Dec.	Div. $0.40 a/c 1940	21-3-41	4.25 Feb	1.50 June	2.45 Jan	1.78 May	....	....	118,040	25,100
....	....	8.20	....	....	....	8.20	....	....	....	Sungala Rubber Estate, Ltd.	180,000	180,000	T1	Mar.	Int. $0.60 a/c 1940-41	6-11-40	14.40 Feb	5.40 May	8.70 Jan	6.50 Feb	....	....	187,174	12,140
....	....	....	50½	....	....	....	50½	....	....	Sungei Duri Rubber Estate, Ltd.	40,000	40,000	(T8.50)£1	June	Int. $2.50 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	89 Mar	49 June	60.00 Jan	40.00 Feb	....	....	15,910	1,890
2.75	....	2.80	....	2.65	....	2.72½	....	2.85	2.75	Tanah Merah Estates (1916), Ltd.	1,500,000	1,300,000	T1	Mar.	Int. $0.20 a/c 1940-41	21-1-41	6.05 May	2.25 May	4.20 Jan	2.30 Feb	....	5,000	1,935,110	204,920
1.32	1.34	1.34	....	1.34	....	1.36	....	1.38	1.34	Tebong Rubber Estate, Ltd.	4,000,000	4,000,000	T0.10	Jan.	Int. $0.10 a/c 1940-41	30-1-41	3.05 May	0.98 July	1.96 Jan	1.20 Feb	27,500	11,000	7,404,445	901,611
....	20¼	20.00	....	22.00	22¾	22¼	....	22½	19.60	Ziangbe Rubber Co., Ltd.	300,000	250,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $1.40 (Mkg. $2.90 a/c 1940)	Pending	43½ Feb	12.00 July	29½ Jan	18.20 Feb	9,600	18,100	652,723	302,325

Rubber Output Statistics

COMPANY	Agents	Paid up Capital $	Output last fin. year: Year ended	Output last fin. year: Quantity (lbs.)	Provisional Assessments of Standard Production for 1941	Output for month of March 1941 (lbs.)	Total output this financial year (including Mar. 1941) (lbs.)*
Alma	W	881,119	30-9-40	627,759	695,800	45,700	322,220 (6)
Anglo-Dutch	W	2,202,797	31-12-40	1,748,686	—	163,801	485,452 (3)
Anglo-Java	W	2,927,288	31-12-40	3,918,679	—	341,052	991,850 (3)
Ayer Tawah	G	469,229	30-9-40	600,000	746,000	48,000	341,000 (6)
Batu Anam	W	134,266	31-12-40	489,799	533,400	42,241	126,569 (3)
Bute	B	494,682	31-12-40	644,052	795,500	49,000	178,710 (3)
Chemor United	W	133,819	31-12-40	611,667	360,600	42,800	147,177 (3)
Cheng	W	147,054	30-6-40	260,531	359,000	27,636	297,989 (9)
Consolidated (1941)	B	562,844	31-12-40	1,098,732	1,483,200	109,379	325,109 (3)
Dominion	B	279,720	31-12-40	627,049	808,000	54,638	183,627 (3)
Gula-Kalumpong	—	£,665,000	—	—	—	—	—
Java Consolidated	W	909,249	31-12-40	882,051	—	82,011	249,560 (3)
Kapayang	W	206,993	31-12-40	165,941	189,300	15,407	47,011 (3)
Kota Bahroe (1921)	B	484,410	30-6-40	594,484	917,900	58,823	637,407 (9)
Kroewoek	W	307,692	31-12-40	1,215,606	—	93,482	313,942 (3)
Langkat	M	2,552,448	31-10-40	1,247,500	1,695,361	116,000	633,000 (5)
Padang	B	699,301	30-4-40	291,700	450,500	26,800	366,700 (11)
Permata	F	317,219	31-10-40	100,285	—	9,080	55,756 (5)
Repah	W	188,811	31-12-40	521,055	628,600	42,269	133,182 (3)
Rubber Trust	W	1,513,287	30-9-40	1,609,656	146,400	189,817	1,254,658 (6)
Samagaga	W	141,399	30-9-40	467,080	555,700	30,580	243,870 (6)
Semambu	W	125,874	31-12-40	361,594	510,100	34,540	100,324 (3)
Senawang (1921) {Ord. Pref.	W	206,913	31-1-41	575,600	—	43,000	93,500 (2)
Shanghai Kedah	B	419,580	30-9-40	726,547	977,997	65,296	487,160 (6)
S'hai Kelantan (1935)	T	195,804	31-12-40	309,543	372,025	34,854	94,829 (3)
Shanghai Maaly {Ord. Pref.	W	802,517	31-12-40	569,301	739,000	35,902	130,254 (3)
Shanghai Pahang	B	329,930	30-6-40	414,573	632,000	38,566	400,197 (9)
Shanghai Seremban	W	454,545	31-12-40	232,008	309,000	15,162	50,289 (3)
Shanghai Sumatra	M	538,154	31-10-40	676,595	920,249	66,812	341,203 (5)
Sua-Manggis	W	377,622	31-12-40	197,440	259,100	14,700	69,100 (3)
Sungala	G	252,000	31-3-41	415,900	472,000	32,500	415,900 (12)
Sungei Duri	B	475,524	30-6-40	477,000	695,400	43,400	443,400 (9)
Tanah Merah (1916)	B	1,818,182	31-3-41	1,102,500	1,348,585	91,500	1,102,500 (12)
Tebong	W	559,441	31-1-41	1,260,076	1,458,900	95,363	204,498 (2)
Ziangbe	W	1,440,619	31-12-40	1,481,349	—	151,323	452,604 (3)

*Numbers in brackets indicate the number of monthly outputs included in said totals
B—A. R. Burkill & Sons, Ltd., 20 Canton Road
F—Frost, Bland & Co., Ltd., 190 Kiukiang Road
G—Geddes Trading & Dairy Farm Co., Ltd., 61 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
M—George McBain, 1 The Bund
T—Turner, Sturrock & Brown, 9 Av. Edward VII
W—J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., 49 Szechuen Road

Rubber Prices

May	17th	19th	20th	21st	22nd	23rd
London Spot (Buyers)	14.1/8d	—	14.1/16d	13.15/16d	13.7/8d	13.7/8d
June	14.1/16d	—	14d	13.15/16d	13.7/8d	13.7/8d
July/Sept.	14.1/16d	—	14d	13.15/16d	13.7/8d	13.7/8d
Oct./Dec.	14.1/16d	—	14d	13.15/16d	13.7/8d	13.7/8d
Market	Quiet	—	Easier	Dull	Dull	Dull
Singapore Spot	41⅜	40½	41⅛	40¾	40⅛	40⅜
July/Sept.	38¾	39⅛	39¼	38¼	38⅝	38⅛
Oct./Dec.	36⅝	37⅛	37¼	36¼	36⅝	36⅛
Market	Quiet	Quiet	Quiet	Steady at decline	Steady	Quiet
New York						
May	24.55	24.55	24.09	23.55	23.50	22.84
July	24.35	24.35	23.89	23.35	23.30	22.60
September	23.80	23.80	23.60	22.95	23.01	22.35
December	23.30	23.36	23.10	22.55	22.60	21.85
January	23.27	23.31	23.05	22.50	22.55	21.82
March	22.95	23.01	22.70	22.15	22.22	21.40

Debentures

	Opening Prices May 23rd, 1941: Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nominal	Loan amount outstanding	Interest payable at end of	Last Done: Price	Date	Business Done 1941: High	Low	Total amount of sales Jan. 1 – May 23 1941
S'hai Mun. Council 6% 1926 (10/30) Tls.	96	..	97	..	Tls. 4,880,000	June-Dec.	97	19-5-41	97	90	177,400
,, ,, ,, 5% 1934 (10/30) $	80	..	78½	..	$10,404,700	do.	78½	2-5-41	78½	76	1,222,900
,, ,, ,, 5½% 1936 (10) ,,	87½	..	85	..	$5,000,000	do.	85	1-5-41	86	85	194,200
,, ,, ,, 5% 1937 (10/30) ,,	80	..	80½	..	$9,000,000	do.	80½	20-5-41	80½	78	13,900
,, ,, ,, 6% 1940 (1/10) ,,	96½	98	97	..	$16,000,000	do.	97	22-5-41	97	90½	2,508,300
French Mun. Council 5½% 1914 (10/30) Tls.	..	..	..	77	151,500	do.	91	28-2-39	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 5½% 1916 (,,) ,,	..	..	..	77	125,300	do.	91⅝*	9-2-39	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 8% 1921 (,,) ,,	..	..	91½	..	1,366,700	do.	91½	25-4-41	91½	91½	42,700
,, ,, ,, 6% 1923 (,,) ,,	..	..	89	..	618,000	May-Nov.	89	25-4-41	89	89	40,000
,, ,, ,, 7% 1924 (,,) ,,	..	..	91½	..	631,100	Mar-Sept.	90	25-4-41	90	90	29,200
,, ,, ,, 6½% 1925 (20/30) ,,	..	..	..	90	2,000,000	Apr.-Oct.	89¼	5-12-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6½% 1926 (,,) ,,	..	90	89¼	..	1,000,000	Jan.-July	89¼	5-12-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6% 1930 (10/25) ,,	..	..	89	..	1,760,000	Apr.-Oct.	89	16-12-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6% 1931 (,,) ,,	..	..	88	..	3,000,000	Feb.-Aug.	90	13-3-41	90	88	1,100
,, ,, ,, 6% 1933 (10/30) ,,	..	..	..	89	2,000,000	Mar.-Sept.	94	5-5-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 5% 1934 (,,) $	..	..	70	..	$5,000,000	Jan.-July	70	16-1-41	70	70	10,000
,, ,, ,, 6% 1936 (10/15) ,,	..	..	87	..	$2,500,000	May-Nov.	87	20-12-40	—	—	—
American Club 4% 1939 (13)p ,,	..	..	..	51	$1.040,230	June-Dec.	50	28-4-41	} 50	40	28,830
,, ,, 4% 1939 (14)p ,,	..	..	..	51	—	do.	50	28-4-41			
Anglo-French Land 6% 1931 (10/20) Tls.	..	..	..	94	1,000,000	do.	91	26-2-41	91	91	500
Asia Realty Co. 6% 1930 (10/30)c ,,	..	..	50	..	1,360,200	1/3-1/9	50	13-5-41	} 50	50	2,500
,, ,, 6% 1930 (10/30)r ,,	..	..	50	..	3,000,000	1/4-1/10	50	13-5-41			
Cathay Land Co. 6% 1930 (5/20) ,,	86	..	84	..	3,000,000	June-Dec.	84	13-5-41	84	80	248,300
,, ,, ,, 6% 1932 (10/20) ,,	86	..	84	..	1,000,000	do.	82	28-4-41	82	80	81,000
,, ,, ,, 6% 1933 (,,) $	86	..	84	..	$1,500,000	do.	84	9-5-41	84	80	141,000
Central Properties 5½% 1934 (10) ,,	93	..	92½	..	$18,000,000	do.	92½	12-5-41	92½	90½	1,238,000
China Transport 8% 1931 (4/20) Tls.	..	..	..	70	600,000	June-Dec.	100	15-5-34	—	—	—
City Loan 7% 1932 (20) $	..	..	..	60	$6,000,000	15/6-15/12	60	18-2-41	60	60	1,000
,, ,, 7% 1934 (12) ,,	..	..	..	40	$3,500,000	30/6-30/12	92	16-7-37	—	—	—
Columbia Country Club 7% 1933 (1/12-20) Tls.	..	..	..	80	350,000	Jun-Dec.	93	5-7-37	—	—	—
Country Club 6% 1901 (Perpl) ,,	52	..	..	..	122,100	do.	95	18-2-37	—	—	—
Fonciere et Immob. 6% 1930 (10/15) ,,	..	..	..	95	1,984,000	do.	94	29-10-40	} —	—	—
,, ,, 6% 1933 (10/15) ,,	..	..	..	94	1,730,000	do.	94	29-10-40	—	—	—
Fonciere et Immob. 6% 1934 (,,) $	..	..	..	94	$1,925,000	do.	94	29-10-40	—	—	—
French Club 7% Tls	..	..	..	60	500,000	do.	82	5-3-37	—	—	—
Int. Invest. Trust 6% 1930 (10/25) ,,	..	..	..	99½	1,951,000	1/4-1/10	88	5-12-40	} —	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6% 1931 (,,) ,,	..	..	..	99½	963,000	1/4-1/10	88	5-12-40			
Metropolitan Land 6% 1933 (10/20) $	80	..	81	..	$1,873,700	30/6-31/12	81	16-5-41	81	80	31,000
Race Club 6% 1934 (10/25) ,,	..	..	..	90	$2,000,000	Feb.-Aug.	90	18-11-40	—	—	—
Shanghai Land Invest. 6% 1926 (20/30) Tls.	94	..	..	..	1,000,000	Mar.-Sept.	94	12-4-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6% 1929 (27) ,,	80	..	..	..	500,000	do.	—	—	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 5% 1930 (15) ,,	94	..	..	..	5,000,000	May-Nov.	76	15-4-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 6% 1931 (10/20) ,,	94	..	..	..	3,000,000	June-Dec.	94	11-11-40	—	—	—
,, ,, ,, 5% 1934 (5/40) ,,	80	..	..	..	$3,570,000	Apr.-Oct.	74	3-10-41	—	—	—
Shanghai Power Co. 5½% 1933 (10/40) ,,	91¾	92	91¾	..	$88,000,000	10/2-10/8	91½	22-5-41	91	88¼	2,520,500
Telephone Co. "A" 6% 1932 (10/25)r Tls.	98	..	98	..	5,000,000	1/2-1/18	98	20-5-41	98½	94	141,500
,, ,, "B" 6% 1933 (9/24)c $	98	..	98	..	$10,000,000	1/2-1/8	98	20-5-41	} 98	94	307,300
,, ,, "B" 6% 1933 (9/24)r ,,	98	..	98	..		1/2-1/8	98	20-5-41			
,, ,, "C" 6% 1937 (20) ,,	98	..	98	..	$4,000,000	1/2-1/8	83½	10-1-39	—	—	—
Tientsin Land Invest. 7% 1929 (12/22) Tls.	..	..	..	105	1,446,600	June-Dec.	103	22,12-33	—	—	—
Shanghai Waterworks 6% 1932 (10/30) ,,	94	..	..	..	2,800,000	do.	92	10-2-41	92	91	3,000
,, ,, 5½% 1937 (,,) $	87	..	..	..	$2,000,000	do.	83	7-1-41	83	83	1,000
,, ,, 5% 1937 (,,) ,,	79	—	..	..	$725,000	do.	77	5-9-40	—	—	—
Wing On Co. (S'hai) 7% 1936 (10) ,,	92	..	92	..	$5,000,000	1/4-1/10	92	23-4-41	92	92	2, 00

TO-DAY EXCHANGES: { Hongkong & Shanghai Bank's Selling Rates (T/T) Closing May 23rd, 1941 (noon) London £1 at Exch. 3-15/16 = Sh. $72.45 New York $1.00 (U. S. Currency) at Exch. 5-13/32 = Sh. $18.50

COMPANY	Address	Date of Meeting	Transfer Books Closed: From	To	Dividend
Shanghai Cotton	185 Szechuan Road	30-5-41	15-5-41	30-5-41	Fin. Div. $7.50
Shanghai Securities	2 French Bund	——	17-5-41	26-5-41	Int. $1.25
Land Debs. 5% 1930	100 Jinkee Road	——	18-5-41	31-5-41	——
Kroewoek	49 Szechuan Road	3-6-41	22-5-41	3-6-41	Fin. $0.15
Anglo-Dutch	49 Szechuan Road	28-5-41	21-5-41	28-5-41	Fin. $1.50
Asia Navigation	2 French Bund	2-6-41	26-5-41	2-6-41	——
Paper Industries	2 French Bund	——	30-5-41	9-6-41	Int. $0.25
Ziangbe	49 Szechuan Road	16-6-41	——	——	Fin. $1.40

Share Report

Share Market Report.—The local market has continued quiet during the week under review, with a further decrease in the volume of business. The turnover in all sections has amounted to 22 millions as against some 36 millions for the previous week. In the industrial section, the turnover has declined from 31½ millions to 19½ millions, while the rubber section has seen a decrease from 3¾ millions to two millions.

Prices in the industrial section have been easy, some issues maintaining the levels of the previous week but most issues suffering declines, the daily average price in this section being .98 lower. Prices in the rubber section have also registered losses, some issues being marked down considerably, the daily average price being down 13.98.

Wheelocks have again taken most business, doing just less than seven millions, I. I. Trust taking just less than three millions and Dockyards two millions.

The following list gives the volume of business done in the more popular issues:—

		Shares	$
Wheelock	..	73,608	6,806,800
I. I. Trust	..	122,200	2,878,900
Dockyards	..	78,467	2,070,200
Explorations	..	63,841	1,498,200
Ewo Mills	..	36,453	1,284,600
Metals	..	42,500	1,236,500
Anglo-Java	..	27,780	1,008,300
Asia Navigation	..	73,700	872,700

Debentures.—The debenture market has been quiet, the following having been transacted:—

$104,800	Power 5½% 1933	@ 91½/91¾
$ 98,000	Telephone 6% 1933	@ 98
$ 93,800	S.M.C. 6% 1926	@ 97
$ 41,100	Telephone 6% 1932	@ 98
$ 33,100	S.M.C. 6% 1940	@ 97
$ 4,000	S.M.C. 5% 1937	@ 80½

Volume of Trade :—

Week ending	*May 9th*	*May 16th*	*May 23rd*
Industrials	$34,935,500	$31,789,600	$19,672,500
Rubbers	4,605,700	3,880,700	2,179,300
Debentures	973,400	215,600	374,800
	$40,514,600	$35,885,900	$22,226,600

The following stocks will be quoted Ex Dividend as from Monday, 26th May :— Paper Industries.

Chinese Government External Bonds and Railway Loans :—

The following are the latest quotations :—

	London Middle Prices May 16th	London Middle Prices May 23rd
Chin. Govt. 4½ per cent Gold $ Bonds 1898	Nothing Received	Nothing Received
,, ,, 4½ ,, Gold Loan 1908 (Anglo-French)		
,, ,, 5 ,, Gold Loan 1912 (Crisp Loan)		
,, ,, 5 ,, Reorg. Gold Loan 1913, British Issue		
,, ,, 8 ,, Sterling Treasury Notes (Vickers)		
,, ,, 5 ,, Honan Railway Bonds 1905		
,, ,, 5 ,, Hukuang Railway Bonds (L.P.N.Y. Issues)		
,, ,, 5 ,, Lung Tsing U Hai Railway Bonds		
,, ,, 5 ,, Shanghai-Nanking Railway Bonds		
,, ,, 5 ,, Tientsin-Pukow Railway Bonds 1908		
,, ,, 5 ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, 1910		

The Information above given, though not guaranteed, has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable

Agents and Secretaries of Companies are requested kindly to notify The Secretary of the Shanghai Stock Exchange, 16 Central Road, of any errors or omissions.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to
THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.
To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."

Gambling Scandal:

The Avenue Haig Den

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In a letter which you kindly published in your journal of May 3 I invited the attention of our recently appointed councillors to the plague spot in our midst which, despite my reiterated remonstrances, still exists at No. 346 Avenue Haig, in flagrant contravention of the law of the land and in open defiance of the newly established Special Police Force of the Western Area whose duty it now is to suppress it.

From your issue of yesterday I learned that the members of the General Committee of the British Residents Association have drawn the attention of their Association to the continuance of gambling dens in the Western District which, instead of being suppressed, appear to be increasing in number. An influential committee such as this is could render an inestimable service to the community by taking action for the suppression of these haunts, and I venture to suggest that they should address a formal protest to the Council against their intolerable apathy in the matter.

In the meantime I must take up my pen in the now almost forlorn hope of injecting, through the medium of your columns, some grains of decency into the consciences of our new councillors. Their predecessors sheltered themselves behind the fatuous excuse that the place, although on a Municipal road of which the police of the Settlement had control, was situated outside it, but that excuse is no longer available to the present council.

Our municipal police have recently been fully occupied with raids on dens of very minor calibre in the Settlement itself, but the Special Police Force of the Western Area has so far shown no inclination to imitate their example by a raid upon the much larger establishment on Avenue Haig, the pernicious influence of which far exceeds that of all the others put together. What is the significance of this extraordinary display of reluctance on their part?

The new Council surely owes it to the community in general, and in particular to those of it who are actually afflicted by this appalling nuisance, to offer some reasonable explanation of their apparently complacent indifference to what can only be regarded as an outrage and an insult to that community.

AJAX.

Shanghai, May 23.

The Letter "R":

And How it is Maltreated

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—What has the letter "r" done to provoke the manhandling it so frequently receives from the usually smooth-tongued Anglo-Saxons? Here, it is put in where it ought not, and does not want to be; there, it is smothered out of life, like the princes in the Tower, where it has a perfect orthographical right to be imbedded.

I remember reading an article on the subject which appeared in a home paper a few years ago, when the writer referred to a wedding he had attended in a fashionable London church at which an Anglican clergyman of considerable distinction impressed on the bridal couple the lessons to be derived from the episode at "Canar-r" of Galilee; while the very same evening he had listened to an equally distinguished privy councillor discoursing on the virtues—or it may have been the disadvantages—of "Quotar-s." He went on to say that, almost daily, swarms of "idear-r's (of sorts) came hurtling down the wireless into peoples' innocent ears; nor was any stage scene or domestic description complete without a regular cabinetmaker's shopful of "sofar-r"s. On one occasion he had protested, with Doric vigour, that such outrages were "horrid," but was told reprovingly, with liquid intonation, that it was not "haw-wid" at all, and that the bad "weatha" must have "ratha" affected his "tempa." And yet (he ended), our linguistic purists—or impurists—seemed to delight in making sport of Harry and Harriet from "down East" whose innocent Cockney practice it was to lop off "h"s when they are following their lawful occasions at the beginning of certain words, and to attach them, patent parasites, at the vowel-heads of others!

Only two nights ago, when listening to the 10 p.m. news from London, I distinctly heard the announcer refer to the Duke of Aosta's surrender in Abyssinia as "the fall of Amba-r-Alagi;" a pronunciation repeated identically just a few minutes later by the military gentleman who each evening makes his comments on the day's news.

Here in Shanghai the same kind of sloppiness is extremely prevalent in the conversation of very many English people and their children. It is high time that some attention be given to this sort of thing in English homes and local British schools, and also by one or two of the gentlemen giving regular weekly or bi-weekly talks from Radio Station XCDN. Their diction, while otherwise pleasant to the ear, often stamps them as offenders in regard to the particular point raised in this protest. What they may regard as really good "Oxford English" in their use of the letter "r" certainly fails to commend itself to very many British people in Shanghai, or to the majority of Americans as well.

CALEDONIA.

Shanghai, May 22.

The Refugees:

Plea to British Firms

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—War is raging between Democracy and Dictatorship. Both are fighting for their principles. Freedom and equality against slavery and oppression. There is no doubt where my sympathies are. England, momentarily the sole nation resisting Germany, must and shall gain the final victory for maintaining freedom, justice and equality. But here in the East the economical fight is not less hard. I am sorry to state that here in the East the British do not keep to their democratic principles. For sixteen months here in Shanghai I try hard to get a job and therefore follow up attentively the advertisements for vacant positions. It strikes me to read so often: "British firm has vacancy, only British subjects need to apply." (I do not refer to government positions.) Being a refugee, and owing to unfortunate circumstances nearly destitute of all my means, of good appearance, with all round knowledge, I am unable to find a position in any capacity. Last year I fought even as professional boxer for the benefit of the British War Fund. That it was not a financial success is not my fault. Anyhow, many of my fellow-men and I gave and give their share to support the sake of the British. Would it not be right if the great British firms would give up their reserve and would give us refugees also a chance? Most of us having endured hardship beyond endurance are here faced with the impossibility of getting a job. Well, if this letter will catch the attention of some employers, the purpose of my writing is attained.

HENRY VASEN.

Shanghai, May 22.

School Fees:

Indignant Chinese Mother

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I read with indignation a news article published in your esteemed paper on May 18 regarding the Council's increase of school fees from the next term, and cannot help voicing my strong opposition to the new arrangement as a Chinese mother who has three children studying in secondary schools and four in a primary school. As a salaried individual who always has only barely enough means at his disposal just to keep wolves away from the door in these days of high cost of living, my husband can hardly provide the tuition for the next term for our children to say nothing of other expenses involved for the same purpose, and I am sure that numerous Chinese parents are suffering from the same experience.

I do not like to be thought of being too personal about the affair but it is a fact that the earning power of a Chinese is smaller when compared with a foreigner even when they are of equal ability. The increased rates as published should not be paid even by foreign children, for it is not customary for a municipal administration already taxing the public heavily to collect tuition in such an exorbitant manner. The enormous increase in tuition will cause Chinese parents to express regret and probably to prevent many of their children from going to school, contrary to their wish. In the long run, therefore, the policy of increased tuition may not save the Council's financial situation. On the contrary, it may mean reduced revenues as fewer pupils will mean less payments. The fact is that there are no Chinese salaried individuals who can draw as much high cost of living allowance as Council employees do and the latter may therefore be among the privileged ones to send their children to school care-free.

It is my opinion that while collecting its revenues mostly from the Chinese who form the majority of the residents, the Council should at least be able to arrange for cheap school fees for Chinese children if it is not able to do anything else positively to help them on this "isolated island" where protection and other municipal duties have become difficult tasks owing to the changed situation.

I am writing to appeal to all Chinese parents who have sent their children to municipal schools for concerted action against the enormous increase of tuition. I am sure I am not fighting single-handed, as I know also that some school authorities are sympathetic with me, realizing that the increased tuition will bring trouble rather than comfort to them. I hope that the authorities will be more prudent and reasonable in this matter, and reconsider their policy before it becomes too much involved.

INDIGNANT MOTHER.

Shanghai, May 21.

"Susan and God":

A Reader's Reaction

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Some people are commending the picture, "Susan and God;" some are condemning it. I went to see it. I went to see it twice.

I was greatly troubled, not about the imperfect way in which Susan represented God, but the way I represent Him or fail to represent Him. After God had been presented in all of Susan's imperfections to that crowd, it wasn't so easy for them to lie. They all made fun of taking God into all the relationships of life, especially in the home, but before the end, they were different—Susan most of all. I was greatly impressed with the way Barrie reached out to hope that God could make him different. Barrie isn't the only fellow who would like to be different. Charlotte had character to begin with. At the end she had God. Even Susan saw that.

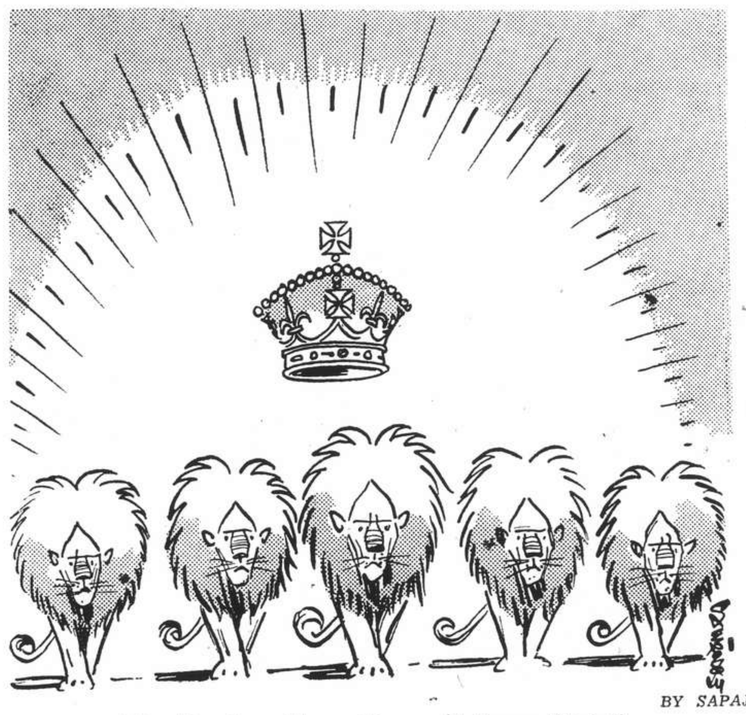
The picture made me uncomfortable. It has made many the same way. Some meet that uncomfortable feeling with the easiest possible shrug of the shoulders, and say, "She has gone 'Nuts'," while others recognize that a change is needed in their own lives.

The picture suggested to me that God is the answer to divorce. Susan proved it in their home relationship. She said, too, "God is the answer to War."

In seeing the film the first time, I missed entirely what Susan said to Barrie at the end. "God could do absolutely nothing for me until I dug out every rotten thing in my life."

H. EUGENE DAVIS.

Shanghai, May 21.



BY SAPAJOU

The Empire—Every Day and Every Night!

The Horn Menace:

Some Advice Offered

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—"Do not toot unnecessarily." Blimey! I wouldn't even lift me little finger on the button if those bloomin' rickshaws do not run three deep, the big bully buses do not squeeze in on the left side, the cyclists do not make figures of eight. Aye! follow me advice and this blessed town will be as tranquil as "Midsummer Night's Dream."

H. P. CHANSON.

Shanghai, May 21.

And Other Noises

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wish to support AVENUE JOFFRE when he states that worse even than the horn menace in Shanghai, is the clang-clang of the trams in the French Concession.

In the early morning hours when streets are still deserted, one can hear the trams coming for a mile, as they never stop even once their noisy bells and the "clang-clang" goes on so one really may think the trams would not go without it.

Could the Traffic Police not take up this more important nuisance?

Anybody of my opinion may take up this correspondence also.

RUE DU CONSULAT.

Shanghai, May 22.

Hungjao Road:

Appeal to Drivers

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Here in Shanghai we have not many places left to go for fresh air, the only nice drive is to the Hungjao Road—Aerodrome and the Rubicon—MacLeod Roads.

Many people take their children along on Sunday mornings for such a pleasure drive in the open. There are, however, some very unreasonable drivers who all of a sudden will pass by you at top speed creating a regular smoke screen of dust. A special signboard on the roadway reads very clearly:—"Please Drive Slowly——Dust." Unfortunately this sign is not read by such drivers, so I am taking this opportunity of calling the public's attention to it, and maybe it will help.

If everyone would drive slowly along the dusty part of the road, things would not be so bad and everybody would enjoy the Sunday morning drive. Who else is of my opinion?

ANTI-DUST.

Shanghai, May 22.

"XCDN Calling":

Praise from Refugee

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I wanted very much to see the show "XCDN Calling" but I could not afford to buy the seats. But on Tuesday night I heard the broadcast of this show over XMHC and in humble gratitude I enclose a small donation for the Air Relief.

May I sincerely congratulate the cast of 150 people. MR. OLIVER LANGLEY says are responsible for this show and its success. They have done wonderfully well.

A REFUGEE.

Shanghai, May 21.

Baha'u'llah:

A Scheme for Peace

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—As May 23 is the 97th anniversary (1844) of the Declaration of the Bab (who sacrificed himself to be crucified), the forerunner of Baha'u'llah promised by all ancient religions, a day that is referred to in the Holy Books of the past. I wish to give a few explanations of my views.

All living beings are created by a just God with the will to live and to possess the means that enable them to same. In order to gain them they use all means indiscriminately in their struggle for life. But men want power and goods not only within the limits of supporting themselves but even if their needs are sufficiently provided, for they struggle for fame beyond all limits. For this end they use all ways, disregarding justice and equity, until they reach a point that is cause for the killing of thousands of men and for the destruction of the entire civilization in a day, and they boast of such shameful deeds. This is the cause of the conflict between men and men. Only very few people exhibit just and proper means to reach their goals.

This is one of the reasons why God sent his prophets into the world with power to renew the aim of religion and with a law that would prevent men from infringing the right of others, which have been determined by divine providence.

Peace and order are one of the fundamental teachings of all religions. Relief and endowment are the fruits of believing in religion, obedience to social orders is the feature of believers. On the other hand, most of the troubles for people and government are caused by unbelievers. As the high classes and the wealthy ones, who are the profiteers of unlawful conditions see that the new order is against their positions, they disagree with the purposes of the prophets and find from the Holy Books some ambiguous words by which they show people that the prophet has not been sent from God. But as his teachings are the need of the time, they cannot be stopped by man. They can only be slowed down. Religion gradually ascends and penetrates the world and establishes by its teachings an example of the heavenly paradise among believers on earth. As there are even among believers some foul individuals, they try to obtain for themselves influence and felicity. Posing to be the prophet's representatives, they begin to comment on the prophetic words, to make them suit their own aims, thus sowing the seed of doubt in the hearts of the poor believers and creating sects and partitions. Some militant people claim to be protectors of religion, but under this disguise they abuse religion for their own selfish purposes. Plain people do not think that spiritual ideas are spread by persuasion only without physical force, and follow blindly those who hamper religion and lead it astray from its original lofty standard and make it the laughing-stock of unbelievers. Others who have no authority in this line and whose ambitions are in discordance with religion, in order to poison the atmosphere, pick up some words from the Holy Books and pervert them to make them fit into their schemes and create some false tales to prove the helplessness of religion and the expediency of external powers. Thus they turn the hearts of people from God to material power and make them followers of their own unlawful ways.

By this way they make religion weak and bring people into worse situations.

In order to eradicate this kind of evil and to establish permanent peace, Baha'u'llah in some of his ordinances enjoined his followers:

(1) Compulsory Education for all to prevent ignorance.
(2) Necessity of work for all to forestall parasites.
(3) Prohibition of pride to grant equal right to all.
(4) Wherever there are more than nine believers they must form an organization, the local spiritual assembly, of at least nine members elected for one year. These assemblies are to protect the purity of religion from others who want to interfere with its teachings and to make people content themselves with their own limits. These assemblies are subject in every country to the national spiritual assembly, who all together elect one international spiritual assembly with authority all over the world in all matters concerning religion and whose members are all directed towards the same goal. Thus discrepancies in the understanding of the scriptures mentioned above are made impossible because there is no place for individual interpretation, and in case of need any explanation can be made only under the auspices of the international spiritual assembly.

I am sure that all impartial thinkers will testify that this is the way to permanent peace.

H. OUSKOULI.

Shanghai, May 22.

Thai Paper Predicts New War

Bangkok, May 23.

The newspaper "Krungthep Varasab" editorially predicted yesterday that Thailand would be engaged in another war "sooner or later" which would bring Thailand greater victories than the recent conflict with French Indo-China. The editorial, entitled "Road to Honour" did not specify the other belligerent in the predicted war, but it was obvious that Indo-China was indicated.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF MAY 24, 1871

At a meeting of members of the Debating Society held last evening, it was decided to hand over the balance of the society's funds to the promoters of the new public library and museum, on condition that, in the event of the society being reconstituted, it shall have the privilege of meeting in the library building. It will be remembered that H.M. Government offered a site for a public library, in the neighbourhood of the old jail on condition that the building was erected within a certain time. This time is now within two months of expiry; but we are glad to learn that a struggle is being made at the last moment to raise the necessary funds, and that there is every chance of a house being built within the stipulated time.

House Passes Two Pipe Line Bills

Washington, May 23.

The House of Representatives yesterday passed two bills authorizing the Secretary of War to grant oil and petrol pipe line rights of way across Camp Wallace in the Philippines.

The rights of way would be given to the Asiatic Petroleum Company, Ltd., and the Standard Vaccum Oil Company. The easements may be annulled if the property is needed by the Government, or for non-compliance with the agreement.—United Press.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

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WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

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To-day's Programme

6.00-7.30 a.m. **Empire Day Broadcast sponsored by the Boy Scouts' Association**
12.00 Mid-day Concert, including William Tell and 1812 Overtures
12.45 **News in English**
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in Hindustani
1.30 Peter Adam's German Programme
2.00 Spanish Recordings
2.30 Miscellaneous English Comedians—2nd Edition
3.00 Argentine Tangos
3.30 Dance Music by English Orchestras
4.30 Chinese Programme including songs by Miss Long Yu-shu
7.00 Greek Programme
7.30 News in French
7.45 Empire Day Programme
8.00 **Relay of B.B.C. News and Talk (Conditions Permitting)**
8.30 "Calling the Empire"
9.00 **News in English followed by B.B.C. Programme and Local Announcements**
9.20 "Democracy and the British Empire" Talk by John Harford
9.30 Elgar's Cockaigne Overture
9.45 **"The Empire at War"—Recorded excerpts from Winston Churchill's speeches (relayed from B.B.C.)**
10.00 Empire Day Request Programme conducted by Kenneth Mackenzie
11.00 **Late Night Final**
11.10 Peter Adam's German Programme
11.40 **Moviegoers' News Summary**
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

Main items in this evening's London programme which can be heard on the 16 (GSV) and 19 (GSF) metre bands throughout and on the 25 (GSD) metre band from 10.45 p.m. are:—

8.00 News and Topical Talk.
8.30 Calling British Forces in the Far East.
9.15 The Callahan Touch. "Murder with a twist."
9.45 The Empire at War. Recorded excerpts from the Prime Minister's Speeches.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Dennis Noble.
11.00 Music Hall.
Mnight. Books and People. Talk.

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Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Children's hour.
2.00 Chinese music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light Music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. Prisoners of war (3).
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

In Central Europe.

Weber: Invitation to Waltz; Kreisler: Viennese caprice; Kreisler: Chinese tambourin; Goldmark: Air op. 28; Albert: Fantasy; Bartok: Rumanian dances; Brahms: Hungarian dances; Gaertner: Viennest dances; Dvorak: Slavonic dance; Brahms: Hungarian dance; Brahms: Waltz; Konneman: When the king went forth to war; Bruch: Kol Nidrei; Adagio; Brahms: Waltzes; Novacek: Perpetual movement; Schrecker: The Infanta's birthday; Brahms: Adagio from Sonata in D minor.

Japan Urged to Break Off Talks With N.E.I.

Tokyo, May 23.

The Japanese government was urged to cut off conversations with the Netherlands East Indies by the "Kokumin Shimbun," the Japanese army organ, in an outspoken editorial this morning, as "it is now clear that a solution is impossible through words." Adding that it is apparent the Netherlands East Indies problems are not simply one of the Netherlands East Indies, but has changed to an Anglo-American issue.

"We must not overlook the importance of this fact," warned the "Kokumin."

The "Kokumin" concluded that the abandonment of the conversations would not mean a reversal of Japan's claims, but rather a switching from a negative to a positive attitude.

"This is a premise from which we may march toward greater things. A complete construction in the East Asia prosperity sphere could be hoped for, for the first time, after we have been released from talking and have attained freedom of action."—Reuter.

McNutt Gets Civilian Defence Post

Washington, May 23.

Mr. Paul V. McNutt, Social Security Administrator, will serve on the board of civilian protection in the office of Civilian Defence, Mayor Fiorello La Guardia, Mayor of New York and board director, announced yesterday.

Mr. McNutt, who was former U.S. High Commissioner to the Philippines, will advise and assist in formulation of programmes "to afford adequate protection to life and property in the event of an emergency," Mayor La Guardia said.

Mayor La Guardia's announcement was in answer to questions concerning possible conflict in jurisdiction between functions of the Social Security Administration, headed by Mr. McNutt and the new office of Civilian Defence, headed by the Mayor.—United Press.

AUCTIONS

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1 "Philco" 11-Tube all wave radio 220v., 1 "R.C.A. Victor" 10-tube all wave radio with transformer 110/220 volts, 1 "Atwater-Kent" 8-tube all wave radio 220 volts
1 "Sheffield" Complete canteen set of 125 pcs. in case
1 "Marvin" 15-jewel non magnetic and dust proof wrist watch
1 "Tavannes" Reverso 15-jewel wrist watch with Stainless steel belt

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

EMPIRE DAY

Today Empire Day is being celebrated while the British Commonwealth of nations is fighting in the greatest crusade of its history. Today the youth of Empire is gallantly shedding its blood for the ideals which they adore. Today men, women and children are paying the price of greatness in those tight little islands the nerve centre of the imperial system. It is to Great Britain that the thoughts of most will naturally turn on this anniversary, the scene of centuries of struggle which has brought to men the liberty they hold so dear.

It is the land that freemen till,
That sober-suited Freedom chose;
The land where, girt with friends or foes,
A man may speak the thing he will;
A land of settled government,
A land of just and old renown
Where Freedom slowly broadens down
From precedent to precedent.

It is the land from which men have spread throughout the world making two blades of grass to grow where only one did before, helping backward nations to work out their own destinies, freeing the enslaved, a land upon which all exiles think with more than a little emotion on such a day as this.

And of the Empire what can be said in these times,—when it has rallied to the cause of Great Britain so gloriously that there is something of sublimity in it,—more apt than the words of Kipling the minstrel of empire?

Those that have stayed at thy knees Mother,
go call them in—
We that were bred overseas wait and
would speak with our kin.
Not in the dark do we fight—haggle and
flout and gibe;
Selling our love for a price, loaning our
hearts for a bribe:
Gifts have we only today—Love without
promise or fee—
Hear for thy children speak, from the
uttermost parts of the sea.

There is a touching story of the last moments of King George V that, on one occasion of brief consciousness before he died, he asked his secretary: "How is the Empire?" It was an unusual phrase in that form, and the secretary replied "All is well, sir, with the Empire." And the King gave him a smile and relapsed once more into unconsciousness.

That spiritually all is well with the Empire which King George loved so deeply is amply demonstrated by the voluntary response to the call to arms which Dominion after Dominion and colony after colony so spontaneously gave. Today that Empire stands in great peril. Against it the wickedest combination that the minds of evil men have ever conceived is warring with enormous strength. Almost alone the British Empire is continuing the fight. Almost alone it will persevere until that menace, and the men responsible for it have been destroyed, and freedom for all men restored to the waiting world. The time will come when those "lesser breeds without the law" will be taught that might is not right, that those who seek to live by the sword shall indeed perish by it. That is the immediate mission of the British Empire and its arms will not be laid down until that end has been attained. There will be no peace until victory has been obtained; there will be nothing but sweat and blood and tears until mankind has been rescued from the slavery with which it is threatened.

For the Empire is indeed embarked upon its greatest crusade. From that point of view this war must be regarded as a holy one. It is not so far as the Empire is concerned one of aggrandisement, but one of resistance to callous, calculated aggression. That is why the heart of the Empire is so firmly behind Great Britain in this struggle, why there is that intense faith in its destiny to save the world from an era of brutality and domination by politically immature nations. The fight must go on. There can be no talking of peace until the cause of right emerges triumphant, and security obtained for all the countries of the earth. On such a day as this these determinations must be reaffirmed with faith in the justice of the cause and trust that Providence will dedicate our arms to victory. Then again all will be well with the Empire; all will be well with the world.

VICHY WARNED

The warning which Mr. Anthony Eden gave the Vichy Government in the House of Commons on Thursday was not only timely but fully expected. Out of the mass of contradictory statements with which Marshal Petain's government has sought to explain away further surrender to Germany's demands, emerges one plain fact,—that France is now committed to giving Germany every assistance short of actually entering the war on her side, though even that may ultimately occur. Growing suspicions that France has been giving considerable aid to Germany calculated to diminish the effects of the blockade have been confirmed. Within six weeks well over 100,000 tons of war material, wool and fruit have been handed over to the Germans, while at the Paris Fair, M. Bouthillier, Secretary of French National Economy admitted that one-quarter of the French electrical and mechanical industries was working for the Germans. What is really happening is that the Germans are using unoccupied France as an arsenal, hoping that it will remain safe from British attentions, and consequently more valuable than those industrial regions in Germany which the R.A.F. has been battering so effectively.

It is typical of the Germans to shelter behind the skirts of a defeated enemy, but Mr. Eden has made it quite plain that this cannot be allowed to continue indefinitely. "If," he declared, "the Vichy Government in pursuance of their declared policy of collaboration with the enemy take an action or permit an action detrimental to our conduct of war, or designed to assist the enemy's war effort, we shall naturally hold ourselves free to attack the enemy wherever he may be found, and we shall no longer feel bound to draw any distinction between occupied and unoccupied territories in the execution of our military plans." Nothing could be more forthright, and in the circumstances nothing could represent a sounder policy.

Marshal Petain has claimed that he has been following a policy consistent with the national honour of France. That is denied by British and American authorities, and it is doubtful whether any Frenchmen of honour would endeavour to support such an argument. The present collaboration between the Vichy Government and Germany reeks with dishonour, amounting to a betrayal not only of a former Ally but of the best interests of France whose only hope for the future is an Allied victory over the Germans. Nothing has been divulged as to the promises Hitler has given Marshal Petain in exchange for this increased cooperation. A mere 100,000 prisoners of war, out of 1,500,000 are to be allowed to return to their homes, but beyond that nothing is known of what other tempting bait has been dangled before Marshal Petain. He cannot possibly believe that Hitler if he emerged victorious from this war would honour his pledges. There would be absolutely no reason why he should, and a man whose very career has been throughout rooted in infamy can be expected no more to change his behaviour than the leopard can his spots.

For just about a year the British Government has been following a very tolerant policy towards the Vichy Government, probably having been influenced by American opinion. That, as is shown by President Roosevelt's declarations to M. Henri Haye, the French Ambassador, has considerably stiffened of late. It was inevitable in the light of all the facts that this should be the case, and it is now very apparent that Marshal Petain is robbing his countrymen of any claim to consideration by the adoption of a policy which, whether they want it or not, is ranging them on the side of the enemies of democracy. Loyal Frenchmen will realize that there is not one Briton who would not feel pain in his heart if Marshal Petain by continuance of his present policies forced the British Government to take extreme decisions, but if France is to be converted into a safe asylum for the production of war material for Germany steps will have to be taken to stop it no matter the grief it would cause.

Increased Assistance

It is becoming increasingly obvious to the American citizen that the war in Europe is just as much their war as it is the war of the Allies. What is at stake is not merely the British, Dutch and Belgian empires, but the vital principle of freedom—whether mankind shall continue on the road of progress and civilization or whether he shall be lifted spiritually and physically back to the era of the Middle Ages. It is significant that two of the key men in the American administration have denounced the Neutrality Act during the last few days, while President Roosevelt's letter to the head of the U.S. Maritime Commission, Rear-Admiral Emory S. Land, made his views on the matter quite clear. In the summaries which have so far been cabled to Shanghai, the President made no mention of the Neutrality Act, but he declared that United States vessels "will carry through the seven seas implements of war which will help to destroy the menace to free people everywhere." This statement would appear to mean that the President believes that the usefulness of the Neutrality Act, which forbids the use of belligerent seas to United States ships, has ceased to exist, and that it is time that fresh measures were undertaken. Said the President: "If we are going to keep away from our shores the forces which have convulsed the Old World and now menace the New, the job will be done in a large measure by the ships and sailors of the merchant marine and by the working men who build ships and supply them. If they fail, the whole effort fails." And in another passage he makes it plain that he refers to the United States merchant marine and no other, when he says: "More and faster ships will be built and manned by trained American seamen." The first clause of the "Cash and Carry" legislation was to a large extent swept away by the Lend and Lease Act. It seems that shortly the second clause, the "Carry" clause, will go the same way. The sooner this happens the better for all concerned, including the United States. It has been emphasized many times that this is a war of weapons. The Nazis gained several years start in their preparations and are therefore much better prepared with weapons than are the Allies, who pinned their faith up to almost the last moment in peace. It is therefore the duty of those nations who believe in the ideals for which the Allies are fighting to exert their utmost efforts to see that the advantage the Nazis possess is quickly nullified. This is being done, but with the Nazis intensifying their campaign against convoys, through the U-boat, the surface raider, and the bomber, there is a great amount of effort going to waste. This should not and will not be allowed to continue, if the utterances of the leading statesmen of America can be believed. The cause of the Allies and that of the Western Hemisphere is a common one. If the Allies are forced to submit to Hitler's "new order"—of which there is little chance at present—then it will very quickly be the turn of the Western Hemisphere to meet the challenge. One of the greatest disintegrating forces the world has ever seen, Naziism, cannot stop once it has begun to move until it has overrun the whole world. The overthrow of Naziism is just as important for the nations which have so far been only indirectly affected, as it is for those who are now engaged in the life and death struggle. This fact is appreciated in high American circles, and action can accordingly be confidently expected.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

May 20.—The fact that a Flower Show is to be held at the Shanghai Race Club on Saturday and Sunday caused us to turn to our books in an endeavour to find out where the idea of holding flower shows originated. In Boyle's encyclopædia, we read that "they were originated by the London Horticultural Society which was founded in 1804." At the meetings held by the society, members exhibited their produce, not with any idea of personal gain or of covering expenses; but with the object of encouraging the cultivation and improvement of the plants grown at that time. At shows held in most countries, new plants, the result of careful hybridization and selection, are continually being introduced to a public ever willing to grow something that will improve and make still more interesting the plot of land under their care. In this respect, people in Europe and America are more fortunate than we are here: they are able to see new plants and their habit of growth; we have to trust to descriptions appearing in catalogues. Bacon describes gardening as "the greatest refreshment to the spirit of man" and "the purest of human pleasures." It is safe to presume that the desire for closer contact with nature is present in all of us: it may be concealed in many; but it exists and only requires an opportunity to develop. There must be something wrong with a person who does not like to look upon the thousands of useful and beautiful plants and flowers that nature provides for our enjoyment and, in many cases, our sustenance. A Flower Show gives us the opportunity of examining, at closer quarters, many plants that we often pass with just a cursory glance and many vegetables that some of us only see when cooked: we see the best from our neighbour's garden and the spirit of competition encourages us to try to obtain facilities for growing some ourselves that may beat those we have seen. Many of the exhibits on view on Saturday and Sunday have been carefully tended for many months. To exhibit at a flower show requires months of preparatory work in many cases, and the lovely table and other decorations that we look forward to seeing at our local show have all been carefully studied, the arrangement of flowers and the blending of colours is no easy task and the exhibitors deserve public support. The winners of prizes are naturally delighted with the result, but the losers are not disheartened: their love for flowers is too great to allow them to become discouraged, a defeat at one show generally results in a victory at a later exhibition and much of the credit for the improvement we have seen in the quality of plants and flowers that are obtainable at local florists' shops these days as compared with the produce purchasable not so very many years ago, must be given to the exhibitors at our Flower Shows, who have introduced many plants to this city and brought here many new ideas in flower decoration.—W.J.K.

Unsung Heroines of War

Stories of gallantry are being told in Great Britain, and often they are stories of the gallantry of women—every-day women who in ordinary times never would have considered themselves capable of gallantry at all, observes the "Christian Science Monitor." There is the music teacher, Mary Cornish, who set out for Canada in the City of Benares with a group of evacuee children. When the ship was torpedoed 600 miles from land, she performed an act of heroism that hardly could be surpassed.

When the City of Benares sank, Mary Cornish found herself with six little boys and some 30-odd British and Lascar sailors adrift in an open boat on a rough Atlantic Ocean. The sailors rigged a canvas covering and under this Mary Cornish sheltered the children, covering them with two blankets, and for eight days crouched beside them, showing them how to exercise cramped limbs, massaging their legs to keep them from frostbite, telling them stories. At the end of eight days she delivered the children safely to the care of a British warship.

There is Sonia Straw—little more than a schoolgirl—who was one of the first women to be decorated with the George Medal by the King. Sonia Straw sits, during working hours, at a desk in the office of a firm of solicitors in South London. Out of work hours she is an A. R. P. Warden, with steel helmet and official brassard. South London has been heavily raided, and Sonia Straw has done her share of rescue work. One night, with hostile aeroplanes roaring overhead and the debris of ruined homes lying across the streets of her district, she found injured persons waiting for attention. Quickly as she could, and without the slightest regard for the danger to herself, Sonia Straw dressed the wounds, comforting everyone by her cool courage. It never occurred to her that her action was heroic. "It wasn't pleasant," she admitted afterwards, "but somebody had to do the job."

Elizabeth Lyle is another heroine. An A.R.P. Warden of Edinburgh, she discovered one night that a baby had been trapped beneath the debris of a ruined tenement. Elizabeth Lyle was well aware of the danger involved in entering a bombed building but she thought the baby would be worth the risk, so in she went, bringing the child out alive.

For her gallantry, she received Royal commendation—an honour never before conferred upon a woman north of the Tweed.

Gallantry of 12-Year-Old Girl

There was Ann Meryl Reid, a mere child of 12 who, on her way to Jamaica as an evacuee, was torpedoed in the Atlantic. Ann Meryl, said everyone afterwards, was the heroine of the adventure. She insisted, once in the lifeboat, upon giving her coat to a younger brother and her scarf to a friend who appeared sorely in need of it. Then she began to sing — "John Brown's Body," "There'll Always Be an England," "Tipperary," anything and everything she could remember—keeping things going for two days until her boatload was rescued.

There are many heroines in England in these days. Women who never may be recognized as heroines save by those who come directly in contact with them. Like Mrs. Mason and "Susie," for instance, who nightly take care of the 14,000 or more men, women, and children who flock for safety to what they call "Nightmare Arches" in the East End of London.

Nobody but the East Enders may meet Mrs. Mason and "Susie," yet the two spend 20 hours out of every 24 in trying — through, sheer neighbourliness—to bring comfort to the refugees from night raiders. Mrs. Mason and "Susie" carry drinking water to the children, they "mind" babies, they bind up moral and physical hurts, they see that the aged find corners in which to sleep. When the great concourse has gone out to another day, Mrs. Mason and "Susie"—unknown to anybody—slip back with pail and brush to make everything shipshape and ready for another gathering.

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 324 days and there have been 7,119 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 330 days and there have been 1,158 contributors. The latest totals follow:—

Fund	Amount Ch. $	Contributed £ Sterling
Central British War Fund	7,175.98	59,756.15.10*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	11,030.00	164,240. 1. 5§
War Savings Association	62,367.62	56,252. 2. 4‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ into £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

Correct

TEACHER: "Mary, what important event took place in 1732?"

Mary: "George Washington was born."

Teacher: "Correct. Henry, what happened in 1742?"

Henry: "George was ten years old."

* * *

Case in Point

PROFESSOR: "Arithmetic is an exact science. Figures can't lie. For instance, if one man can build a house in 12 days, 12 men can build it in one."

Student: "Then 288 men can build it in one hour, 17,280 in one minute, or 1,036,800 in one second."

* * *

Both Baffled

THE publicity man, strange as it may seem, ran out of synonyms for the word colossal. So he telephoned a friend, a moving picture tycoon, asked: "What is a synonym for colossal?"

To which the m.p.t. is reported to have replied: "First, please, tell me—what is a synonym?"

* * *

Good Woman and True

THROUGH no fault of his own, a gentleman found himself sitting on juries in one of the New York Municipal Courts, trying civil cases. In the first case, he and ten of the other jurors were for the plaintiff. The twelfth, a firm-jawed, somewhat proletarian lady, had taken no part in the discussion but voted firmly for the defendant. It was no serious matter, for a ten-to-two vote determined the decision of the jury, but it was sufficient to arouse the curiosity of the judge, who had the dissenting juror identified and gave her a little talk, congratulating her upon sticking without compromise to her opinions. This turned out to have been a mistake.

Some days later the gentleman was on another jury with the firm-jawed lady and again the verdict would have been unanimous for the plaintiff but for her. She again held out, alone but solid, for the defendant. This time our man ventured to argue with her, but he didn't get anywhere. "You heard what the judge said the other day," she told him. "Since then I have been voting for all the defendants."

—"New Yorker."

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Immense War Effort Made By Canadians

THE magnificent effort being made by Canada in this war was described by Major V. E. Duclos, the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Shanghai, in a talk over Station XCDN on Thursday night. In the eighteen months the war has lasted, declared Major Duclos, Canada's armed forces have grown to a point where today in the three services there are a quarter of a million men on active service, and 175,000 enrolled in the reserve army. Huge appropriations have been made towards the cost of the war, no less than 44 per cent. of Canada's national income being spent in the effort for victory. Major Duclos' talk follows:—

My purpose to-night is to give you the broad outlines of the Canadian war effort on land, at sea and in the air—by members of our Army, Navy, Air Force and by our civilians—and in doing so I feel I cannot do better than use extracts from a statement made by the Right Honourable W. L. Mackenzie King, Prime Minister of Canada, before the House of Commons on March 25, 1941.

It is only eighteen months since the Dominion entered the war, yet in that year and a half, Canada's armed forces have grown to the point where today, in the three services, there are a quarter of a million men on active service, not including over 175,000 additional men, enrolled in the reserve army, who are subject to call for the defence of Canada.

Defence of Britain

A Canadian Army Corps, Canadian destroyers, and Canadian air squadrons are sharing in the defence of Britain. Canada's navy and air force are doing their part to keep open the vital sea lanes of the north Atlantic Canadian garrisons in Iceland, Newfoundland and the West Indies are on guard in the outposts of the American continent. Canadian engineers are strengthening the defences of Gibraltar, and in recent months we have also sent overseas hundreds of radio mechanics for vital defence duties with the Royal Air Force. From the Atlantic to the Pacific, Canada today is throbbing with military activity. The Canadian Navy, which had only fifteen ships when war broke out, now has over 180. Nearly sixty military training camps are distributed across the country, while some ninety establishments of the British Commonwealth air-training plan are already in operation, in which pilots from Canada, Australia, New Zealand and the United Kingdom are given air-training in the more advanced stages.

Huge Appropriations

For the maintenance and expansion of this military programme an appropriation of thirteen hundred million dollars ($1,300,000,000) was recently voted in the House of Commons. Stupendous though this figure is, the Minister of Finance announced that he expected the appropriation to be exceeded and that his estimate was that in the next fiscal year (1941 to 1942) Canada's direct war effort would cost the Canadian people fourteen hundred and fifty million dollars ($1,450,000,000). This is Canada's outright national contribution as a belligerent. It is being paid for in full by the Canadian people. It is not something that has been leased to Britain. It is not something that is being lent to Britain. It is a direct contribution by Canada to the cause of freedom. It represents the free-will offering which the Dominion began to make over a year and a half ago when it was decided that Canada should enter the war at the side of Britain. It is a contribution which Canada is making today and which she will continue to make.

Twofold Task

But Canada has a twofold task in this war. Not only is she sharing as a full partner in the struggle, not only is she bearing the whole cost of equipping, supplying and maintaining her military, naval and air forces at home and overseas, giving of life as well as of treasure, but she is helping to supply to Britain equipment, munitions and other essentials of war. In common with the United States, Canada is an arsenal of democracy. Canadian labour and Canadian industry have responded splendidly and all along the line Canadian industry has been geared up to make a maximum contribution to the prosecution of the war.

An aircraft industry has been built from the ground up, while motor transport vehicles are being turned out at the rate of hundreds a day. Machine guns, trench mortars, shells and ammunition, bombs for aircraft, chemicals and steel are being produced in increasing quantities and before the year ends Canada will be supplying field guns, naval guns, anti-air craft and anti-tank guns and Lee-Enfield rifles. The production of tanks and of cargo vessels is already under way and plans are being made to build destroyers in Canada.

Indirect Contribution

Perhaps the best illustration I can give of the magnitude of the indirect contribution by Canada to the war is to say that, over and above what is being appropriated for her direct war effort, Canada expects during the next twelve months to send to Britain approximately fifteen hundred million dollars' worth of munitions of war, raw materials and agricultural products.

To meet the total burden of Canada's direct war effort and her indirect effort in the form of financial assistance to the United Kingdom during the fiscal year of 1941 will require almost 44 per cent. of the national income. But this is merely the financial side and it should never be forgotten that Canada is spending not only her treasure but her blood. Surely in the light of such a war record, without boasting and without vainglory, we may all take pride in the vision, the unity, the resolution and the achievement of the Canadian people. This, the most stupendous effort in the national history of Canada, is one which is wholly worthy of the Dominion and of which every Canadian is entitled to be justly proud.

Silk Industry Hard Hit

While most of the silk filatures in Shanghai have to suspend business in view of difficulties in obtaining cocoons from the occupied interior, as revealed in recent Chinese reports, silkworm-raising farmers in the most important silk producing district, Wusih, have suffered a great loss owing to the decreased volume of export business not only in Shanghai but also in foreign countries. Besides, the weather this year has been extremely unfavourable to the business, the changeable weather during the past few months having caused numerous silkworms to die.

The gloomy outlook of this important Chinese export business is revealed in a most detailed way by a "Central China Daily News" correspondent writing from Wusih, who asserts that the future of the trade is very gloomy. The farmers made a big profit last year and encouraged by this fact they continued their business in this year with more enthusiasm. Unexpectedly, the weather played havoc with silkworms. Following many warm days the weather suddenly became cold for a few days, during which the farmers had to sacrifice numerous silkworms.

Crop Depleted

The weather in Wusih during the past week has been good but experts say that the farmers have already lost heavily and that the spring crop of cocoons will only be between 50 or 70 per cent. when compared with previous years of good harvest. Farmers growing mulberry have also sustained a great loss through the reduction of the price of mulberry leaves consequent upon the bad cocoon crop. During the prosperity period last year, it is said, the price of mulberry was $40 per picul, but it has now been reduced to between $12 and $13.

The silk filature business in Wusih is second only to Shanghai but now it is on the decline. During the prosperity period there were more than 50 filatures in the district having more than 10,000 machines and feeding more than 500,000 workers. After the hostilities in the district, the Central China Silk Company came into existence and co-operation between the Japanese and Chinese was later responsible for the establishment of ten big silk filatures. They made so big a profit that about 300 small silk filatures sprang up like mushrooms.

Many Bad Factors

Owing to lack of the outlet of their products and the bad cocoon crop only about 50 of these 300 silk filatures are planning to reopen for business. Despite the Japanese control, the correspondent admits that silk merchants are hesitant to buy cocoons. They consider that there are "thorns in every place" and their business "lacks protection." The transportation problem is difficult to solve and the outlook of the overseas market is bad, it is said. As a result, big cocoon hongs are doing no business at present.

Anti-U.S. Campaign In Indo-China

Saigon, May 23.

Authoritative Indo-China sources today asserted that the alleged anti-Indo-China policies on the part of the United States, including Washington's blocking of Indo-China credits and refusing to sell oil to this country, "forces us entirely into Japanese hands."

The U. S. attitude has visibly angered this French colony, and papers here the past three days have carried on a violent anti-American editorial campaign while anti-American talk is common in the city.

It was expected here that Washington's refusal to sell fuel to French vessels operating in the Far East will kill Indo-China's shipping, forcing the colony to rely on Japanese shipping and thus further strengthen Japan's economic hold on Indo-China.

Indo-China is already on a strict rationing basis covering gasoline, and this ration soon will contain 50 per cent. of local-produced alcohol to take up the shortage.—United Press.

Japan Wants "Bigger, Better Families"

Tokyo, May 23.

The slogan "Bigger And Better Families," with the benevolent aid of the Government, will be explained in pamphlets to be circulated among young couples and prospective marriage partners soon by the Welfare Ministry.

The Welfare Ministry is worried at the slow response to offers for the marriage aid funds and birth subsidies which have been in force since May 1. Several applications have been made for marriage loans but none for birth subsidies.

Would-be couples can borrow between Y.50 and Y.300 payable in four years with an annual eight per cent. interest, while "eugenically passable" couples will receive Y.50 a birth five years after application.

The Welfare Ministry will try to convince the public that the loans and subsidies are worth the slight amount of red tape involved.—Domei.

Auxiliary Vessel Sunk

London, May 23.

The Admiralty yesterday announced that the auxiliary vessel Queen Worth, of 2,047 tons, has been sunk. The next of kin of casualties were informed.—United Press.

April Property Loss $1,138,019

Twenty-seven strikes broke out in the Settlement during April, involving 10,577 workers resulting in a loss of 81,045 working days, while one strike in the extra-settlement roads area involved 100 workers and 18,532 men were affected by eight other labour deadlocks which affected the Settlement and French Concession resulting in a loss of 174,954 working days, according to a report for the past month issued by the Commissioner of Police.

The report stated that a total of 2,226 cases of crime, including 217 brought to light by police investigation during the month under review, showed a decrease of 87 cases compared with March and 463 less cases than the total for the corresponding period last year.

Arrests for crime committed during the month also showed a decrease, 2,186 persons having been arrested is April compared with 2,339 arrests in March. In addition 140 persons were arrested for crimes committed in previous months while 28 arrests were made on behalf of other authorities here. Armed crime in the Settlement for the month also showed a decrease.

Out of six motorcars reported stolen during April five were recovered. Altogether 156 bicycles were stolen of which only 21 were recovered while nineteen arrests were made in connection with bicycle thefts.

Property altogether valued at $1,138,019 was stated to have been stolen during the month compared with $1,390,329 total estimated property loss as a result of theft. During April stolen property valued at $215,159 was recovered.

Amnesty Scheme

No release was made during the month under the Chinese Government amnesty while two persons released previously were re-arrested in April. Since the commencement of the amnesty scheme 3,042 persons were released while 1,374 of the convicts were re-arrested for offences committed since they were liberated. Since the beginning of the conditional release scheme 652 prisoners were released, 114 of whom were re-arrested, four have since died while eighteen are wanted by the police for various reasons.

Censorship of Chinese newspapers continued in rigour during the month, the editors of at least six papers and one news agency being warned by the police for publishing objectionable articles. The editor of a mosquito paper was fined $50 or 25 days' imprisonment for publishing an indecent article.

During April approximately 274,000 bags of imported rice and about 13,000 zars of domestic rice arrived in Shanghai. The stock of rice held in the foreign controlled areas at the end of the month was approximately 955,000 zars while 310,000 zars were stored in foreign owned godowns in Pootung. The price of rice during the month was continuously on the upward trend.

The total number of accidents involving injury to persons and causing damage to property during the month was 582 cases showing a considerable decrease from the total of the previous month.

Lesson Sermon

First Church of Christ, Scientist

"Soul and Body" is the subject of the Lesson Sermon to be read in all Churches of Christ Scientist, Throughout the world tomorrow. Golden Text :—I. Thess. 5:23. "I pray God your whole spirit and soul and body be preserved blameless unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ." Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from the Bible :—(Eph.4) This I say therefore, and testify in the Lord, that ye henceforth walk not as other Gentiles walk, in the vanity of their mind, Having the understanding darkened, being alienated from the life of God through the ignorance that is in them, because of the blindness of their heart :....But ye have not so learned Christ : If so be that ye have heard him, and have been taught by him as the truth is in Jesus : That ye put off concerning the former conversation the old man, which is corrupt according to the deceitful lust : And be renewed in the spirit of your mind ; And that ye put on the new man, which after God is created in righteousness and true holiness.

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy :— We must destroy the false belief that life and intelligence are in matter, and plant ourselves upon what is pure and perfect. Paul said, 'Walk in the Spirit, and ye shall not fulfil the lust of the flesh.' Sooner or later we shall learn that the fetters of man's finite capacity are forged by the illusion that he lives in body instead of in Soul, in matter instead of in spirit.

More War Technicians In India

Delhi, May 23.

More technicians on the mechanical side of the air-force training scheme are required for a new aircraft factory in Bangalore. The factory has asked for several hundreds of men.

A scheme for the utilization of institutions and factories in the United Provinces for the training of war technicians has been drawn up by the national labour service tribunal at Lahore.—Reuter.

After Earth Trembled in Mexico

This picture illustrates some of the damage done to Colima City, Mexico, after it had been stricken by an earthquake. A large percentage of the 20,000 inhabitants of the city were killed. Here are shown two of the survivors exploring the ruins for people who have been trapped.

Briton's Appeal in Tokyo Not Allowed

Tokyo, May 23.

The Supreme Court today confirmed the decision of the Court of Appeal sentencing Mr. V. O. Peters, a retired British naval lieutenant, to five year's penal servitude for violation of the military secrets act.—Reuter.

Philippines Urged To Support U.S.

Manila, May 23.

The National Assembly early today closed its regular session on a keynote of defence cooperation with the United States.

Scores of bills were passed in the last minute rush, including extension of President Manuel Quezon's emergency powers for another year, appropriation of 10,000,000 pesos for civilian defence, a resolution asking the U.S. Congress indefinitely to postpone graduating taxes on Philippine products entering the United States and enabling bills setting the second Tuesday in November, 1941, for general elections under the new amendments to the constitution.

Sr. Jose Yulo, Assembly Speaker, in his closing speech reiterated the need for more vigorous support of the United States in view of the emergency.

The Administration's bill empowering President Quezon to negotiate with the U.S. Export-Import Bank for a loan of U.S. $200,000,000 to finance the islands' ailing economy, hard-hit by war, was not passed due to lack of time but it was understood Sr. Quezon may summon a special session the first week of June to pass this as well as other "must" bills."

It was noteworthy that this constituted the final regular session of the Commonwealth Government's unicameral Legislature which was established by Constitution in 1935. In the next elections, a bicameral Legislature will be chosen, in accordance with amendments to the Constitution which were signed by President Roosevelt last year.

Desire for Independence

Supplementing the resolution requesting the United States to postpone imposition of taxes on Philippine exports, the Assembly passed another resolution reiterating the nation's desire for independence in 1946 as provided in the present law passed by the U.S. Congress.

The second resolution was inspired by Sr. Quintin Paredes, Floor Leader, who objected to the first resolution regarding suspension of the graduating taxes on the grounds that it might be construed by the United States as meaning the Commonwealth was amenable to reexamination of the independence question.—United Press.

Chancellor of Exchequer Praises Dominions

London, May 23.

The House of Commons yesterday afternoon cheered the announcement by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Kingsley Wood, that Canada had pledged itself to finance the bulk of British purchases in Canada estimated at £200,000,000 to £300,000,000. Sir Kingsley explained that this was a very large sum in relation to Canada's resources, seeing that Canada's total budget revenue last year was under £200,000,000.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer also paid tribute to other Dominions and Colonies.

Australia and New Zealand have met heavy expenditure outside their own countries and are applying an increasing amount of their sterling resources towards current external war costs. Those countries, like Canada, had increased taxation, he stated. They also had import restrictions and rationing schemes.

The Chancellor also mentioned the importance of South Africa as the world's chief gold producer and India as a source of multifarious supplies.—Reuter.

Nutritious Biscuits for Children of Paris

Vichy, May 23.

The French National Air Organization yesterday announced that in order to combat effects of undernourishment among Parisian youngsters, whole-meal biscuits will be distributed in the future among school-children. The biscuits, composed of meal, coffee, sugar and fats, will have the nutritive value of a cutlet, and will tend to offset the great lack of meat in Paris.—United Press.

Food Shortage in Paris

London, May 23.

Certain difficulties in the provisioning of Paris have arisen, according to a Vichy announcement quoted on the Ankara radio. The announcement says this week people have been unable to receive their meat rations. Butter and eggs also are not to be found. Last week, only 1,500 people were given rabbit meat, 200 people chicken and 3,600 people got goat meat. In order to meet the requirements of Parisians, the seizure of live-stock in villages has been decided upon.—Reuter.

Londoner Writes To Son Here

Despite the intensity of the air raids, Londoners are far from losing their sense of humour, as evidenced by a letter recently received here by a Briton from his father writing in lighter vein from London. The missive which reflects the cheerfulness and unconquerable spirit of Britons at home in part follows:

"As you will have gathered from the German and the 'also ran' radio there is not one stone standing in London now (except the London Stone in Cannon Street) and but for one or two ideas I had to help the rationing we should have starved to death a month ago instead of last week. My brainy suggestion of growing winkles under glass until they reached the size of whelks has been a great boon (to the vinegar trade) and has almost doubled the output. Thousands of the poorest people who have literally depended on their fourpenny middle bit and twopenworth of chips for their evening meal have been saved from night starvation and are now winkle fans. Teetotalers don't like my idea of the patent magnifying glass for whisky as it makes people see double. It isn't a double and it only dirties the glass so its a case of pay up and look big. Personally I think the scent spray filled with whisky gives more smell for the money.

The Fate of Spies

Spies having been caught are now hanged which seems undignified and not at all picturesque. Years ago a friend of mine said he knew a man who got a job as a spy through a newspaper advert. It said 'Wanted a spy, must be able to hiss rather than speak the words and look sinister. Apply F.P.P.A. Unity c/o Oppenheim, Sax Rohmer & Buchans, Cold Spell House, Little Britain, E.C.13.' He applied complete with false face, false beard and false teeth and got the job at £1,000 per week and his beer money. After about 50 years it got on his nerves to be shot in the Tower twice nightly every day for a month at a time especially when during waves of economy when a Labour Government held office he was 'shot at dawn' to save the cost of his breakfast. He was really a sort of double crosser 3 home and 2 away. Mussolini would have thought a lot of him as he invented the Secret Service Uniform with medals on the back which makes the wearer seem to advance while actually retreating."

France Will Observe Mothers' Day

Vichy, May 23.

Marshal Philippe Petain will pronounce the principal Mothers' Day speech next Sunday over a nationwide radio hookup. It will be France's first national observance of Mothers' Day.—United Press.

THE China Motor Company has successfully experimented with tungoil as a substitute for gasoline, and yesterday the chief engineer, Mr. Chang Shih-kang, gave a demonstration with a heavy truck before the government authorities in Chungking, the "Cheng Yien Pao" reports. The truck covered a distance of 120 kilometres on the outskirts of Chungking in three hours, and it was found that the speed had not been affected by the use of tungoil. Mr. Chang recently drove a truck using tungoil from Kweilin to Chungking. He covered the distance of 1,200 kilometres, with a load of two tons and a half, without any engine trouble.

Peiping Pig Said To Be Incarnation Of Buddha

Peiping, May 23.

Another pig is making news.

Following Shanghai's reported discovery of a talking pig, certain Chinese circles in Peiping believe that a pig in the No. 1 prison outside the Hsuan Wu Men is an incarnation of Buddha, according to the local Chinese press.

"Buddha has come to earth to deliver the masses from their sufferings," says a statement issued by the Lien Hwa Animal Liberation Society, a Buddhist organization which aims to set free captured animals and birds, giving the story in detail. It says:

"A pig in the No. 1 prison, which put up such a stubborn and fierce fight last winter when it was being sent to the slaughter house to be killed, has now suddenly become so tame that anybody can stroke it with the hand. In addition, its forehead has become very smooth without any wrinkles; and its eyes are bright and clear, the secretion of which gives out fragrance.

Monk Lectures Pig

"Having learnt of these facts, the grieved wife of a certain manager, who was in jail in connection with a certain case, expressed willingness to donate a sum of money to this organization to set the pig free so that her husband might be redeemed thereby. On the same day she made the vow, her husband was released.

"The next day a party, including a monk named Chun Tzu, from this society called at the prison to redeem the pig. In refusing, the warden, Mr. Chow Shih-yuan, said that he was going to take care of the pig as long as he remained in his post. He added that he would present the pig to the society when he was relieved of his post.

"At their request, the party was taken to see the pig. After explaining the purpose of their visit, the monk then lectured the pig on the teaching of Buddha. The pig whined as if it was deeply moved and grateful. One of the visitors took a handkerchief and wiped the eyes of the pig with it, at the same time praying that: "If you are really an incarnation of Buddha, will you please leave a fragrant smell on it as a divine manifestation.

"Upon returning, the party made a report of their experience to the Society. One of the representatives took out the handerchief and all smelled a fragrant odour from it, including an aged monk from the Kuang Chi Temple, named Hsien Ming. On May 12 a high officer from the Society was sent to make an investigation and he verified the experience of the others."—Reuter.

Two Fires Break Out In One Morning

The attic, ceiling and roof of the staff quarters of the Shanghai Dockyards Company in Lane 616, 3 Thorburn Road, were severely damaged in a morning blaze yesterday which engaged the Fire Brigade for an hour, although the fire itself was under control in almost half the time.

A hardware establishment at 587 Tongshan Road was the scene of another fire the same morning. The top floor and roof of the house were badly damaged and an adjoining house was slightly affected, the roof being partly burned out.

"The China Journal"

Lovers of Chinese poetry will find in the May number of "The China Journal" an informative article on "Tzu, The Polyrhythmical Verse of China" by S. T. Dunn. "Chinese Art" is by W. Y. Tonn; "A Brief Study of the Geography of China" by Bruno Kroker; "Introduction and Development of Science in China," by Chungshee H. Liu, is continued; Peter G. Mar writes on "The Use of Precious Stones in Ancient Medicine." The illustrations are, as usual, good, and combine with the permanent features to make up an interesting issue.

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"Burleske" for Piano and Orchestra by RICHARD STRAUSS

Further in Programme:

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"Don Juan" by RICHARD STRAUSS

"The Fountains of Rome" by RESPIGHI

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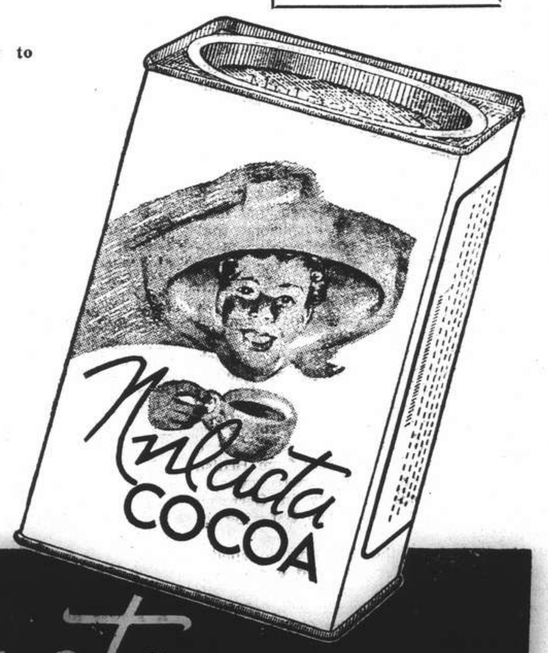

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FROM DAY TO DAY

A MEETING of the Shanghai Municipal Council has been convened for Wednesday at 4.30 p.m.

MRS. L. Giles has left her flat at Hubertus Court and is now staying with Mrs. W. C. Cassels. (tel. 20443). till May 30.

MRS. W. S. Parsons left yesterday in the ss. Nitta Maru for the United States en route to Raleigh, N. C.

MR. William Golding, General Manager of the Commercial Express & Storage Federal Inc., U.S.A., returned yesterday from a business trip to Hongkong.

DR. John Yui, chairman, publicity committee of the Health League of China, will broadcast over XMHD, frequency 760, at 3.30 p.m. today on "Considering our health."

RELIABLE Chinese quarters report the arrest on Thursday afternoon by Japanese plainclothes men with the assistance of the French police of a nineteen year old Ningpo cabaret girl living at 138/19 Porte de l'Ouest, on the suspicion of being a spy.

NEW students for the Yenching University will sit for their matriculation examination in Shanghai on July 11 and 12, it was announced by the university authorities on Thursday, says the "Cheng Yien Pao." Enrolment will commence on July 1 and continue till July 4, the report states.

MR. A. Glathe has been appointed by the Municipal Council to the Board of Governors of the Country Hospital in succession to Mr. W. J. Keswick. Mr. Ellis Hayim has been re-elected by the Council to membership of the Board of Governors of the Country Hospital for a further period of three years.

SEVERAL Japanese officers in plain clothes accompanied by seventeen armed Chinese and foreign detectives of the French police carried out a search at 13 Wei An Faung Alley, Avenue Victor Emanuel III on Thursday, remaining in the premises up to a late hour at night, according to reliable Chinese sources.

MISS Pansy Long, coloratura soprano former pupil of Prof. Chao Mei-pa and who studied at the Brussels Royal Conservatory, will given a recital over XCDN at 5 p.m., today, accompanied by Miss Lee Wei-fang. She will sing:—

Chanson Romaine .....Joseph Jongen
Alleiulia .....Mozart
Le Pecheur de Perles .....Bizet

REV. T. Y. Kiang of Church of Our Saviour, will speak in Cantonese, at the invitation of the Chinese Mission to Lepers, over XMHD, frequency 760 k.c., wave length 395 metres, at the usual half an hour broadcast, through the courtesy of the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association, from 7 to 7.30 p.m. today on the subject, "How to help the Lepers."

A SPECIAL young people's service will be held in Union Church tomorrow at 10.45 a.m., in which the Junior Church, the Western District Sunday School, the 4th Shanghai Co. Girl Guides, the 14th Shanghai Group Boy Scouts and the Junior Discussion Group will take part. The speaker will be Mrs. E. A. C. Chambers. All young people are cordially invited.

OWING to the sudden illness of Bitner, the Russian Light Opera's "Manon Lescaut," was cancelled on Thursday night and, it is hoped, that the gala production will take place tonight in the Lyceum Theatre. Those who secured seats for Thursday are advised that their reservations will be honoured tonight, while others who booked for tonight, are asked to present their coupons, at the box office for other seats.

ALUMNI of the University of Michigan in Shanghai will hold their annual outing at the Hardoon Garden, Bubbling Well and Hardoon Roads, at 4 p.m. May 31. The outing will be held jointly with the Sino-Foreign Group. Officials of the alumni group announced that special entertainment has been arranged for the occasion and that the outing would take place rain or shine. Members are asked not to invite more than one guest each.

IT was learned that the projected suppression of gambling and opium dens flourishing in the western area has again been postponed. It will be recalled that at the time the agreement was signed for the special police force under the joint control of the Settlement authorities and the Chinese, a provision was made for the closing of all illicit business such as gambling and opium dens. It was stated at the time that this would follow the establishment of the new force.

OVER 10,000 Chinese students and members of the Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A., in Hongkong recently signed their names on a scroll and sent it to President Roosevelt as a token of their appreciation for "China Week" in the United States, says a Hongkong message to the "Sin Wan Pao." A letter was also sent to the President expressing gratitude towards China's national resistance. China is fighting for her independence, the letter stated, on the principle of justice, peace and freedom.

CLIMAXING one of the most successful seasons in its history, the Shanghai Municipal Orchestra is presenting an outstanding programme at the final Symphony concert of 1940-41 at the Lyceum Theatre tomorrow. Featuring one of Shanghai's leading soloists, Miss Wincia Tomaszewska, who will play Cesar Franck's "Symphonic variations" and Richard Strauss' "Burleske." The part of the programme is devoted to the works of Richard Strauss.

IN response to the appeal for co-operation made by the Chinese National Government recently, the Chinese community in Penang has expressed its support of the opium-suppression work of the government among the Chinese in Penang, says a Chungking message to the "Sin Wan Pao." Contributions have already been made towards the establishment of an anti-opium clinic. The Chinese Consulate at Penang has appointed an advisory committee to assist in the opium-suppression work, the paper says.

Shanghai Boy Tells of R.A.F. Training in Africa

A WELL-equipped camp which he described as "grand" set amidst a glamorous tropical surrounding, congenial companions and excellent food to boot greeted a former Shanghai ex-Cathedral School boy when he landed in Africa to undergo advanced training as an R.A.F. pilot, according to a letter received by his father here. In the missive the writer expresses anxiety to take to the wing and deplores having to wait a whole month before he will be allowed to fly. The letter follows:

At last we have arrived in Bulawayo after a long sea journey, followed by 1,300 miles by rail. I posted a letter to you from Cape Town and hope that by the time this cover reaches you, you will have received it. In it I described the trip out on the boat, etc., so I shall not repeat that news here. Instead, let us go back to Cape Town where the "——" tied up on the evening of the 16th.

Luxurious Trains

We were not allowed ashore that night but landed the next morning and were immediately marched to a train. There were four hundred of us and we had a special train for the journey.

The South African trains are most luxurious and we were accommodated four to a compartment which, at night, was easily transformed into a four berth sleeper—each compartment has its own wash-basin, etc. What a lovely city Cape Town is. It is built on the lower slopes of Table Mountain facing unsurpassably lovely Table Bay. We did not stay long there, and what we did see of it made a very deep impression. And so the journey north began! We spent the first day going up through the Cape Province and the country consisted of mountainous panoramas making jagged looking pictures on the horizon and interspaced with fertile valleys.

At each little station the population turned out to cheer us on and laden us down with fruit, chocolate and cigarettes. I have never in my life, seen such unbounded hospitality. Next morning we awoke to see very flat, barren veldt everywhere, the emptiness broken by an occasional bush or kopje. We reached Kimberley about mid-day and again the same type of welcome awaited us.

The meals on the train were excellent and served in the restaurant car. It was a great change to be waited upon at the table and to be able to buy an excellent bottle of claret for 1s. 6d.

From Kimberley we went to Viborg where I met and conversed with a lady from Edinburgh. Needless to say I gave her a lot of news of Auld Reekie.

Piece de Resistance

The pièce de résistance of the trip came at Mafeking which we reached later that same evening. The train stopped for an hour and most of the fellows went along to a hall where a reception had been arranged. However, buns and grapes were nothing to what I had. I strolled along the platform, through the milling crowd when a tall distinguished-looking gentleman approached with his wife and began chatting. We had spoken for a few minutes when he invited me to his home for "a bit of supper." Nothing loath, I was driven in a most sumptuous Graham Paige out of the town to a huge white house. I looked above the gateway and, lo and behold, I read the magic words, "Residency"... I had a marvellous meal and spent a pleasant hour chatting with Mr. and Mrs. ..... He was an old Merchistonian so we had quite a lot to talk about. They, of course wanted to hear all about the air-raids, etc. To end a very enjoyable evening they gave me letters of introduction to friends in Bulawayo.

Camp in Bulawayo

We went on from Mafeking and next evening arrived in Bulawayo. Three hundred of the fellows were taken to a camp at "——" whilst the rest of us went to a delightful camp actually in Bulawayo.

The town is rather pretty with very wide roads and plenty of picture houses, hotels, shops, etc., and I think our stay here should be enjoyable. There are about two hundred Rhodesian soldiers in the camp and we have made friends with them very quickly. The camp is well fitted up with plenty of space, canteens, baths, etc., and the food is excellent and not just one helping—as much as you want and a corporal (I'm not kidding, Dad), keeps coming round asking if we want any more.

We haven't been allowed out of camp today but this restriction will be lifted tomorrow.

This camp is grand; we are in a grand country but when do we fly? This is where the snag comes in and we shall have to wait for at least a month before this happens."

CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—May 25.—Sunday after Ascension. 8 a.m. Holy Communion (also in Bubbling Well Chapel) 10.30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon. Psalm: 47. Lessons: Deut. 26; John 14, 1-14. Stanford in C. Anthem: "God is gone up." (Croft). Hymns: 147, 150, 201. Preacher: Rev. P. C. Matthews, M.A. 10.30 a.m. Children's Service. Preacher: Rev. G. A. Scott 3 p.m. Sunday School—Cathedral Girls' School. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Psalm: 148. Lessons: Deut. 30; John 15, 5-end. Hymns: 302, 150, 243, 23. Preacher: Rev. E. J. Ottewell, L.Th. 6 p.m. Bubbling Well Chapel: Preacher: The Dean (Mattins at 10.30 a.m. will be broadcast from Cathedral over Stations XMHC., 700 kc., and XCDN. 1440 kc., Daily noon-day Intercessions from XMHC only).

St. John's Pro-Cathedral. Jessfield.—Morning Prayer in English at 10 a.m. Preacher: Rev. F. L. Hawks Pott, D.D. Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock Preacher: Rt. Rev. W. P. Roberts, B.D.

Union Church (International and Interdenominational). 107 Soochow Road (near the British Consulate-General). —Officiating Minister Rev. C. Wilfrid Allan.—10.20 a.m. Prayer Meeting in Vestry. 10.45 a.m. Special Young People's Service. Speaker: Mrs. E. A. C. Chambers.

"Church of the Air" Programme
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Sunday, May 25.
10.00 XMHD Service. Mr. C. Wilson
11.00 Sacred Music
12.00 Dr. Bob Jones Service
4.00 Sacred Music
4.30 Bible Study. Rev. G. A. Jacobson
7.45 "Miracles and Melodies"
8.00 XMHD Sacred Concert
8.30 Gospel Service. Major G. H. Walker
9.15 Russian Evangelistic Service and Music

Monday and each day of the week:
7.30 Sacred Music
8.30 Thought for the Day. Rev. G. A. Jacobson
9.00 Prayer and Music for the Sick
12.00 Popular Music
12.45 N.C.D.N. News Items
1.10 Devotional Service and Song
4.00 Sacred Music
5.00 Classical Music
7.45 N.C.D.N. Weekly Review (Friday)
8.00 Sacred Music
8.30 Gospel Services and Song
9.00 N.C.D.N. News Items
9.30 Russian Service (Tuesday)
Noonday Speakers: Mr. K. Faulkner, Dr. H. G. G. Hallock, Mr. William McDowall, Rev. F. S. Barling, Miss M. Frame and Rev. A. H. Reinhard
Nightly Speakers: Mr. F. J. T. Savage, Rev. C. G. Edwards, The Trumpeter, Dr. D. Farquharson, Rev. W. H. Turner and Rev. R. Hassal. All are cordially invited to "Tune In."

Saint Joseph's Church (Rue Montauban) Tel. 85353. Sunday: Masses at 6.15, 7, 8, 9.15 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Week-days: Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m.

Sacred Heart Church (260 Nanzing Road) Tel. 41428 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6 and 7 a.m.

Saint Peter's Church (Avenue Dubail) Tel. 80725 Sunday: Masses at 5.15 6, 7, 8 9.15, 11 a.m. Benediction at 3.30 and 6.45 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.15, 6, 6.45 and 7.30 a.m.

Saint Theresa's Church (370 Tatung Road) Tel. 39359 Sunday. Masses at 6.15, 7, 8 a.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6.15, 7 a.m.

Our Lady's Church (694 Baikal Road) Sunday Masses, at 7.30 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 7.30 a.m.

Church of St. Aloysius Gonzaga (734 Kiaochow Road.) Tel. 32313 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.30, 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Church of Christ the King; 235 Rue Bourgeat. Tel. 72873 Masses on Sunday at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 6.30 p.m. Masses weekdays at 7 and 8 a.m. Catechism classes every Saturday at 9 a.m.

Saint John Bosco's Church (740 Hangchow Road) Sunday Masses at 7, 8.30, 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 6.30 a.m.

Foreign Y.M.C.A.—Informal Sunday Evening Service, 6 p.m. in the Junior division room, (mezzanine floor). Speaker. Mr. J. A. Eggo. All welcome.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Evangelical) 5 Tifeng Road, (Near Jessfield Road) Sunday 11 a.m. Morning Worship; Preacher: Dr. Lee S. Huizenga. Afternoon 3 o'clock, Sunday-school and Bible Class. Evening 6 o'clock, Gospel Service. Preaher: Mr. P. L. Bromley. During the week: Monday 8 p.m. Young People's Meeting. Thursday afternoon 5.45 o'clock. Prayer-meeting.

Community Church.—53 Ave. Petain. Mr. D. W. Edwards will preach in Community Church Sunday at 11 a.m., on the subject: "Living in Faith" Text, Gal. 2:15-21, 3:26, 4:7. Mr. R. V. Dent will be at the organ. The choir will sing "The Prayer Perfect" by Oley Speaks, and Bella Resek will sing "O Rest in the Lord" by (Elijah) Mendelssohn. The Church School will meet at 9.30 a.m. The Navy "Y" will have its programme for Service men at 6 p.m. On Monday, the Community Church Cosmopolitan Club "covered dish suppers" will be held in the Church House at 7.30 p.m., and Dr. Boekebinder will give a talk on psychometry with experiments.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Shanghai.—1647 Avenue Road. Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Soul and Body" Sunday School 9.45 a.m. Testimonial Meeting Wednesday, 6 p.m. Reading Room at the Church open Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 10.30 to 12.30, Wednesday from 4 to 6 p.m.

Endeavourers Church.—Morning service will be held at 9.30 a.m. in the hall of the Shanghai Free Christian Church, 5 Tifeng Road. The speaker will be Rev. Dr. Forbes Tocher. Midweek prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in room 305, Missions Building, 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Society of Friends (Quakers).—A meeting for worship to which all are welcome will be held at 6 p.m. on Sunday in room "D" at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road.

Shanghai Hebrew Mission.—56 Ford Lane. Sunday 10.30 a.m., Rev. P. L. Bromley. Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Rev. C. G. Edwards. 703 N. Szechuen Road. Sunday 10 a.m., Rev. C. R. Hima. Wednesday 3.30. p.m., Dr. Forbes Tocher.

Hindu-Muslim Riot In Bombay

Bombay, May 23.

A Hindu-Muslim riot broke out again in Bombay city last night. Hitherto, over 20 people have been taken to hospital. The police fired on the riotous mob in one place, but it is not yet known what casualties resulted from the firing.—Reuter.

Egypt Protests Over Sinking of Zamzam

Cairo, May 23.

The Egyptian Government has made a strong protest to Berlin against the sinking of the Egyptian medical ship Zamzam and has demanded full compensation, the Egyptian Prime Minister told pressmen last night.

The vessel, according to a communique, was flying the Egyptian flag when sunk.

Meanwhile, a report that the crew and passengers of the Zamzam will be allowed to proceed from France cannot be confirmed in Berlin.

A German Government spokesman declared that in view of the fact that the majority of the persons concerned were without personal papers, the particulars of each person must be ascertained.

He added that missionaries and nurses whose identity had been satisfactorily established would be allowed to proceed without difficulty.—Reuter.

Grocery Workers Declare Go-Slow Strike

Three thousand Chinese workers employed in approximately 250 grocery shops in the Settlement declared a go-slow strike yesterday morning when their employers refused to accede to their demand for an increase in their wages.

It was learned that the owners of the shops offered the men a rise of $10, which they refused to accept, pointing out that it was insufficient to meet the high cost of living.

SHIPPING NEWS

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru**, express liner of the D.K.K., sailed for Tsingtao and Dairen yesterday morning, leaving the company's Whangpoo Wharf in Yangtszepoo where she was berthed since her arrival in port.

* * *

Due in port this morning is the ss. **Tientsin Maru** of the Dairen Kisen Kaisya operating between Shanghai, Tsingtao and Dairen. She will berth at the company's Whangpoo Wharf in Yangtszepoo until 3 p.m. tomorrow when she will leave for her return voyage to northern ports.

* * *

The trans-Pacific liner **President Taft**, of the American President Lines is due here at 2 p.m. today from Manila and Hongkong being a few hours behind her schedule. She is bringing a large number of passengers, southern mail and a quantity of cargo for local discharge. Upon arrival here she will tie up at the lower buoys 12 and 13. Visitors will not be allowed aboard during her stay in port. Passengers will be brought ashore by tender, arriving at the Custom's Jetty at 3 p.m. The President liner, which is under the command of Capt. O. A. Pierson, U.S.N.R., is due to leave her moorings here at 3 a.m. tomorrow, on the homeward trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles calling at Yokohama and Honolulu omitting Kobe. The last tender for passengers and light baggage, the Merry Moller, will leave the Custom's Jetty at 7 a.m.

* * *

The **President Cleveland**, of the American President Lines is due here from Los Angeles, San Francisco and Honolulu at about 1 p.m. tomorrow when she will tie up at the lower buoys 12 and 13. In addition to bringing the next American mail here the liner which is under the command of Capt. W. H. Weaver, Jr., U.S.N.R., is bringing a number of travellers and a complement of cargo for discharge here. Passengers will disembark by tender, the Merry Moller, arriving at the Custom's Jetty at 3 p.m. She will remain in port until 9.30 p.m. on Monday before sailing for Hongkong and Manila on her homeward journey. The last boarding tender, the Merry Moller, will take passengers and light baggage leaving the Custom's Jetty at 8 p.m.

* * *

Due today with a full load of coal for local discharge is the **Hokko Maru**, of the D.K.K. coming from Tsingtao. She will tie up at the lower buoys 13 and 15.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From MANILA and HONGKONG: Pres. Taft, with mail, due 2.30 p.m., Buoys 12-13. Passengers are expected at the Customs Jetty about 3 p.m.

From DAIREN: Tientsin Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

STRAITS AND INDIA

From Calcutta
Toyooka M — 27/5

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York
P Monroe — 28/5
Nankai M — 27/6

From Los Angeles
P C'land — 25/5
K'kura M 14/4 26/3
Yawata M 23/4 2/6
P Coolidge — 3/6
Asama M 12/5 23/6

From Seattle
W Cuseta 10/5 1/6

From Honolulu
Asama M 20/5 23/6

From Yokohama
Yawata M 17/5 2/6

From Kobe
K'kura M 24/5 26/5

From Nagasaki
N'saki M 24/5 25/5

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
Hoten M 24/5 26/5

Vessels Sailing

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Capetown
P Monroe 29/5

For Karachi
Anyo M 24/5

For New York
P Monroe 29/5
Nankai M 28/6

For Los Angeles
P Taft 24/5
P Cleveland 8/6
P Coolidge 19/6

For San Fco.
P Taft 24/5
P Cleveland 8/6
P Coolidge 19/6

For Seattle
West Cuseta 3/6
Cape Flattery 28/6

For Manila
P Cleveland 26/5
Kamakura M 27/5
P Monroe 29/5
West Cuseta 3/6
Yawata M 3/6
P Coolidge 4/6
Asama M 24/6
Cape Flattery 28/6

For Hongkong
P Cleveland 26/5
P Monroe 29/5
West Cuseta 3/6
P Coolidge 4/6
Cape Flattery 28/6

For Kobe and Yokohama
P Taft 24/5
Taiyo M 25/5
P Cleveland 8/6
P Coolidge 19/6

For Nagasaki
Shanghai M 24/5
Nagasaki M 26/5
Kobe M 28/5

For Dairen
Tientsin M 25/5
Hoten M 28/5
Tsingtao M 31/5
Tientsin M 3/6

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
Wake	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Itl	Gbt	1-2 B

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL
mv Dona Aurora July 11
mv Dona Nati July 22
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De La Rama Steamship Co., Inc.
51 Canton Road General Agents Telephone 15044

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Sailings to and from
THE UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freights and passage apply to:
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Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY FREIGHT SERVICE
Between Puget Sound—Shanghai—Hongkong—Philippine Islands.

Vessel	Sails Puget Sound	Shanghai Arr./Sails	Hongkong arrives	Manila arrives
ms. WEST CUSSETA	Sailed	June 1/3	June 7	June 11
ss. COLDBROOK	May 25	June 16/18	June 22	June 26
ss. SATARTIA	May 29	June 20/22	June 26	June 30
ms. CAPE FLATTERY	June 10	June 26/28	July 2	July 5

Subject to change without notice
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Fooshing	Tientsin	Chung Hua
Nantung M.	Nantung	T.K.K.
Hokko M.	Tsingtao	D.K.K.
Hualee	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Antai	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Takasago M.	Japan	Y.K.K.
India Arrow	Miri	S.V.O.C.
Hsinyuan	Hsinkong	Tung Hai
Santarem	T'lunkong	Hunt S.
Nitta M.	Hongkong	N.Y.K.
Husimi M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Marsala	Hsinkong	V. Chieri
Sinko M.	Miike	Showa S.
Shanghai M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Ramona	—	Wallem
Hwafoong	Hsinkong	Y. S. Kong
Tawha	T'lunkong	Yue Foong
Pluto	Hongay	East Asiatic
Toyoura M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tensei M.	Hsupu	T. Konsu
Bonho	T'lunkong	Dah Shing
Talien	Hsupu	Wan Woo
Tenryugawa M.	Tsingtao	Showa S.
Penang M.	Singapore	N.Y.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Chingning M.	Jap.	Chung Hua
Tsingtao M.	Jap.	D.K.K.
Chingyang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hsingping M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Folozu	Pan.	Y.K.K.
Albert Saaraut	Fr.	Wallem
Hague M.	Jap.	O.S.K.
Nitta M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

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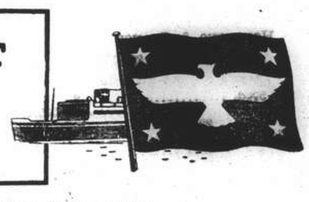
PRICE $15
Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund, Shanghai

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



SS. PRESIDENT TAFT
Due Shanghai TO-DAY, May 24
Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty 3.00 p.m. DST
Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via Yokohama and Honolulu. Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 7.00 a.m. DST, TO-MORROW, May 25
Visitors Not Allowed Aboard Steamers
SS. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND
Due Shanghai TO-MORROW, May 25
Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 2.00 p.m. DST
Sailing for HONGKONG and MANILA
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 8.00 p.m. on MONDAY, May 26
Agents for:—
Transcontinental and Western Airlines
United Air Lines American Pioneer Line
American Gulf Orient Line United States Lines

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China Navigation Co., Ltd.
Regular Service to North and South China Ports, Hong Kong, Manila, Siam, Indo China, Straits Settlements, Territory of New Guinea, Solomon Islands.
For further particulars, freight and passage rates, please apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund Agents. Telephone 82020

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D.K.K. DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE (Summer Time)
ss. TIENTSIN MARU .. (Arrive) May 24 (Leave) May 25 at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU .. May 26 May 28 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU .. May 29 May 31 at 9 a.m.
ss. TIENTSIN MARU .. June 2 June 3 at 3 p.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU .. June 4 June 6 at 9 a.m.
DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. PEKING MARU ..... May 30 at 1 p.m.
ss. CHOHEI MARU ..... May 31 at noon
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... May 24

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

FRIDAY, MAY 23, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£ @ 3⅜d.		$ 73.14
U.S. $100 @ 5⅜		$1,860.47
Yen	22¾	$100
Guilders	10	100
Rupees	18¼	100
Pesos	10¾	100
Hongkong	$21¾	100

Closing unchanged.

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3⅜d.	$ 71.11
U.S. $100 @ 5½	$1,813.00
London—demand, $1=	3⅜d.
4 months' sight credits	3 7/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3 15/32d.
6 months' sight credits	3 15/32d.
6 months' sight docts	3½d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5½
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5½
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 9/16

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03½ U.S. $1=59.48d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 5/16d. U.S. $5 13/32
Hongkong/London 1/3

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling .. @ 9¾ ,, H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 100 per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.796
CRB$ or @ 183
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $5.117

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 10⅛

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,818.181 £1=$71.775
Selling U.S.$100=$1,882.352 £1=$73.142

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	3 21/64	3 21/64
U.S. $	5 7/16	5 13/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	Selling May/June		Buying May/July
£ T.T.	3 5/16	4 m/s. l.c.	3 7/16
U.S.$ T.T.	5⅜	4 m/c. l.c.	5½
Rs. T.T.	18⅜	15 d/s.	18⅞

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23 7/16	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	61.13	—
Bombay offtake 100 bars.		

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for May 22	4.03½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.91
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	3.91¾

The local exchange market opened with sellers at 3 5/16d. sterling and 5 13/32 U.S.$. A steady feeling was apparent at the opening but a little afterwards buyers came out at these rates and the market eased slightly for a short while. Later however, quotations improved to the opening level and the market remained steady but quiet for the remainder of the day with sellers at:—

3 5/16 Sterling 5 13/32 U.S.$. Cash/June

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, May 22.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	81½ N.	London 2 mths	1/5 15/16
N. Y.	333¼-332¾	,, sellers	1/5 15/16
Shanghai	19	,, buyers	1/6
Hongkong	82½	Japan 2 mths ,, sellers	83 N.
		,, buyers	77¼ N.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6
Madrid	40.00	Hongkong	1/3 1/32
Berne	17.30	Singapore	2/4 3/16
Bel. Congo	176½	Yokohama	1/2½
Shanghai	3 15/16d.	,, buying	1/2

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.05	Brazil	5.05
Spain	9.25 N.	Japan	23.45/48*
Paris	2.31	Shanghai	5.51
Italy	5.05 N.	Hongkong	24.55
S'zerland	23.20	Hungary	19.85
,, "free"	23.21	Finland	2.05
Sweden	23.86	Manila	49.80 N.
Montreal	87.125		

London	4.03½
Buenos Aires Paper	29.78
,, ,, ,, market rate	23.75
Montreal on London	4.63

*—Offered N—Nominal.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: May 22.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 3/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		⅞%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅝%B 0 9/16%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

U.S. Exports to China

Washington, May 23.

United States exports to China during the first quarter of 1941, were valued at US$19,988,000 or down $5,000,000 compared to exports for the same period in 1940, the Department of Commerce revealed yesterday. The recession in trade activity was noteworthy in raw cotton and leaf tobacco.

Aircraft and aircraft parts, petroleum products and automotive products lead the list of exports with each showing substantial gains.

Chinese customs returns indicated that a large part of the trade was destined for Free China.

U. S. Imports

U.S. imports from China for the first quarter of the year were valued at U.S. $20,030,000 against US$22,849,000 for the corresponding period of 1940. Imports for the quarter of tung oil and raw silk declined while imports of bristles increased.

U.S. exports to Hongkong during the first quarter totalled US$654,000 or a gain of 36 percent over the 1940 period.

Trading during the quarter with China of militarily important items compared to 1940 figures included the following:—

Automobiles and parts:—1941—U.S. $2,379,000; 1940—U.S. $366,000.
Motor trucks and buses:—1941—U.S. $1,922,000; 1940—U.S. $17,000.
Aircraft and aircraft parts:—1941—U.S. $3,238,000; 1940—U.S. $1,133,000.
Petroleum and products:—1941—U.S. $2,421,000; 1940—U.S. $1,530,000.—United Press

Silver Quotations

	May 22	May 23
London spot	23 7/16d.	Unrecd.
,, forward	23 7/16d.	,,
,, gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market was quiet and easy yesterday, almost all issues declining steadily until towards the end when there was a slight recovery. Wheelock held very steady, opening at $92.00 and going to $93.00, to close at $92.50.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
462.56	105.32	General	278.05	—1.07
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	252.39	—6.99

Total 164,098 shares.

Morning Session

China Finance			2000	*1.12	1000	1.12
Yangtsze Finance					500	15.70
	3000	15.60	500	*15.70		
S'hai Loan			2000	18.30	1600	18.40
I. I. Trust			6000	24.00	500	*24.00
	600	24.25				
S'hai Securities			500	5.75	2000	5.80
China Realty			1500	9.90	500	9.95
	1500	*9.90	1000	9.85		
S'hai Land			1000	*12.90	500	12.90
Dockyards			1500	*25.75	100	*26.00
	3700	25.75	400	*25.50	200	*25.75
	400	25.50	900	25.75	1000	*25.50
	500	*25.75	2000	25.50	100	*25.75
	100	*25.50	3600	25.75		
Asia Navigation			8500	11.60	2000	*11.60
	500	11.70	4000	11.60	2000	11.70
Ewo Brewery			1000	6.50	1000	6.40
	1000	6.45				
Wheelock			300	92.00	2200	92.50
	100	*92.50	100	*93.00	600	92.50
	100	*92.00	2300	*92.50	4200	92.50
	4300	92.00	800	*92.00	200	*92.50
	900	92.50	400	92.00	200	*92.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)			600	34.75	100	*34.75
	2200	34.50	500	34.75	500	*34.50
	200	*34.25	1200	34.25	3400	34.50
Textile			1000	7.45	1500	7.40
Worsted			500	5.10	1000	5.15
	3000	5.10	500	*5.10		
C. G. Omnibus			400	15.30	100	15.40
Telephone			100	30.25	600	30.00
	300	30.50	500	*30.25		
S'hai Gas			500	13.50	1000	13.40
	200	13.30	100	13.20		
Paper			2500	5.10	1000	*5.10
	2000	*5.05	3500	5.10	2500	5.05
	500	5.10				
Lumber			600	44.50	300	*44.00
	200	44.00	—			
Metal			8900	28.75	300	38.75
Exploration			8500	23.00	500	*22.75
	1500	*23.00	7500	23.00		
Power (Pref)			50	132.25	30	*132.25
Anglo Dutch			1000	16.50	100	16.40
Anglo Java			400	*35.25	400	35.00
	1700	34.75	300	34.50	400	*34.50
	200	34.25	100	34.00	300	*34.00
	500	33.75	200	33.50	200	*33.50
	100	34.00	1100	34.25	800	34.50
	800	34.75	600	34.50		
Kroewoek			1000	2.00	1000	1.93
	1000	1.96	1000	1.98		
Langkat			100	24.75	200	*24.50
	200	*24.75	1000	24.50	100	24.25
	500	24.50	1000	24.75	1000	*24.75
Pahang					1000	3.90
Hebong					1000	1.34
Ziangbe			100	*19.90	700	19.90
	300	19.80	500	19.60	600	19.70
	400	19.80	600	19.90	200	20.00
S. W. W. "C"					100	39.50

ODD LOTS

Exploration			200	*22.50	420	22.50
I. I. Trust					100	23.75
Ewo Mills (Ord)			43	34.25	50	*34.00
S'hai Land					100	13.10
Worsted					100	5.20
Anglo Java					80	33.75
Kroewoek					500	1.96
S'hai Loan			200	18.20	200	18.30
	150	18.50				
S'hai Gas			25	13.30	50	13.10
Asia Navigation			200	11.70	100	11.80
	100	11.50				

*—Direct Business.

U.S. Steel Reserves

New York, May 23.

The United States steel industry can "match ton for ton all the steel capacity of Germany and its stolen lands," in the opinion of Mr. Walter Tower, President of the American Iron and Steel Institute, in a speech at the institute's annual meeting.

While doing this, he said, the industry could still give civilians as much as their average consumption over the last ten years. There was no question, he stated, about there being enough steel for all defence needs.

Ingot Output

The output of ingots for the year ending next week would probably exceed 76,000,000 tons, which was over 25,000,000 tons above the 1938 level, Mr. Tower revealed. He expressed disagreement with "self-appointed mentors of the steel industry who insist that it should be required to assume the staggering task of forced expansion when it is not clear that such expansion is needed or could be attained in time to be helpful."

Mr. Irving Olds, chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, told the meeting it was unbelievable that the United States, given a well-prepared programme, the necessary time and proper support from the American people, could not outdo anything of which Germany was capable in the way of production of essential instruments of modern warfare. He issued a warning, however, that the industry must know what was expected from it as soon as a programme had been formulated or modified by the authorities in Washington.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

May 23.	Sales Prices 10 a.m.		p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.30	B	.30	B
Antamok	.05	A	.05	A
Baguio Gold	.145	B	.15	
Batong Buhay	.0075	A	.0075	A
Big Wedge	.33	A	.30	B
Coco Grove	.0625	A	.0625	A
Consolidated Mines	.0016	B	.0016	B
Demonstration	.05	A	.05	A
East Mindanao	.0825	B	.0825	B
I. X. L.	.22	A	.22	
Ipo Gold	.05	A	.05	A
Itogen	.165	B	.17	B
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.09	B	.0825	B
Mine Operation	.055	A	.055	A
North Camarines	.023	B	.023	B
Paracale Gumaus	.25	B	.25	
San Mauricio	.30	A	.30	A
Surigao Consolidated	.17	B	.17	B
Suyoc	Unq.		.09	
Syndicate Investment	.022	A	.022	A
United Paracale	.165		.165	
Mindanao Motherlode	.245	B	.25	
Manila Hai-Alai	7.50	B	7.50	B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.00	B	—	

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Electricity Production

New York, May 22.

The Edison Electric Institute reported yesterday that production of electricity last week totalled 2,799,722,000 kilowatt hours. This was 8,113,000 kilowatt hours more than the preceding week's production and 377,510,000 thousand kilowatt hours more than production for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Oil Production Up

New York, May 22.

The American Petroleum Institute announced yesterday that oil production last week averaged 3,784,450 barrels daily. The total was 28,350 barrels more than the preceding week's production but 50,650 barrels less than production for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 22.

Stock prices on Wall Street today finished with losses ranging from fractions to 2 points, with the volume of business shrinking appreciably.

Realizing halted the improvement of the past 2 days, which was accentuated by nervous holders liquidating on the withdrawal of the R.A.F. from Crete.

Fears of an extension of Government control of industry and prices and apprehension over the labour situation offset more optimistic business reports.

The turnover amounted to 400,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	117.98	116.56	116.81	—1.01
20 Rails	28.10	27.75	27.76	—0.36
15 Utilit.	17.17	17.00	17.00	—0.25
40 Bonds	——	——	91.23	—0.23
11 Commod.	——	——	68.43	—1.26

May	21	22	May	21	22
Adams Exp	5⅝	5⅝	Johns Man	59½	58½
Alg Lud	21¼	21	Kennecott	36⅜	36¼
Allis Chal	27⅜	26¾	Libbey O F	30½	29⅝
Am Cyan	37	36½	Lockheed	21¼	21
Amer Can	80⅜	80	Loew's	28½	28
Am For Pr	*0⅝	*0⅝	Martin	26½	26
,, $7 pfd	18⅞	†17	Mont Ward	33½	33
Am Loco	12	12	Nat Avian	7¾	*7½
Am Metal	17¼	17¾	Nat City B	*25	*24¾
Am Radtr	6½	6½	Nat Dairy	13⅝	13¼
Am R Mill	13¾	13¾	Nat Dist	19⅝	19¾
Am Smelt	40⅝	39⅝	Nat P & L	6½	6½
Am Sug	15⅝	14½	Nat Sup P	6½	5⅞
Am T & T	150½	150¼	N Y Cent	12½	12
Am Tob B	64⅝	63½	Niag Hud	2⅜	2½
Am Wtwrks	4½	4½	N A Avian	13	12⅝
Anaconda	26½	25⅞	N A Co	12⅜	12
Atchison	27⅞	26½	N Pacific	6¾	6⅝
Avian Cpn	2½	2⅜	Paramount	11½	11
Baldwin L	13⅜	13	Packard	2½	2½
Balt & O	3¾	3½	Paramount	11½	11
Barns Oil	9½	9½	Phil Pet	42	41
Bendix	34	33½	Pullman	26½	27¼
Beth St	71	70	Pure Oil	9½	9½
Bliss	14½	14½	Radio	3⅜	3⅜
Boeing	13	12¾	Reading	*14½	*14¼
Briggs	19½	18⅞	Rem Arms	*4⅝	*4½
Borg War	16⅜	16	Rep Avian	3½	3⅜
Budd	3⅜	3⅜	Rep Steel	18½	18
Can Pac	3½	3½	Rey Tob	29½	29⅜
Celanese	20½	19½	Schenley	9½	9½
Chase N B	*29	*28¾	Shell U Oil	14¼	14¼
Ches & O	35½	34⅝	Soc Vac	9¾	9½
Chrysler	56⅝	56½	Sthrn Pac	11½	11
Col G & E	2½	2½	Sthrn Rly	23⅜	22⅝
Col Credit	22½	21½	Spicer	*29½	*29½
Com & Sth	0 5/16	0 5/16	Std Brands	5½	5½
Con Edis	18	17¾	Std G & E	0½	*0 7/16
Cons Oil	6⅜	6½	Std Oil N J	37⅝	37
Copld St	*14½	14	Studebaker	4¾	4¾
Curtis Wr	8	8	Swift Int	18⅝	18½
Douglas	67	66	Technicor	8½	8½
Du Pont	144	143½	Transamer	4½	4½
E P Lead	8	8	Tex Corp	40½	39⅝
Elec A Lite	26½	26⅝	Tw Cent	*5	5¼
Elec B & S	2½	2	Un B & P	10½	10½
,, $5 pfd	*55⅝	54½	Un Pacific	81	80½
,, $6 pfd	60⅜	59¾	Un Air	38½	38⅜
Elec P & L	33½	32½	Un A Lines	10½	10
Flintkote	12½	12⅜	Un Corp	0⅝	0 11/16
Gen Elec	29½	28⅞	U S Rub	21¾	21⅝
Gen Motor	38½	37⅞	,, $3 pfd	21½	21⅝
Gen Rly	13	13	Un Gas	6¾	6⅞
Goodrich	12½	12½	U S Rub	21¾	21⅝
Gen T & R	10½	10⅞	U S Steel	53⅜	52½
Goodyear	16⅞	16⅝	Vanadium	24	*22⅞
Gt N I Ore	14⅝	14½	Vultee	*5	5
Gt N Rly	25½	25	Walworth	4½	4½
Gt W Sug	24½	*23⅝	War Br Pict	3⅞	3½
Int Nickel	24½	24½	West Elec	88½	87½
Int Paper	13¾	13½	Woodward	*26½	*26½
Int T & T	2⅛	2⅛			

BONDS

Am For Pr	54½	54½	Erie	24	23½
Australian	59	*59	Int T & T	45½	46
Brazil	21	21	New Eng	63	62½
,, 6½%	17	17	Sthrn Pac	53½	52½
C S P & L	97¾	97½	St G & E	89½	88

*—Bid. †—Ex. Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved lower today as result of fears of price control legislation, uneasiness of the Treasury's Excess Profits Tax Programme and developments in Crete. The coal situation was also an added deterrent. However, the undertone of the market was good, bolstered by continued good business news and reports.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices on Wall Street continued to fluctuate within a narrow range during the current period under review, as traders kept to the sidelines pending a clarification of the Crete situation and the next Axis move. Rails, following strength early in the month, receded on wage demands, while oils remained in favour as a result of the improved statistical position of the industry and its an inflationary hedge. The market on Monday was practically stagnant, with the turnover the smallest reported since August 26, last year. Rails were heavy owing to the 30 per cent. wage increase demand. Activity improved on Tuesday, however, with the Dow-Jones industrial average recording the best single session rise for the month thus far. Disregard of the market to recent war news, plus growing attention to the inflationary possibilities inherent in the widespread wage advances and commodity price increases, created the firmer market. Also, the Government to the effect that they probably will permit some upward revision in steel prices, aided the advance. Price changes were narrow on Wednesday, with traders awaiting the outcome of the battle of Crete. Oils continued in demand as a result of widespread oil and gasoline price increases. On Thursday most of the previous rise was wiped out owing to the situation in Crete.

Commodities, as gauged by the Dow-Jones commodity index, continued to attain new seasonal high levels under the impetus of the loan bill talk and reports of possible freezing of Government loan stocks. Wheat futures at Chicago, July corn and cotton, all reached new highs on the statement of Mr. Claude R. Wickard, Secretary of Agriculture, regarding Presidential approval of full parity for basic crops, and that the President would sign the 85 per cent. parity bill. Rubber futures declined sharply due to a technical correction and the talk of possible price ceilings being imposed on the part of the Administration. Hides continued to advance to new highs for the year on a good dealer demand, favourable shoe news, and then dropped on possible price controls. There was continued demand for lard.

Compulsory priorities in steel plates and shape will be next in the Government's tightening control of the industry, according to the magazine "Iron Age." Allocations of 400,000 tons for ships, and 500,000 tons for rail equipment are pending. The backlog of freight cars on May 1 was 56,500 units. Car loadings are estimated at 864,000 units, the highest level recorded since 1930. The excellent April statement of Southern Pacific is the best of any like month since 1929. The United States Treasury recommends an excess profits tax base of exclusively invested capital. The favourable action of Union Carbide and Carbon may be attributed to the fact that the company is benefitting as the largest supplier to the steel industry, while its plastics division is growing. A seat on the stock Exchange has been sold for US$28,000.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	Thursday May 15	May 22
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	115.73	116.81
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	27.77	27.76
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	17.32	17.00
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	91.31	91.23
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	69.03	68.43

London Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, May 22.

The turnover on the London Stock Exchange today was small, the main feature being the recovery of British gilt-edged securities, especially War Loan, on a revival of interest following the near conclusion of London's "War Savings" campaign.

Foreign bonds ruled mostly firm: Japanese and Chilean issues further advanced, but Spanish 4 per cent. loans weakened from 33 to 30.

Among industrials, charges were very few, apart from the continued upward trend of shippings, with Indo-China Steam Navigation now quoted at 120/- and Union Castle at 13/. —Reuter.

May	21	22
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£103¼	103 5/16
3% Defence Loan	101½	101½
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	38	38
4½% Anglo-French Loan	37	37
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	21	21
5% Reorg Loan, 1913	29	29
5% Stg. Notes, 1925	7—9	7—9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	10	10
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% ,, ,, ,, (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	9	9
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	14	14
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	10	10
5% ,, ,, G.	10	10
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B.	10	10
5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G.	10	10
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	9	9
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	48	48
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	22	23
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	25	25½
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Charld. Bank of I. A. & C.	8⅞	8⅞
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	75	75
,, ,, ,, (Col. Rtg.)	76 N	76 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11	11
National Bank of India	30¾	31
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/-	10/-
B'tish American Tobacco	88/9	88/9
Dunlop Rubber	32/9	32/9
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/-	30/10½
United Steel	22/10½	22/9
Woolworths	48/6	48/10½
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	11/-	11/-
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	6/3	6/3
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	142/6	142/6
Western Holdings	11/3	11/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	33¾	33¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	12⅝	12⅝
S'hai Elec. Construction	16/-	16/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	40/7½	40/7½

Soviet Military Class Already Part Trained

Moscow, May 23.

Many of the young men of the 1941 class in Moscow, who will be called up in the Autumn, are already good pilots and others are good riflemen as a result of preliminary military training.

Announcing this in Moscow, the Military Commissar said that 78 per cent. of Moscow's young men in this class were engaged on preliminary training.

At the same time a warning against "pacificts in our midst" was given in the newspaper "Komitomol Pravda." Declaring that the "international situation obliged us to prepare daily for war", the newspaper continued: "It is necessary mercilessly to struggle with the preculiar pacifist illusion in our midst".

The newspaper added that, for the Soviet, the most important conclusion of the second world war was that the Red Army must be the strongest in the world.—Reuter.

Gauss to Call on Dr. Wang Chung-hui

Chungking, May 23.

Mr. Clarence Gauss, new United States Ambassador to China, will today call on Dr. Wang Chung-hui, Chinese Foreign Minister.

Chinese public bodies, including the Sino-American Cultural Relations Association, the Chinese Peoples' Foreign Relations Association and others are preparing a reception in honour of the Ambassador.—Reuter.

U.S. Wheat Acreage

Washington, May 23.

The Department of Agriculture yesterday announced the 1942 national wheat acreage alloment would total 55,000,000 acres.

The allotment was a reduction of 7,000,000 acres from this year's allotment due to lack of export markets and increasing surpluses.

The prospective carry over of 390,000,000 bushels July 1, would give the nation a total of approximately 1,250,000,000 bushels, which is over 500,000,000,000 bushels above the estimated domestic consumption and exports for next year.—United Press.

Steel Mill Operations

Pittsburgh, May 22.

The magazine "Iron Age" estimated yesterday that the steel industry this week is operating at 100 per cent of mill capacity, up one-half per cent from last week and up 26 per cent from the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	98¼	97⅞
Corn	72½	73⅜
Cotton	12.81	13.02
Rubber	24.30	22.65
Hides	14.75	14.97
Sugar	.83	.81½
Cocoa	7.81	7.45
Lard	9.82	10.00

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	127.7	126.1
Steel operations (% of capacity)	99.2	99.9
Carloadings (carloads)	837,000	861,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*2,792,000	*2,300,000
Aver. daily oil (bbls.)	3,756,000	3,724,000
Automobile output (cars)	132,330	127,255

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook:—Although inflationary talk imparted some strength to stock prices, we reiterate that investors should conserve part of their cash resource for better buying opportunities that might arise later on after the next phase of the German offensive. It appears that the market is still vulnerable to war and shocks.

U.S. Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, May 22.

Steady conditions prevailed at the opening of the cotton market today, with initial quotations ruling from 1 to 5 points up. The market early advanced on trade and speculative buying and some covering by shorts. Later, prices reacted in sympathy with other commodities, liquidation and the weakness of Wall Street and closed easy, with quotations ranging from 5 to 7 points down.

Prices in the rubber market today slumped on aggressive liquidation, the lack of professional interest, stop-loss selling and the reluctance of buyers on fears of introduction of price control measures by Washington. At the last call over, losses of 66 to 82 points were recorded.

The trend of wheat futures in Chicago today turned sharply downward on professional liquidation and agitation for the curbing of speculative activity, which disclosed a contraction of buying intereste due to Mediterranean developments and a threatened scarcity of storage facilities. Later, the market partially recovered on some commercial buying and evening-up of May option. At the final bell, losses of 2⅜ to 2½ cents were registered.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	12.99-3.02 —07	July	22.60-65 —70
Oct.	13.13-15 —07	Sept.	22.35-35 —66
Dec.	13.20-20 —07	Dec.	21.85-90 —75
Jan.	13.20 N. —07	Mar.	21.40-40 —82
Mar.	13.27-29 —06		
May	13.28-28 —05		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
July	2.41-42 —3 B/A	July	0.81-81½ —2 B/A
Sept.	2.45-46 —2 B/A	Sept.	0.87½-88 —1½ B/A

Chicago Wheat	Chicago Corn
July 97⅝-97⅞ —2⅜	July 73⅜-73⅜ —⅞
Sept. 98⅝-98⅞ —2½	Sept. 74⅜-74½ —1

New York Silk No. 1

July 2.86B-87½A —2

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, May 22.

Dull conditions prevailed in the London rubber market today.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13⅞ unc; sellers 14¼ unc; June del. buyers 13⅞ unc; sellers 14 unc.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, Cash, middle price £266 5/16 — 5/16; 3 mths. middle price £266⅞ +⅜.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's D.H. p.b.	Cash	$1,425
Tungchow cotton ..	per picul	232
Shanghai cotton	per picul	212 picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%		$6,150
Flour, local ..	per bag (49lb.)	$29.00
Flour, imported	,,	29.50 Nom.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, May 22.

Withdrawal of the R.A.F. from Crete, plus government price control threats, brought a sharp break on the Stock Exchange today and volume was light.

United States Steel and Bethlehem Steel were off a point or more, coppers eased, automobiles and Douglas Air Craft were off, while farm shares also went down.

Wall Street experts today considered that the market was doing fairly well until the German invasion of Crete brought renewed selling.

Analysts said that this bore out the contention that the war situation was a more serious market factor than any other and also that no real rise was possible while there still were prospects of new German drives.—United Press.

U. S. Buying Power

New York, April 6.

Buying power of the people of the United States is higher now than at any other period in history and is rising steadily toward an even greater all-time high for the year 1941, according to the magazine "Sales Management," which publishes its annual survey of buying power in the April 10, issue, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

The magazine reports that for 1940 the "effective buying income" of the nation—total income including benefit payments of every sort less funds put into company reserves or otherwise made unavailable for buying—was $7,000,000,000 over 1939.

Higher Than 1929

This gave the American people an actual purchasing power 10 per cent. greater than that of the previous top year 1929 when national income was 82-plus billions—because the cost of living in 1940 was 10 per cent less. The increased value of the dollar makes 1940's total "effective buying income"—$74,200,000,000—the equivalent of $90,500,000,000 in 1929 dollars.

"Sales Management" editorially estimates that the effective buying income of 1941 projected at its present rate of increase will reach $83,028,000,000.

Using 1929 effective buying income as 100, this is how the U.S.A. fared during the past ten years, making no allowances for changes in the value of our money:

1929	100	1935	72
1930	91	1936	83
1931	77	1937	87
1932	60	1938	78
1933	57	1939	82
1934	66	1940	90

Reducing the national buying income to per-family and per capita bases, the magazine estimates that the average family had $2,133 to spend in 1940 and the average individual $565. Average per-family income is affected by the fact that, since 1930, the number of families increased 10 per cent while population rose only seven per cent.

Retail Sales Price

Annually "Sales Management" makes the earliest national estimate of retail sales for the preceding year. Its estimate for 1940 is $45,700,000,000. Government final figures for 1939 were $42,000,000,000, and for 1929 they were $49,500,000,000. But the increased purchasing power of the dollar gave the year 1940 the biggest physical volume of merchandise ever moved in the country's history.

A breakdown of sales by major types of retail outlets follows:

Retail Group	Millions of Dollars	Percentage Distribu'n
Food	10,609	23.3
Automobive	6,930	15.2
General Mercandise	6,026	13.3
Eating, Drinking Places	3,715	8.2
Apparel	3,422	7.5
Lumber, Hardware, Building Supplies	2,953	6.5
Filling Stations	2,907	6.4
Furniture, Household	1,933	4.2
Drug Stores	1,632	3.6

The per capita retail expenditure for 1940 was $350, compared with $319 in 1939, and $394 in 1929.

London Bullion

London, May 22.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: Conditions were quiet, steady, with no business recorded. After the official fixing, the market remained steady, with no business passing.

Spot	23 7/16d.	unch.
Forward	23 7/16d.	unch.

—Reuter.

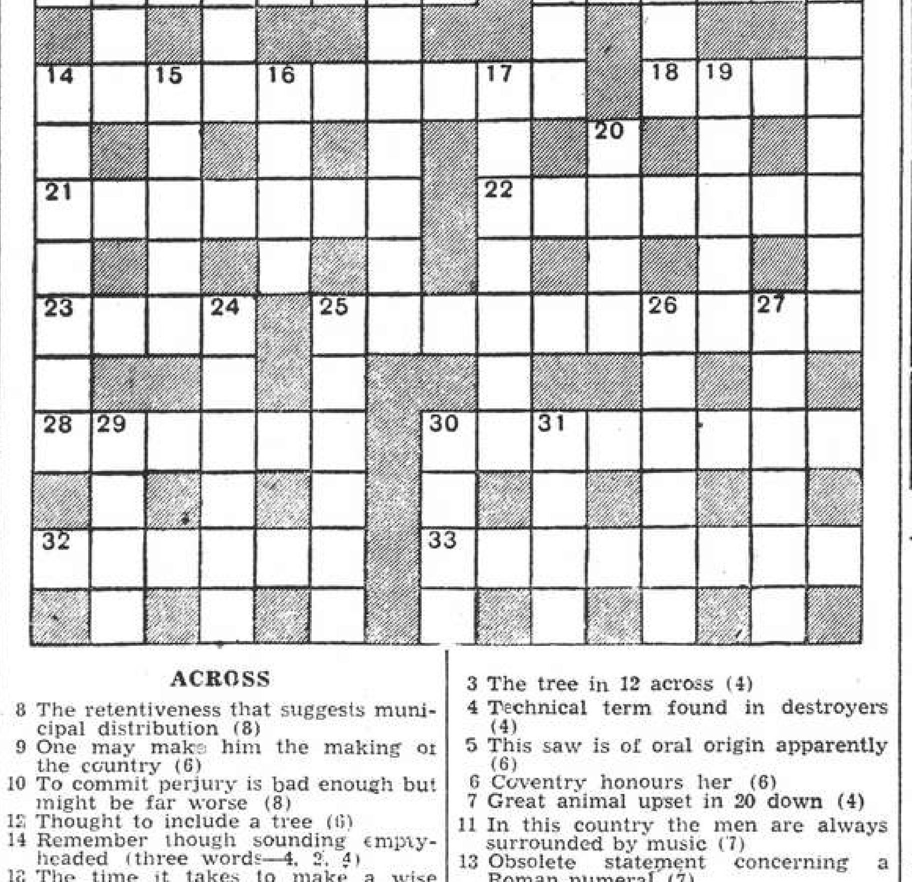
Commodity Index Up

Washington, May 22.

The Department of Labour's all commodity index of wholesale prices during the week ended May 15 advanced .6 per cent. to 84.6 per cent. of the 1926 average. This was compared to 80.0 per cent for the week ended May 8 and 78.5 per cent. for the corresponding week last year.—United Press.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 503

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

8 The retentiveness that suggests municipal distribution (8)
9 One may make him the making or the country (6)
10 To commit perjury is bad enough but might be far worse (8)
12 Thought to include a tree (6)
14 Remember though sounding empty-headed (three words—4, 2, 4)
18 The time it takes to make a wise man? (4)
21 In the West Country they live in this bit of a window (7)
22 Old news (7)
23 W. Coast resort (4)
25 Charmed like the followers of Mussolini (10)
28 An angler of smart appearance (6)
30 The sort of lawyer to speak up for (8)
32 When trials are held herein some developments are naturally expected (6)
33 Various things show what every washerwoman knows (8)

DOWN

1 Ask for one and be off with you (6)
2 No, this weapon is not recommended for killing mice with (6)
3 The tree in 12 across (4)
4 Technical term found in destroyers (4)
5 This saw is of oral origin apparently (6)
6 Coventry honours her (6)
7 Great animal upset in 20 down (4)
11 In this country the men are always surrounded by music (7)
13 Obsolete statement concerning a Roman numeral (7)
14 Muddied (Did someone sleep in his bed?) (7)
15 Certainly no Broadway (5)
16 A cousin of the stork (4)
17 Saw descriptive of a cake perhaps (7)
19 One of the cat tribe (5)
20 An outpost of the Empire (4)
24 Thirsty animals and long distance racers have this quickly (6)
25 A pioneer of aviation (6)
26 With such harmony I get on to make a musical instrument (6)
27 This suggests an alternative and may make it here (6)
29 A vessel not quite closed (4)
30 To be seen in a real sovereign (4)
31 Enough to show which way the wind blows (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1, Present days; 9, Choir; 10, Screwdriver; 11, Elbow; 12, Nymph; 15, Renew; 17, Emu; 18, Webb; 19, Mabel; 22, Tenor; 23, Yeast; 24, Tears; 26, Lead; 27, Bin; 28, Party; 30, Glebe; 33, Genie; 35, Ploughshare; 36, Testy; 37, Sausage-roll. DOWN: 2, Rocky; 3, Steep; 4, Nude; 5, Drive; 6, Screw; 7, Double eagle; 8, Drawn battle; 12, North lights; 13, Mountain ash; 14, Heart; 15, Rumba; 16, Ewe; 20, Busby; 21, Lying; 25, Era; 28, Pepys; 29, Tours 31, Lehar; 32, Beryl; 34, Shag.

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American Defence Enters New Stage

Washington, May 24.

The United States' national defence programme entered a new and grimmer phase yesterday when Mr. Fiorella La Guardia, Director of the new Office of Civilian Defence, outlined a nation-wide programme with immediate emphasis on preparations against disruptive effects of air bombardments, including fires, traffic entanglements, civilian demoralization and disturbance of water supplies.

The defence programme hitherto has loomed in the public mind as an immense industrial effort to realize the function of the United States as the "arsenal of democracy," but the programme contemplated by Mr. La Guardia means that the public at large soon will be engaged in efforts at home defence with a consequent deeper realization of the perils and problems of modern warfare.

Comment Avoided

Mr. La Guardia expressly avoided any comment on foreign policy, reminding reporters that this was a prerogative of Mr. Cordell Hull, State Secretary.

Mr. La Guardia made significant evasions of some questions, requesting reporters to indicate dates specifically whereto the questions would be applicable. For example, when he was asked whether a bombing attack would cause an immediate evacuation of children from large cities, Mr. LaGuardia said if the reporter meant immediately the answer would be in the negative. If the reporter mean six months from now, plans would depend on the situation then existing.

Mr. La Guardia said he would soon give attention to territorial aspects of civil defence. He reminded reporters that the executive decree creating the new board applied to U.S. territories and insular possessions.—United Press.

Suner Made Dictator Of Falange Party

Madrid, May 23.

An important order, signed by Gen. Francisco Franco, chief of the Spanish State, was published in yesterday's Official bulletin.

The order defines the powers of the President of the Political Board of the Falange Party, namely Senor Serrano Ramon Suner (Foreign Minister), virtually giving him, as General Franco's representative and

Senor Suner

second-in-command, the fullest powers over the party and party appointments.

The principal object, says the preamble of the order, is "to strengthen the party's unity, firmness and efficiency, thus constituting an unbreakable political front and powerful offensive arm against all obstacles and resistances which may try to oppose the national syndicalist revolution."

The final result of the recent chopping and changing, therefore, appears to be that the Falange Party's position in the country is more important than ever.—Reuter.

Smuts Sends Message to Zionist Conference

Bloemfontein, May 23.

Gen. Smuts, the South African Prime Minister, paid a tribute to Jewry for its contribution to the Allied cause in a message to the South African Zionist conference. He said that in South Africa, the percentage of Jewish volunteers for military service was just as good as that of other sections of the population.

"In the years that follow this war, it will surely be remembered that whoever else faltered or failed, the Jews played their part by the side of the Allies. And that remembrance may help to solve problems which have so far proved too much for us."

Mr. L. S. Amery and Mr. Arthur Greenwood, in special messages, also praised the Jewish war effort. The Zionist leader, Chaim Weizmann, in a message declared that the half million Jews in Palestine stood united and ready.

British positions in the Near East, including Palestine, would be defended with determination and vigour, and the invader flung back. He expressed the hope and deep conviction that with the restoration of peace, and in the shaping of a better world, the age-old problem of the homelessness of the Jews, which had been intensely aggravated by the war, would call forth a fundamental solution.—Reuter.

"Electric Beard" Now in India

Bombay, May 23.

General Berganzoli, an Italian commander who was captured in the Libyan campaign and who is known by the nickname of "electric beard," is among the latest batch of Italian war prisoners to arrive at Bombay. They number 1,900 and include 1,000 officers.—Reuter.

Convalescent in the Country

Young children of London, who have suffered the ruthless horrors of Hitler's bombings for several months. Some have been in hospital for weeks, others were unharmed, but they are now all convalescing in the quiet of the country. The picture shows a "blanket parade," with the toddlers taking their blankets indoors after an afternoon's sleep.

U.S. Vice-Admirals May Be Named for Special Missions

Washington, May 23.

Unusual legislation creating an unspecified number of vice-admirals to command special forces which might be assigned to important military missions, was unanimously approved by the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives yesterday.

Rear-Admiral C. W. Nimitz, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, gave the committee a carefully guarded explanation of the need for the measure, which nevertheless made clear that the new commands would be assigned only to missions of major importance.

The Navy's unexpected request for the legislation has stirred up immediate conjecture whether the proposed "task forces," as they are called, might be sent to protect United States shipping soon to be moving into the Red Sea or for some equally significant operation.

Testifying before the committee, Rear-Admiral Nimitz said: "It is conceivable that ships and 'planes, will be broken up into task forces to carry out special missions. Such a task force might consist of a division of battleships, a wing of aircraft, a flotilla of destroyers and a number of submarines." He declared he could not disclose to the committee how such a force might be used.—Reuter

More Nazis Arrested In Chile

Santiago de Chile, May 23.

Judicial proceedings consequent on the Nazi putsch recently nipped in the bud by the Chilean police, were continued yesterday.

The judge in charge of the investigation interrogated 20 Nazis and after the enquiry ordered the arrest of three party leaders on charges of an "attempt against the security of the state."

As a result of statements made by the detained men a fresh search was carried out at the headquarters of the Nazi party by the police, who discovered many documents and propaganda connected with the abortive putsch.—Reuter.

Wailing Wall Ceremony In Jerusalem

Jerusalem, May 23.

Rabbis and sages from all parts of the world on Wednesday night proceeded through blackedout winding lanes of the old city to participate in the mystical midnight wailing wall ceremony.

After prayers for the return of the Divine Presence from spiritual exile, chapters 38 and 39 of Ezekiel were recited, because of the description of the Gog-Magog war, which Jewish tradition associates with the final battle of Armagedon. These two chapters have become a subject of daily study and interpretation in the synagogues.—United Press.

Axis Seamen Expelled From Costa Rica

San Jose, May 23.

The officers and crews of the scuttled Axis ships Fella (Trieste, 6,072 tons) and Eisenach (Bremen, 4,177 tons) were expelled yesterday morning to Panama by the Costa Rican vessel Stellamaris for the purpose of transfer homeward by a Japanese steamer via the Far East.—Reuter.

COMING!

WATCH FOR IT!

Senate Being Urged To Declare War

New York, May 23.

The Chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, Senator David I. Walsh, addressing a meeting of the organization "Americans United," declared that "letters were now reaching the desks of members of Congress strongly urging an open declaration of war."—Reuter.

Hess Not Recognized by Duke of Hamilton

London, May 23.

A British night-fighting Defiant was on the tail of Rudolf Hess's Messerschmitt when he landed in Scotland.

More light on the whole Hess incident was shed in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon by the Secretary of State for Air, Sir Archibald Sinclair, replying to questions.

He made it clear that there had been no previous correspondence between Hess and the Duke of Hamilton, and that the Duke did not recognize Hess when he saw him in a Scottish hospital, although it was possible that Hess had seen him when he visited the Olympic Games in Berlin in 1936.

Major Gwilym Lloyd George, Opposition Liberal member for Pembroke, suggested that it would give satisfaction to the Royal Air Force if Sir Archibald Sinclair stated what action had been taken to intercept Hess's 'plane.

In reply, the Secretary of State said that when Hess baled out a Defiant fighter was hot on the trail of his plane.—Reuter.

Huge Convoy Reaches England from U.S.

New York, May 23.

The magazine "Colliers Weekly" yesterday reported that the largest ocean convoy in history—50 ships carrying an estimated US$100,000,000 worth of supplies—has reached England from Canada "without the loss of even a bit of paint".

Mr. Quentin Reynolds, magazine staff writer, accompanied the convoy.—United Press.

Amazing Daring of British N.C.O.

Nairobi, May 23.

One British non-commissioned officer captured an Italian medium tank single-handed by jumping aboard the tank, opening the turret cover and killing the crew with his revolver, during operations in Abyssinia.

This story was related in an official communique issued here last night and covering fighting west of Sciascia-manna. The officer's feat was accomplished during an Italian counter-attack which was repulsed.—Reuter.

New Croat King to Be Named Tomislav II

Zagreb, May 22.

Premier Ante Pavelic announced today that the new Croat King, Prince Aimone of the House of Savoy, will be named Tomislav II when he formally assumes the Throne. Tomislav I ruled Croatia in 924 B.C. It was understood that the time and place of Tomislav II's coronation will be announced later.—Domei.

British Exports to Hamburg, Kiel

London, May 23.

"From all we hear of what is happening over Kiel, Hamburg and Berlin, our export department is doing extremely well," declared Mr. Vincent Massey, High Commissioner for Canada, speaking in connection with London's War Weapons Week. When banks closed yesterday, the total amount raised was £87,750,000.—Reuter.

A cosy and original place

"PEPPI"

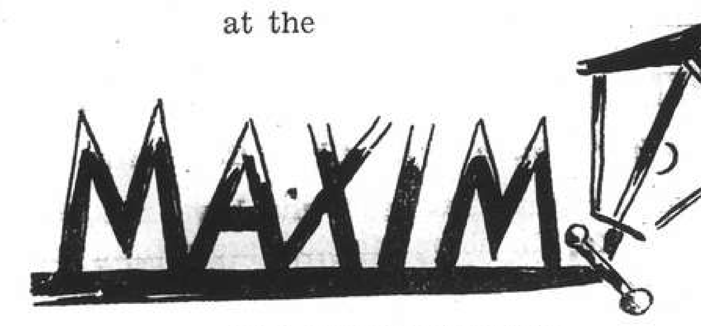
At the Piano

742 BURKILL ROAD

Corner Bubbling Well and Carter Road, back of Roxy Theatre

A welcome innovation:
Movable Roof
at the

NIGHT CLUB



1329 YU YUEN ROAD

METROPOL—COMING SOON!
Music the Lure; Murder a Sideline!

WATCH FOR OPENING DATE!

Good Whisky—

JOHNNIE WALKER

Many good Scotch whiskies go to make Johnnie Walker. Each one is most carefully selected for some special, individual excellence. Fine distilling, long maturing, really expert blending —these make Johnnie Walker the whisky that you enjoy above all others.

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STILL GOING
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Sole Agents for China: CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
SHANGHAI · HONGKONG · TIENTSIN

Rooms Without Board

ONE/two well furnished rooms, private bath, in first-class apartment, Petain. Telephone 74224. -7509

NICELY furnished south room with large verandah, all modern conveniences, 133 Route Sayzoong, Apartment 14, Savoy Apartments. -7524

BIG, southfacing, nicely furnished room to let in apartment, best residential part French Concession. Telephone 77419. 12848

COMFORTABLE room, southfacing, for single person, all conveniences, telephone; meals optional. 1821A/2 Avenue Joffre. -7500

TO LET, well furnished room in modern apartment, 314 Hardoon Road, apartment 113. -7523

TO LET, furnished, small room, preferably bachelor. No refugees. Telephone 79907, from 11-2, 4-7. -7493

PRIVATE family let modern, furnished, bed-sitting room, cool, airy, private bath attached, garage, with/without board, Settlement. Box 3834, NCDN. -7496

SOUTHFACING bedsitting room, single-double, all conveniences, comfortable modern house opposite Jessfield Park, large garden. Telephone 23460. -7493

BRIGHT, cool, furnished room in modern apartment. Lady preferred. Board optional. No refugees. Telephone 75252. -7463

COMFORTABLY furnished cool, south room, modern apartment, to quiet, responsible tenant, 1920/503 Avenue Joffre, inspections afternoons. -7390

NEAR French Bund, one big, furnished room in modern apartment. Telephone 80854. -7419

TO LET, nice, furnished room in modern apartment house (Route Say-Zoong) single man preferred, without board. Telephone 74307 between 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. 12800

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before May 27 after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 2460, 2491, 2666, 2682, 2743, 2763, 2794, 2800, 2810, 2819, 2853, 2860, 2905, 2958, 3005, 3025, 3063, 3132, 3149, 3190, 3214, 3231, 3236, 3251, 3270, 3310, 3321, 3323, 3335, 3357, 3361, 3362, 3368, 3385, 3411, 3462, 3476, 3504.

Rooms with Board

PEKIN Apartments, 157 Peking Road. Single room, full board, suitable business man/girl. Europeans only. Telephone 16010. -7515

WELL-FURNISHED small room available, May 15. Good home cooking. 1402 Avenue Joffre. -6821

BELMONT House, 15 Kelmscott Gardens. Well-furnished room, private bathroom. Excellent food, English-owned and managed. 12795

CARDINAL Mercier, private household, comfortable, quiet south room, full/part board. Telephone 73735, meal hours. -7388

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Two double rooms, private bath, garden, tennis court, good food. Bus 14, 2 stops. Telephone 75433, apply Manageress Foox. -7189

Medical

HÆMORRHOIDS (PILES)
AND VARICOSE VEINS
(Modern Treatment by injections)
Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
HAMILTON HOUSE, SUITE 218
Hours 11-1 and 4-6 Tel. 14379
10135

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in Urology and Dermatology
320 SZECHUEN ROAD.
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
86 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

THE SUN

Oldest Insurance Office in the World

Head Office:
63 Threadneedle Street, London
Far Eastern Branch: 1 The Bund
Telephone 15075

Radios

RCA Victor battery set, 8-tube, used two months, $600. Worldwide reception. Telephone 72284. -7468

WILL pay high price for old radios. Reply Box 3831, NCDN. -7477

WE hire, sell, buy, exchange and repair radios. Universal Radio Co., 280 Kiangse Road, telephone 11995. 12413

START and finish radio shopping with "Record" world receiver. Shortwave-reception without aerial. Six American tubes. American loudspeaker US$16 seven tubes, including magic eye, US$17.50 (AC/DC and special orders). Demonstration without obligation. Repairs by European experts. Radio Record, 8 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre, I.S.S. Apartments. Telephone 73109. -7371

DIAL 51140 and stop radio troubles! Foreign technician makes repairs, your home. "Radio Expert", 131/438 Museum Road. -6343

SCOTT twenty three-tube radio-gramophone; Sky-Asiatic 6T; Patterson PR-10; National SW-3 radios for sale. Radio Corporation of Asia, 361 Avenue Foch, telephone 87777. -7456

TROY radio combination, portable, 6 tubes. Plays everywhere, enjoyable while travelling. Demonstration without obligation. Triangle Motors, 99 Cardinal Mercier. -7448

REDUCED electricity consumption can be achieved by eradicating those squeaks, buzzes and crackles in your radio. For guaranteed service call: British Radio Service, Telephone 20397. -7396

Furnished Apartments

TWO-ROOMED apartment, high up, well-furnished, to let in down-town district for six months from June 1. Responsible tenants only. Box 3842, NCDN. 12841

TWO-ROOMED, modern, steamheated, comfortably-furnished apartment, bathroom, kitchen, verandah. Taxes, hot water, crockery, etc. Rent $475 monthly basis. Tifeng Road, near Avenue Haig. Telephone 20666. 12857

DESIRABLE two-roomed flat to let for three months. Well-furnished, Frigidaire, Bubbling Well district. Suitable bachelor or couple. $500 monthly, including servants and telephone. Responsible tenants only. Address Box 3840, NCDN. 12838

FOUR roomed nice apartment, all modern conveniences. Furniture to be taken over. 583 Route de Sieyes, Apartment 3. -7349

NICELY-FURNISHED, cool flat, two rooms, private bath, garden. Also one big south room. 600/1 Avenue Haig, Continental Court. -7297

APARTMENT, three rooms, bathroom, refrigerator, gas cooker, hot water. Furniture de luxe to be taken over. Telephone 86952 from 12-3 p.m. -7433

THREE-ROOMED apartment, south-east, vicinity French Club. Detached house, bathroom, hot water, airy kitchen, telephone. Partly furnished. Also one-roomed flat, private bathroom, kitchen available. Telephone 74619 in the mornings. -7443

Unfurnished Apartments

693 Sieyes, four-roomed flats, just completed, open for inspection. Apply watchman within. Rents US$31 to US$35, not including taxes, etc. No key-money. Owner N. Katem, telephone 75422 office hours only. No brokers should apply. -7527

THREE small rooms. Apartment, all modern conveniences, steam heating. 453 Rue La Tour, House 22. Rent $300 including taxes, hot and cold water. No key-money. -7503

TWO-ROOMED flat with kitchen, bath, balcony, southfacing, ground floor, no steamheating, $195 including taxes, foreigners only. 107/14 Route Prosper Paris, 3-6 p.m. or Box 3835, NCDN. -7497

WILLING to exchange two-roomed flat, rent $90, Bubbling Well/Hart Roads, for house with small garden. Apply giving particulars to Mr. Lee, 428 YMCA, Boulevard de Montigny. -7478

AVAILABLE June 15, five apartments, six/three rooms, newly constructed, unfurnished, third floor, Avenue Joffre, corner Avenue Albert. Apply to Universal Brokerage Co., 1205 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 16. -7290

AVAILABLE, Petain, two-roomed flat, all conveniences, telephone, frigidaire. Address Box 3803, NCDN. -7418

TO LET unfurnished two and three-roomed apartments. Apply: A. Léonard P. Veysseyre, 461 Avenue Joffre. 12414

Animals

WANTED wire-haired terrier, male, pup or not older than 2 years, must have pedigree. Address Box 3821, NCDN. -7454

WANTED, pedigree British bull-dog puppy. Address Box 3805, NCDN. -7423

AIREDALE dog stolen or strayed from 275 Hungjao Road on May 19. Owner offers reward for return. 12801

Clothing and Fabrics

FOR smart durable English poplin shirt made to measure, call at Razon's, 12 Central Road. Telephone 10313. 12603

THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Classified Advertisement Order Form

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Signature and Address ....
(not for publication)

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One insertion per word 25 cts.	
Three insertions, each, „ 20 cts.	*No. of insertions* ....
Seven or more „ „ 15 cts.	
Minimum of 14 words each	*Heading* ....
POSITIONS WANTED *15 cents a word for any number of insertions. Payable strictly in advance.*	*Cash enclosed* ....

Holiday Resorts

ANGLO American lady, lovely bungalow Iltis Huk, wants lady to share. Box 3790, NCDN. -7392

LUXURIOUS rooms, excellent board, special terms for May/June. Best location, two minutes' walk from German/Strand Beach. White House, 20 Hwei Chuan Road, Tsingtao. 12224

INFORM Augusta Transportation Co., 20 Hwei Chuan Road, Tsingtao. We meet you at the boat, care for baggage, offer rooms with/without board, flats, bungalows, houses. Rent/sale. 12223

TO LET in Tsingtao, for Summer season, one new, beautiful, luxuriously furnished, modern residence, living-room, dining-room, two bedrooms, boudoir, two bathrooms, garage, servants' quarters, and one furnished bungalow of one big room, closets, bathroom, kitchen and servants' quarters. Telephone 73784 from 9-12 and 2-5. 12654

BEAUTIFUL Tsingtao, Miramer House. British-owned, half-way between Strand Beach. Reasonable terms. Open all the year round. Cable Slater. 12580

LAOSHAN, Private hotel amidst lovely scenery and pine forests. Modern conveniences, hot and cold water, baths, open air swimming pools, radio, etc. Excellent cuisine, Moderate terms. Apply "Rock Mansions" Laoshan, Tsingtao. -6784

TO LET, in Villa Peitaiho Westend (with large garden), furnished rooms with board, all conveniences. Address Box 3123, NCDN. 12323

Chinese Servants

WANTED well recommended cook and house boy. Reply Box 3862, NCDN. 12849

WANTED, travel-amah possessing passport. Telephone Butt, 22065. -7528

COOK-BOY, clean, honest, speaks English, available immediately. Telephone 71587. -7517

WANTED, young boy-coolie, able to help in kitchen. Coolie present. Address Box 3857, NCDN. -7518

34097, Reliance Employment Agency, 1062 Avenue Road. Cook-boys, coolies, amahs, office-boys, etc. Quick service. -6338

HONEST and reliable house-boy open to immediate engagement. Employer leaving. Box 3810, NCDN. -7430

COOK-BOY, clean, speaks English, well-recommended. Address Box 3813, NCDN. -7438

72782 GENERAL Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, coolies, rickshaws. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7367

CLEAN, honest cook-boy available immediately. Telephone 74732. -7399

WANTED cook-boy, wife as wash-amah, northerner if possible, good references required. Address Box 3795, NCDN. -7401

Wanted to Rent

WANTED to rent first-class two/three-roomed apartment. Reply Box 3865, NCDN. -7530

BRITISH couple require three/four-roomed flat or small house, unfurnished, in desirable residential quarter from July or August. Reply Box 3851, NCDN. 12840

THREE/four-roomed apartment, early occupation, not bad lands. No agents please. Box 3844, NCDN. -7499

UNFURNISHED or partly-furnished three to four-roomed apartment or small house, preferably Settlement or Concession. Replies to Post Office Box 1086. -7465

BRITISH lady would be grateful if someone evacuating or leaving Shanghai having four-six rooms, furnished/unfurnished house for disposal, would inform advertiser telephoning 79887 willing to pay reasonable amount for fittings/furniture if necessary. -7385

LADY, British subject, requires room in modern apartment (paying guest) or flatelette with kitchenette, bathroom, in non-refugee European household. Box 3723, NCDN. -7264

WANTED to rent, from June 1, two-three room apartment. Reply Box 3498, NCDN. -6851

BUSINESS executive and wife require city apartment or penthouse as living quarters or six/eight-roomed house in not too distant area with a fair-sized garden. Executive requires 600/1000 square feet as offices with telephone in a clean building. Furniture and fittings if essential may be taken over. To secure this accommodation advertiser is prepared to pay a reasonable sum to legitimate parties. Please reply giving in confidence all details. Urgent. Box 3755, NCDN. -7325

UNFURNISHED house, five to six rooms, as from July 1, preferably in French Concession. Reply Box 3811, NCDN. -7432

BRITISH bachelor desires apartment, preferably unfurnished, in Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Box 3799, NCDN. -7407

WANTED by responsible party, three roomed apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Reasonable rent. Box 3780, NCDN. -7376

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy 1272 Avenue Joffre. -7369

ELIZABETH Sinclair, gives private lessons in ballroom dancing, 196 Route Paul Henry, from 2-8 p.m. -7177

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

TWO weeks only! Opportunity to make permanent wave at specially-reduced rates. Plain solution $9; American solution $12. Joe's Beauty Parlour, 268 Yu Yuen Road, telephone 21746. -7528

MASSAGE, pedicure, ingrown nails cured, 9 Central Arcade, from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -7436

LADY gives general massage, manicure, 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking/374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. -6298

Unfurnished Houses

HUNGJAO. Several small flats and one bungalow in private compound to let, unfurnished. Rubicon Road near Golf Club. For particulars apply Bryner & Co., Chartered Bank Building, 18 The Bund. -7403

LARGE house and garden of over 30 rooms and 10 bathrooms available in the French Concession. Apply Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 12489

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1941 (29th day of 4th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Tropical air over China. Trade wind air over the Eastern Sea and the China coast. Fine, warm weather with local thunder and south-westerly to south-easterly winds around Shantung: easterly to southerly over our regions and the China coast to the south of the Saddles. Local fog at sea.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 70.0 max. 92.5	min. 67.1 max. 92.8
„ same date last year	min. 66.0 max. 80.5	min. 64.8 max. 82.6

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on May 30, 8.15 a.m. registered and 9 a.m ordinary due San Francisco on June 10. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on May 24, 2 p.m. registered and 3 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: May 24, June 7, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents
Shanghai delivery .....6 mos. $42
China, Korea and Japan .... „ 46
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 55
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 104

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies $2
Shanghai, China and Japan ..6 mos. $42
Hongkong and Macao ..... „ 44
Postal Union Countries ..... „ 54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in the column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.
To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

IN MEMORIAM

HUNTER.—In loving and precious memory of my beloved daughter, EILEEN PATRICIA (PAT), who passed away at Shanghai on May 24, 1935. Sadly missed by Mummy and Bobby. -7526

CARD

Mr. S. W. PAGE
Mrs. L. PAGE and SON
sailed for Canada
ss. Nitta Maru
P.P.C. -7485

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

MAY

24 'Who Killed Cock Robin?' Bateman-King, Lyceum. 3
24 Empire Tag Day, Limbless Fund
24 Empire Day Mounted Gymkhana, 3.30
24 Ann. Flower Show, S'hai. Race Cb.
24 Empire Day
24 Holy Trinity Church foundation stone laid, Shanghai (1866)
24 Germans reached Calais (1940)

NOTIFICATION No. 5462

Finance Department—Revenue Office
Temporary Appraisers

The Council invites applications from persons with the following qualifications for temporary employment in connection with the re-assessment of premises for rating purposes:

(1) Property Valuers with architectural or civil engineering qualifications and local experience.
(2) Architectural Assistants with local experience.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience should be addressed to the Deputy Treasurer-Revenue, Revenue Office, 209 Kiangse Road before May 28. Envelopes to be marked "Appraising."

Terms according to qualifications and experience.

By Order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 20, 1941. 12919

NOTIFICATION No. 5465.

Dancing Saloon

The issue of a Dancing Saloon Licence in favour of Mr. S. K. Chang of 433 Avenue Edward VII in respect of the premises No. 580 Bubbling Well Road is under consideration and any objection thereto must be submitted in writing to the undersigned before 12 noon on Monday, June 2, 1941.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, May 23, 1941. 12936

G. E. MARDEN & CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies Ordinances)
125 Hankow Road, Shanghai

UNCLAIMED CARGO

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the depositor of One Hand Press stored in our Whangpoo Road Godown that unless accrued storage charges are paid on or before June 22, 1941, the said hand press will be sold by Public Auction or Private Treaty and the proceeds applied towards settlement of our charges. 12831

GENERAL STORAGE

HONGKEW-YANGTSZEPOO DISTRICT

Effective June 15, 1941, rates on General Storage will be increased. The new charges will apply to Cargo on storage at June 15, 1941, in addition to cargo arriving on and after that date.

Particulars may be had on application to:—

American Securities Corporation
D. H. Benjamin & Sons Storage, Ltd.
Commercial Express & Storage, Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
G. E. Marden & Co., Ltd. 12934

NEW MERCURY 8

Things you'll Like About it:—

New Exterior Beauty
Big Powerful Engine
Luxurious Interiors
Ease of Control
New Riding Comfort.

The big car that stands along in economy.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

ZIANGBE RUBBER CO., LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Thirty first Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in the above-named Company will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai on Monday, June 16, 1941 at 11.45 a.m. for the following purposes:—

To receive the Directors' Report and Statements of Account for the year ended December 31, 1940, to declare a final dividend, to elect a Director and Auditors and to transact any other ordinary business.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from June 6 to June 16, 1941, both days inclusive.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that at the same time and on the same day at 11.45 a.m. or so soon thereafter as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions namely:—

"That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following, that is to say:

(a) In Article (1) the words "Special Resolution" and "Extraordinary Resolution" have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Companies Ordinances (Hongkong) 1865 (Sections 92 and 166), shall be cancelled and the following words shall be substituted therefor: "Extraordinary Resolution and Special Resolution have the meanings assigned thereto respectively by the Ordinances of Hongkong for the time being in force".

(b) In Article (11) the words "such fee as the Board may from time to time determine" be substituted for the words "the sum of one Tael or such smaller sum as the Directors may determine".

(c) The following Articles shall be substituted for Article 33

"(33) A Fee of such amount as the Board may from time to time determine may be charged for each transfer, and shall, if required by the Board, be paid before the registration thereof. A similar Fee may be charged on the registration of any other document".

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, May 23, 1941. 12830

Visit the
Shanghai Horticultural Society's
65th ANNUAL SPRING FLOWER SHOW
held at the pari-mutuel rooms
SHANGHAI RACE CLUB
(by kind permission of the Stewards)
TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.
Doors open to-day at 12 noon.
Adults $2, Children $1. 12835

HUNGJAO GOLF CLUB
Bookings for Dragon Boat Week-end

Members are advised that bookings for Friday, May 30, to Sunday, June 1, will close at the Secretary's Office on Wednesday, May 28, at 9 a.m.

K. M. CUMMING,
Secretary and Treasurer. 12843

SHANGHAI LAWN BOWLS CLUB

Members are reminded of Opening Day, today. Playing list closes 3.15 p.m. Group photo 3.30 p.m.

H. B. LOBB,
Hon. Secretary. 12855

PHILIPS
RADIOS
with "Bandspread" Tuning.
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34 Yuen Ming Yuen Road
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The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"
1567 AVENUE JOFFRE, TELEPHONE 70126
General Managers: KEYLOCK & PRATT 12443

MANY MARRIAGES,

one reads, are taking place in England. All over the British aisles in fact. Married bliss is more likely to prove lasting when the home is protected by adequate FIRE and BURGLARY insurance.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
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18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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Chrysler's Fluid Drive, you'll never buy a car without it. Why shift gears? Come in and try driving the modern way.

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80 Avenue Edward VII.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

Empire Supplement
North-China Daily News

See that you obtain this Supplement with today's paper. It is issued with every copy of the "North-China Daily News" mailed to subscribers in China, Japan and the Straits, and delivered to readers in Shanghai. It is also enclosed with all copies purchasable at local bookstores and sold in the streets.

If you fail to obtain a copy of the Supplement, ring up 11055, Circulation Dept. or send a message to

THE PUBLISHER
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI

Blouses

Nouveautés for Midsummer in Organdie, Voile, Georgette, for Sport, Afternoon and Evening wear.

as well as

Dresses

for Sports wear, have just been completed and are now on sale.

Elite Fashion Co.
Gallia Building, 8th floor
668 Szechuen Road. Tel. 10731. 12827

BUNGALOW AT TSINGTAO

British lady has a beautiful furnished bungalow at Tsingtao on the beach for four months (June to September inclusive) and wishes to share it with another lady or family. Apply Box 3863, NCDN. 12350

LIQUIDATION SALE
of best English imported Woollen Piece Goods at half price
Sharkskin $10 per yard
374 Kiangse Road, Room 2A -7472

WINSTON CHURCHILL said on January 27th, 1940, "I am sure the sympathy and affection of the British people goes out to

OUR SAILORMEN

Royal Navy, Merchant Marine, trawlers, minesweepers, fisherfolk, and all who love them and depend upon them as they toil day by day and night by night upon the dangerous stormy waters, doing their duty with unrivalled skill and with cheerful, unquestioning courage, that we may eat our daily bread each day, and that our cause may prosper."

Express your sympathy to
THE CENTRAL BRITISH WAR FUND

(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank) which remits to organisations devoted to the welfare of the men in all the sea services and their dependents.

AQUARIUS
for
SAFETY

NEW YORK FREIGHT BUREAU
AND
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT BUREAU OF NORTH CHINA

NOTICE TO TEA SHIPPERS

EFFECTIVE, JUNE 20, 1941, Rates on Tea as per Tariffs Nos. 11 and 21 will be INCREASED as follows:—

	Contract	*Non-Contract*	*Basis*
Pacific Coast Ports	U.S.$20.00	U.S.$25.00	40 cub. ft.
Atlantic Coast Ports	U.S.$24.00	U.S.$29.00	40 cub. ft.

Shanghai, May 23, 1941. 12824

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY
(July Edition of the China Hong List)

Firms and private residents who have not sent in information for the above Directory are notified that all entries close at noon on Friday, May 30, 1941.

The Publishers
North-China Daily News Office
17 The Bund

SKANDINAVISK GUDSTJENESTE

holdes söndag 25 mai kl. 11 fm. i kapellet paa Pahsienjao Cemetery (hjörnet Av. Joffre—Rue Vouillemont) ved sjömannsprest Johan Nielsen. 12828

DEN DANSKE TENNISKLUB SAESONEN 1941

Saesonen aabnes i Dag Lørdag den 24 Maj.

BESTYRELSEN. 12343

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	May 22 16.00	May 22 21.00	May 23 4.00	May 23 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.72	29.77	29.75	29.77
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.04	+0.06	+0.08	+0.05
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.05	+0.05	+0.03	0.00
Wind (direction)	W	E/N	SE	S
„ (miles per hour)	9.3	5.6	8.7	5.0
Temperature (Fahr.)	86.5°	71.8°	70.3°	81.7°
Humidity (per cent)	43	82	90	68
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	1	1	1	3
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report May 22	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.72	—0.05	29.83
Temperature: min. 63.5° max. 89.4°	76.5°	+1.9°	67.8°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	17.51	—	13.93

Time and Tide	24/5	25/5	26/5	27/5	28/5	29/5	30/5
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.51	4.53	4.53	4.53	4.52	4.52	4.51
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.48	18.49	18.49	18.50	18.50	18.51	18.52
Moon rises at Shanghai	3.44	4.19	5.00	5.43	6.29	7.18	8.11
Moon sets at Shanghai	17.03	17.55	18.47	19.38	20.29	21.15	22.01
Flood makes Shai. (day)	9.37	10.08	10.35	11.00	11.28	11.51	12.07
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	14.23	14.55	15.20	15.45	16.13	16.45	17.30
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	11.14	11.48	12.15	12.40	13.15	13.38	14.26
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	9.20	—	10.40	10.50	10.65	10.65	10.05

THE WEATHER
(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 22nd:—Low and unsteady pressure over China: normal and rather steady over Japan. Variable winds along the China Coast. Fine cloudy and hot weather: foggy along the China Coast.

State on the morning of the 23rd:—Fine and hot weather. South-easterly breezes. Low and rising pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES
(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SATURDAY, May 24.

	Reg.	Ord.
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Hongkong and Canton	*20.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	A 13.30	15.00
Hongkong and Canton	14.30	15.00
Japan (via Yokohama) Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	16.30	18.30
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00

SUNDAY, May 25.

Tsingtao and Dairen	10.00	10.00
Hongkong and Canton	10.00	10.00
Amoy Swatow and Canton	X 10.00	15.15
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

MONDAY, May 26.

Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*19.00	7.15
Aust. N.Z. Indo-China and and Manila	16.00	17.00
Hongkong and Canton	* 16.30	17.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. and Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Manila	19.30	20.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 24th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow: Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.
Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R., north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remark: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing, see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Portuguese Benevolent Society

IN MEMORY OF MR. C. E. L. OZORIO

Marques, Mr/Mrs. F. I.	$5
Gutierrez, Mr/Mrs. A. M.	5
Passos, Mr/Mrs. C. L.	5
Pereira, Mr/Mrs. E. C. J.	10
Chang, L. F.	20

IN MEMORY OF MR. J. MADEIRA

Gutierrez, Mr/Mrs. A. M.	$5

IN MEMORY OF MR. ARTHUR A. REMEDIOS

Ribeiro, Mr/Mrs. F. X.	$5
Macphail, Mr/Mrs. H.	30

Society of St. Vincent de Paul

IN MEMORY OF MR. C. E. L. OZORIO

Ozorio, Mr/Mrs. F. A.	$10
"Pela Patria"	10

IN MEMORY OF MR. F. X. DOS REMEDIOS

Guiterres, J. M.	$5

Door of Hope

Umriger & Co.	$20

King's Daughters Society

Morris, Dr. H. H. Thanksoffering for 50 yrs. service	$100

IN MEMORY OF ALICE NAZER

Harrison, Mr/Mrs. F. G.	$100

St. Vincent de Paul

IN MEMORY OF MR. OSCAR OLIVEIRA

Xavier, Mr/Mrs. V. L.	$10
Lubeck, G.	10

IN MEMORY OF MR. F. X. REMEDIOS

Xavier, Mr/Mrs. V. L.	$10

Just Received
CATHEDRAL SCHOOL BLAZER FLANNEL
Blazers made up at short notice
REASONABLE PRICES
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED children's nurse with British passport, to travel and possibly stay Perth, Australia. Telephone 22085 or write Box 3859, NCDN. -7521

OLD-ESTABLISHED Japanese firm requires a competent typist possessing working knowledge of English. Apply stating salary expected to Box 3858, NCDN. 12844

EXPERIENCED Chinese clerk wanted by foreign company for work at Pootung. Must have good knowledge of English and bookkeeping. Apply stating qualifications, references, age and salary expected. Box 3854, NCDN. -7511

WANTED, cook with knowledge of international cooking, for outport for three summer months. Detailed application address 272 Yuyuen Road. No refugees. -7499

WANTED for outport, foreign, experienced architectural draftsman speaking French. A-1 references. Reply Box 3726, NCDN. 12760

WANTED, experienced lady to act as correspondence secretary, typist and with initiative to take charge of an established office. Passport photograph, which will be returned. Replies in strictest confidence. Box 3824, NCDN. 12823

WANTED, experienced English-speaking nursery-governess during daytime, for three years old girl. Reply Box 3823, NCDN. -7456

WANTED, for outport, qualifed accountant with experience in shipping accountancy, preferably British, American Portuguese. Please write Post Office Box 796 (Shanghai) stating experience, age, nationality and salary, with copy of reference. 12821

WANTED young foreign children's nurse for girls of 6 and 2. Reply stating age, nationality, references and salary expected to Box 3815, NCDN. -7442

WANTED, foreign young lady as shop-assistant, preferably with knowledge of Chinese. Small salary to start. Apply 876 Avenue Foch. -7394

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE, night club and restaurant in best part of town, reasonable rent and price. Detailed particulars please address Box 3837, NCDN. -7490

WELL-known cosmetician with own large clientele seeks working space or employment with first-class beauty parlour. Address Box 3783, NCDN. -7391

INDIAN cotton, 100 bales; Virginia tobacco, 25 bales; musk five pounds, for sale. Address Box 3792, NCDN. -7396

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy secondhand incubator, foreign make, electric or kerosene. Reply with full particulars to Box 3843, NCDN. 12842

WANTED to buy any quantity of cultured pearls from wholesale dealers, preferably importers. Only serious offers will be accepted. Please send particulars to P.O. Box 1420.

STAMPS. Ordinary Chinese and foreign stamps in any quantity, assorted or unassorted, washed or unwashed, duplicate lots, etc. wanted to buy. Offers to Mr., J., Post Office Box 647, or telephone 44223. -7473

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, clothing, etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -7461

ONE large wooden children's garden swing. Telephone 20986, 12.30-1.30. 12817

BOOKS, pamphlets, periodicals, publishers remainders, on China, Japan and the Far East; libraries or small collections bought. The Book Mart, 286 Yu Yuen Road, telephone 22924. -7354

BUY stamps, separately or whole collections. Dr. Vidal, Cathay Hotel. -7270

YU YUEN Road, 15 houses, on 6-mow land, for sale. Price cheap. Address Box 3775, NCDN. -7363

STAMPS! We buy collections, lots, good single stamps: airmails. Atlantic Stamp, 465 Bubbling Well. -7144

FIFTY canvas camp chairs. Garden use. Box 3784, NCDN. -7382

WILL pay best prices for all second-hand goods, household and blackwood furniture, carpets, refrigerators, typewriters, sewing machines, pianos, radios, etc. Telephone 96967. 477 Avenue Foch, George Young. -6889

WANTED two bicycles, preferably foreign make, suitable boys thirteen and nine years. Please telephone 10719 or evenings 70223. 12827

Offices, Shops, Godowns

DOCTOR'S office to share, 2-4.30. Best location, Bubbling Well. Box 3760, NCDN. -7534

SIX-ROOMED office, central district, wanted, or willing to exchange four rooms, same vicinity. Apply Box 3812, NCDN. -7434

WANTED, office space, down-town, 600/1200 square feet. Reply to Box 3735, NCDN. -7292

GODOWN space, approximately 2,000 sq. ft. to sublet on third-floor of godown on Chaofoong Road, near Broadway. Telephone 12630. 12393

Office Cars

THREE seats in small Austin coach, mornings only, Great Western/Tunsin/Bund, offered highest bidder; proceeds British War Fund. Box 3809, NCDN. -7426

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

A position of trust is desired by presentable foreigner, 31, neutral. Experienced in correspondence and general commercial usage. Advertiser is progressive, adaptable and morally stable, seeks betterment. 10 years in present position. Box 3850, NCDN. -7507

ARTIST, acquainted with embroidery techniques, creates highly original designs for tapestry, textiles, jewellery, etc.; specialises in flowers. Post Office Box 5023. -7221

RUSSIAN seeks position salesman, interpreter; speaks fluent Japanese, English and Chinese, good references. Address Box 3797, NCDN. -7404

EXPERIENCED office-boy, general office work. Box 3793, NCDN. -7399

LADY stenographer speaking French, Russian, seeks employment. References. Salary immaterial. Please address Box 3773, NCDN. -7350

Motor Cars and Cycles

WANTED by private party, car of any make. Box 3846, NCDN. -750

IF you are buying a used car, invest in an Austin. Auto Palace, telephone 70180. 12836

THE best in used cars and at the most reasonable price can be found at American Motors, Fed. Inc. U.S.A., 444 Avenue Foch, telephone 60183. Come and see for yourself and be convinced. 12647

AUSTIN 7 coach, Ford small van, 1934 Terraplane sedan, 1933 Studebaker sedan, 1936 Opel coach for sale. 863 Avenue Foch, telephone 74500. -7512

BUICK wanted, 1937-1940. Telephone 32891, Mr. Yih. -7413

FIAT tourer 1932 model, 22-23 miles per gallon, for sale, US$130. Telephone 72284. -7469

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bill Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 12399

WE buy for cash, sell on easy terms and exchange cars, trucks. Telephone 70156, Triangle Motors. -7448

$2,500 Morris Minor saloon, 7 h.p., new body, five excellent tyres, car has just been overhauled. Taxed, insured. Owner leaving. Box 3794, NCDN. -7400

FORD, Prefect, 1940, special model, 5-seater Baby, 28 miles per gallon. Owner leaving. US$1,000 or nearest offer. 235 Rue Cardinal Mercier office hours, 12804

WANTED, Ford 4-door sedan, 4-cylinder, or economical car 1930/1933. Telephone 52411. -7327

CASH for your car. Apply to Jenny's Motors. 177 Route Amiral Courbet. Telephone 73939. -6394

Lost

TWO Custom Baggage Passes No. 350 and No. 660 have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Nippon China Travel Service. -7449

LOST, Customs Triplicate covering rubber tyres and tubes. Total 24 packages marked M.M.C. Shanghai Nos. 6223/4, 6227/45, 1355/7, ex ss. Hakone Maru, from Marseille on 25/4/1940. No. 3/1492 app. No. 33 B/L No. 18/1 is hereby declared null and void. Commercial Express & Storage Federal Inc., USA. 12791

BILL of Lading No. 58, ss. President Hayes, from New York, for three cases nail clippers, etc., has been lost and is considered null and void. James Magill & Co. 12775

Personal

WOULD young lady in blue dress, white overcoat, white handbag, leaving No. 14 bus on Thursday, 22nd, 10 p.m., at Edinburgh Road communicate with admirer. Serious interests. Box 3853, NCDN. -7510

WILL Mickey Pia from Bangkok communicate with friend she travelled with to Japan. Please reply Box 3832, NCDN. -7462

GENTLEMAN, good standing, wishes companionship with educated lady, any nationality, 30-35, replies confidential. Box 3839, NCDN. -7494

MODERN, but nevertheless sentimental young lady (not refugee) would like to meet an English bachelor, fond of dancing, music and sports, for a really good companionship. Replies treated strictly confidential. Box 3847, NCDN. -7479

TALL European young lady, matrimonially interested would like to meet a respectable gentleman. Strictly confidential. Send passport photo if possible. No refugees. Address Box 3836, NCDN. -7469

ORIENTAL, middle-aged, wealthy, intending to marry well educated foreign or Eurasian lady, will be grateful if parents or relatives will write him care of Box 3637, NCDN. -4108

Cameras

WANTED for Contax: wide-angle lens, tele-lens, filters. Address Box 3867, NCDN. 12852

CONTAFLEX F:2 Builtin exposure meter. Excellent condition. US$210 or nearest offer. Box 3825, NCDN. -7457

Boats

WANTED to buy urgently, canoe or a small light weight rowing boat, in perfect condition. Please telephone during office hours, 13091. -7435

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TWO refrigerators: one Westinghouse, one General Electric, in perfect condition. Medium sizes. Telephone 72793 and 72232. -7519

UPHOLSTERED drawing-room suites, three pieces and loose covers; day-beds, Beauty-Rest mattress, loose covers; oak and teakwood tables, carved dining-room suite, 11 pcs. Also writing desks and cabinets, etc. Telephone 72793 and 72232. -7519

TWO large iron frames for window blinds, 15 feet; two small ditto. $100. Box 3868, NCDN. 12851

16 m/m sensational movies (also natural colours), representing world-renowned varieté/circus artistes (slow motion) and other movies for sale. Box 3866, NCDN. -7541

$375, green Tientsin carpet, 8 x 10, new, good quality. No bargaining. 321/2 Dupleix, Telephone 77941. -7533

FOR SALE. One pair ladies' English handmade riding boots. Never been worn. Address Box 3841, NCDN. 12829

TWO rackets, made in Vienna, selling cheap. 1081 Bubbling Well, House 7, Apartment 7A. -7499

FOR SALE, from stock, Shanghai, ferro silicon, 30 per cent; ferro manganese 65 per cent and 90 per cent. Telephone 30954. -7476

DOLLS, toys and various articles for gift, nice selection, reasonable prices. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -6419

LACE gloves 14 colors 70 cents; gentlemen's sport gloves $3.00; Ladies Handkerchiefs 3 for $1.00; evening bags $6.50; embroidered kimonos $23.50; Lace and Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12753

ROSENTHAL dinner, mocha, tea sets, Meissen figures, heavy crystalware. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -7227

SECONDHAND furniture, carpets, refrigerators, bought and sold at best prices, at G. Feiner's, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -7120

FOR cheap sale, dining, sitting bedroom furniture. Flat can be taken over. Apply Box 3814, NCDN. -7439

CRYSTALWARE, porcelains, cutlery, linen, all best European qualities in glassware, etc. 477 Avenue Foch. -6388

MOUTRIE piano, fine blackwood furniture, superior E. P. and cut-large selection. Moderate prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -6870

TA TA No. 1 Indian pig-iron, 60 tons ex stock Shanghai. U.S. Oriental Shipping Co. (China), 216 Hamilton House, telephone 13932. 12802

DENTIST'S outfit for sale. One of the best equipped in the Orient. X-ray, etc. Also lots of supplies. Telephone 34007. -7378

INSPECT our newly arrived antiques, rarities and curios. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -7006

NEW arrivals: deluxe paintings by ancient, modern masters; complete silver cutlery and glass sets. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -7006

Educational

SPANISH lessons wanted from Spanish national, central district, thrice weekly, about 5 p.m. State terms. Box 3848, NCDN. -7502

JAPANESE lessons required by foreigner speaking English, twice weekly. Apply to Box 3849, NCDN. -7506

WELL-EDUCATED Chinese lady with knowledge of English teaches Shanghai dialect. Box 3855, NCDN. -7514

YOUNG Vienna University teacher gives German lessons. 1081 Bubbling Well Road, House 7, Apartment 7A. -7497

WANTED by young lady of Czechoslovakian nationality English conversation for German conversation. Address Box 3844, NCDN. -7496

WANTED English lessons from intelligent English/American lady. 125/59 Avenue Roi Albert, O. Egorenkova. -7441

JAPANESE gentleman, well educated, wishes to learn English conversation or Shanghai dialect. Address Box 3816, NCDN. -7445

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing, students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney, Steno-Typist Academy, 173-301 Seymour Road. 12830

Miscellaneous

BRITISH lady, well known in Shanghai, willing take care of furnished apartment during Summer months, preferably Settlement. Can furnished guarantees, pay part expenses. Please address Box 3861, NCDN. -7523

JAPANESE legal adviser offers his services to nationals (companies or individuals) of any country for the conduct of affairs and safeguard of interests. Secretary Terui, 673 Szechuen Road. Telephones 17289, 19351. -7513

TWO tennis lawns available for a few outside members Bubbling Well district. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 -7478

IF you have anything whatsoever for sale or wish to purchase, telephone or send us a note and our representative will call on you. Our terms are cash. Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36334. 12799

Houses and Land

FOR SALE, three lots of land, Hungjao area, 1, 7 and 10 mow, good road frontage. Apply for plans McMichael's Agency. -7468

FOR SALE, detached house and ground, Route Doumer. For particulars apply to Universal Brokerage Co., 1205 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 16. -7299

HUNGJAO Road, small lot of mow 0.650 for sale. Road frontage 76 feet. Tu Di Chen registered with the Chinese Bank and can be transferred. Price reasonable. Address Box 3514, NCDN. -6897

RESPONSIBLE private individual willing to pay good price for land 1-2½ mow, French Concession or International Settlement, with or without house. No brokers. Please give full particulars to Box 3782, NCDN. -7379

More Classified Ads. Overleaf